ordinance no. $\underline{11621}$

AN ORDINANCE relating to zoning adopting and amending Title 21A of the King County Code to be consistent with and implement the comprehensive plan as required by the Washington State Growth Management Act; amending Ordinance 10870 sections 2 through 4, and K.C.C. 21A.01.020 through K.C.C. 21A.01.040; section 5, and K.C.C. 21A.01.070; section 14, and K.C.C. 21A.02.040; section 17, and K.C.C. 21A.02.070; section 22, and K.C.C. 21A.04.010; sections 27 through 32, and K.C.C. 21A.04.060 through 21A.04.110; section 34, and K.C.C. 21A.04.130; sections 36 through 37, and K.C.C. 21A.04.150 through 21A.04.160; section 44, and K.C.C. 21A.06.020; section 130, and K.C.C. 21A.06.450; section 135, and K.C.C. 21A.06.475; section 158, and K.C.C. 21A.06.590; section 322, and K.C.C. 21A.06.1410; section 323, and K.C.C. 21A.06.1415; sections 331 through 333, and K.C.C. 21A.08.040 through 21A.08.060; sections 335 through 337, and K.C.C. 21A.08.080 through 21A.08.100; sections 340 through 341, and K.C.C. 21A.12.030 through 21A.12.040; section 345, and K.C.C. 21A.12.080; section 359, and K.C.C. 21A.12.220; section 361, and K.C.C. 21A.14.010; section 364, and K.C.C. 21A.14.040; section 378, and K.C.C. 21A.14.180; section 382, and K.C.C. 21A.14.220; section 384, and K.C.C. 21A.14.240; sections 388 through 390, and K.C.C. 21A.16.030 through 21A.16.050; sections 394 through 395, and K.C.C. 21A.16.090 through 21A.16.100; section 406, and K.C.C. 21A.18.020; section 408, and 21A.18.040; section 410, and K.C.C. 21A.18.060; sections 412 through 415, and K.C.C. 21A.18.080 through 21A.18.110; section 432, and K.C.C. 21A.20.120; sections 444 through 445, and K.C.C. 21A.22.060 through 21A.22.070; section 448, and K.C.C. 21A.24.010; section 452, and K.C.C. 21A.24.050; section 454, and K.C.C. 21A.24.070; section 455, and K.C.C. 21A.24.080; section 471, and K.C.C. 21A.24.240; section 478, and K.C.C. 21A.24.310; section 480, and K.C.C. 21A.24.330; section 481, and K.C.C. 21A.24.340; section 484, and K.C.C. 21A.24.370; sections 493 through 494, and K.C.C. 21A.26.040 through 21A.26.050; sections 512 through 513, and K.C.C. 21A.28.020 through 21A.28.030; section 516, and K.C.C. 21A.28.060; sections 524 through 525, and K.C.C. 21A.28.140 through 21A.28.150; section 536, and K.C.C. 21A.30.080; section 544, and K.C.C. 21A.32.070; section 557, and K.C.C. 21A.32.200; section 571, and K.C.C. 21A.36.040; sections 576 through 577, and K.C.C. 21A.38.030 through 21A.38.040; section 579, and K.C.C. 21A.38.060; section 583, and K.C.C. 21A.39.020; section 586, and K.C.C. 21A.39.050; section 598, and K.C.C. 21A.40.035; section 604, and K.C.C. 21A.40.090; section 612, and K.C.C. 21A.42.040; section 618, and K.C.C. 21A.42.

100; sections 624 through 625, and K.C.C. 21A.44.030 through 21A.44.040; adding new

L7 L8

sections to K.C.C. 21A.06, 21A.14, 21A.24, 21A.28, and 21A.38; adding new chapters to K.C.C. 21A; repealing section 634(part), and K.C.C. 21A.01.060 and K.C.C. 21A.01.110; sections 517 through 521, and K.C.C. 21A.28.070 through 21A.28.110; and section 527, and K.C.C. 21A.28.170.

PREAMBLE:

For the purpose of effective land use planning and regulation, the King County Council makes the following legislative findings:

- 1. King County has adopted the 1994 King County Comprehensive Plan, to meet the requirements of the Washington State Growth Management Act (GMA).
- 2. The GMA requires that King County adopt development regulations, which include zoning, to be consistent with and implement the Comprehensive Plan by December 31, 1994.
- 3. The changes to the King County Zoning Code (Title 21A of the King County Code) contained in this Ordinance are needed to bring Title 21A into conformance with the 1994 King County Comprehensive Plan, as required by the GMA. As such they bear a substantial relationship to, and are necessary for, the public health, safety and general welfare of King County and its residents.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF KING COUNTY:

SECTION 1. Ordinance 10870, Section 2, and K.C.C. 21A.01.020 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Zoning code adopted. Under the provisions of Article XI, Section 11 of the Washington State Constitution and Article 2, Section 220.20 of the King County Charter, the zoning code attached to this ordinance, which is referred to hereinafter as the 1993 Zoning Code, is adopted and declared to be the zoning code for King County until amended, repealed or superseded, subject to the provisions of ((Section 3))K.C.C. 21A.01.030. This code also is hereby enacted to be consistent with and implement the comprehensive plan in accordance with RCW 36.70A. This code shall be compiled in Title 21A.

SECTION 2. Ordinance 10870, Section 3, and K.C.C. 21A.01.030 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Application of the 1993 Zoning Code.

- A. Except as provided in subsection C below, ((Ŧ))the 1993 Zoning Code shall apply to a specific property when, after the effective date of this ordinance, the zoning map with respect to such property is amended pursuant to:
 - 1. an individual quasi-judicial zone reclassification;
 - countywide zoning conversion process set out in Section 5;
- 3. community planning area zoning proposals accompanying plan updates or amendment studies.

- B. Any reclassification requests or proposals for application of area or countywide zoning initiated after the effective date of this ordinance shall use the new zone classifications adopted in the 1993 Zoning Code.
- C. The provisions of King County Code Chapter 21A.24, together with the relevant provisions of Chapters 21A.06 and 21A.12, shall apply to all properties as of the effective date of this Ordinance.

SECTION 3. Ordinance 10870, Section 4, and K.C.C. 21A.01.040 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Transition to new code.

- A. During the time that a zoning map or parts thereof are being developed and adopted pursuant to this section, Resolution No. 25789 as amended shall remain in full force and effect with regard to a specific piece of property until such time as a zoning map or parts thereof applying the zone designations established in the 1993 Zoning Code to the property in question are adopted.
- B. Upon the adoption of a zoning map or parts thereof pursuant to the 1993 Zoning Code, Resolution 25789 and all other zoning resolutions, amendments and zoning maps adopted pursuant thereto are deemed to be no longer in effect for the subject property, except as specified in K.C.C. 21A.01.060(F)&(G), and with the exception listed in part C of this section; provided, however, that the repeal shall be limited to the area within the boundaries of the map or parts thereof adopted pursuant to this title, and provided further that project approval conditions applied through administrative or quasi-judicial development review processes under Resolution 25789 shall continue in effect.
- C. Properties with active permit application(s) submitted prior to October 1, 1994, being reviewed for compliance with Resolution No. 25789 as amended shall continue to have Resolution 25789 remain in full force and effect with regard to the specific piece of property until the expiration of the following types of permits: conditional use permit, planned unit development (PUD), building site plan, right-of-way use permit, commercial site development permit, unclassified use permit, or public agency utility exception. A variance application submitted prior to the effective date of this ordinance, shall be reviewed against the regulations in effect at the time of complete application. If an approval is granted to vary a standard of Resolution No. 25789 as amended, the approval to vary that standard shall remain in effect for subsequent permits until the expiration of the variance as stated in the decision even after the effective date of this ordinance. All other standards shall be consistent with the code in effect at the time of the subsequent permit applications.

SECTION 4. Ordinance 10870, Section 634(part), and K.C.C. 21A.01.060 are hereby repealed.

SECTION 5. Ordinance 10870, Section 5, and K.C.C. 21A.01.070 are hereby amended to read as follows:

A. The council directs the department to prepare proposed new zoning maps applying the 1993 King County Zoning Code and transmit within ten months of the effective date of this ordinance for council review and adoption.

- B. The department shall use the table set forth in subsection C and the guidelines of this section in preparing an ordinance or ordinances to convert each area zoning document to the 1993 Zoning Code, with modifications appropriate to be consistent with the comprehensive plan land use map and policies, so as to ((continue implementation of adopted community plans)) implement the comprehensive plan and convert old outright and potential zone designations to new ones in a consistent manner. The provisions of this section also shall apply to conversion of the resource lands area zoning adopted pursuant to K.C.C. 20.12.390.
- C. Conversion table. The following conversion table and criteria contained therein shall be used by the department in converting the zoning maps adopted pursuant to Resolution 25789 to the 1993 Zoning Code:

•		-
RESOLUTION	1993 ZONING	ADDITIONAL CRITERIA
25789 ZONING	CODE MAP	
MAP SYMBOLS	SYMBOLS	
1211 01110020		
F	F	In Forest Production or Rural Areas
<u> </u>	D DD	Use zone most consistent with the
FR	F or RA	comprehensive plan
		Complementative plan.
A, A-10	A-10	In Agricultural or Rural Areas
A-35	A-35 or A-60	Use zone most consistent with the
		comprehensive plan
Q-M	М	Designated Mining Sites
AR-2.5	RA-2.5	In Rural Areas
AR-2.5 AR-5	RA-5	Use zone most consistent with the
AR-10	RA-10 or RA-20	comprehensive plan
7		
GR-5, GR-2.5, G-5	UR	Only in designated urban areas
,	RA .	In areas not designated urban
G	R-1	Only in designated urban areas In areas not designated urban
	RA	in areas not designated diban
SE, S-C	R-1	Only in designated urban areas or Rural
	•	Towns
SR/RS15000,SR/RS	R-4	Only in designated urban areas or Rural
9600		Towns
SR7200, RS7200	R-6	Only in designated urban areas or Rural
SR5000, RS5000	R-8	Towns Only in designated urban areas or Rural
3K3000, K33000		Towns
	•	
RMHP	R-4 through R-48	Use zone closest to zoning on adjacent
		property or midrange if adjacent zones
		vary
RD3600, RT3600	R-12	[
RM2400, RT2400	R-18	*
11.007 11.000		
RT, RM1800,	R-24	·
RT1800		·
RM900	O or R-48	Apply zoning closest to ((community))
		comprehensive plan land use designations
RM 900 P	O or R-48	
	;;	According to P-suffix limitations
	· ·	allowing only office or residential
		uses .
B-N, BR-N	NB or RB	
B-C, BR-C	CB or RB	For all business zones, use zone most
c-G	RB	consistent with the comprehensive plan
M-L, M-P, M-H	ı	((and-community plan)) designation and actual scale of business area
n-u, n-r, m-n	*	accual scale of business area

- D. Unclassified Use Permit Mining Operations. In addition to the conversions set out in the table in subsection C, all sites legally operating pursuant to an unclassified use permit for mining operations shall be zoned M (Mineral).

 E. Resolution of map conflicts. In cases of ambiguity or
- E. Resolution of map conflicts. In cases of ambiguity or conflict between a community or comprehensive plan map designation and the zone classification applied under the old code, the department shall use the following guidelines and procedures in recommending new zones:
- 1. As a general rule, the <u>outright or potential</u> zoning designation applied shall be that which is ((most likely to have been applied to implement the community plan if the 1993 zoning code designations had been available)) consistent with the 1994 King County Comprehensive Plan; adopted community plans, where they do not conflict, may be used to provide additional guidance;
- 2. If the application of the guidelines in this subsection leads the department to propose applying ((a)) an outright or potential zone classification from the 1993 Zoning Code that is not functionally equivalent to a classification from the old code as defined in the table in subsection C, the department shall notify the owner of the property proposed for reclassification no later than the council introduction date of the ordinance amending said property, and the property owner may request a change in the area zoning in a manner consistent with the procedures used for council review of a community plan and area zoning.
- F. Area-wide P-suffix development conditions. The department shall review all area-wide P-suffix conditions applied through zoning adopted pursuant to Resolution 25789, and recommend legislation removing all such conditions which conflict with the comprehensive plan or have been replaced adequately by standards adopted in the 1993 zoning code ((from the area zoning documents)). If P-suffix conditions implement policies in the comprehensive plan, then regulations shall be developed by the end of 1995 and the P-suffix conditions shall be removed. Any ((such)) P-suffix conditions which ((establish standards that)) implement policies in community plans which are not in conflict with the comprehensive plan but are not adequately addressed by this code ((shall be recommended to be included directly in the 1993 zoning code)) shall be carried forward intact until they are evaluated for replacement by general code revisions in 1995.
- G. Site-specific development conditions. Approval conditions for previous zone reclassifications, planned unit developments, unclassified permits, and P-suffix conditions applied to individual properties in land use actions pursuant to Resolution 25789, should be recommended for retention wherever they address conditions unique to a particular property and not addressed by the standards in the ((1993)) Zoning Code.

17 18

19 20 21

22

23 24 25

26 27 28

29 30 31

32 33 34

36 37

38

35

39 40 41

42 43 44

45 46 47

- H. For area zoning documents being converted to the 1993 Zoning Code without amendments to their respective community plan maps and policies, only requests for zone changes which meet one of the following criteria shall be considered during either the department or council review process:
 - 1. as provided in subsection E;
- 2. when an applicant can demonstrate that the department's proposal incorrectly implements an adopted ((community)) comprehensive plan map designation or policy in converting existing zoning to a new zone classification; or
- 3. the site is the subject of an application for a Master Planned Development or Urban Planned Development, and conversion to the 1993 Zoning Code is requested as part of such application. Rezoning of such sites ((shall conform as closely as possible to the table set out in subsection C)) during the conversion, area zoning otherwise shall be to Urban Reserve with the urban planned development overlay district as provided in Chapter 21A.38.
- I. Requests which do not meet one of the criteria of subsection H shall be treated as quasi-judicial reclassification requests which must be formally applied for according to the process provided for such requests and shall be subject to the criteria in K.C.C. 20.24.190.
- J: Requests for quasi-judicial reclassification that are consistent with the conversion table illustrated in subsection C and requests for quasi-judicial reclassification to the M zone, shall not be subject to the criteria in K.C.C. 20.24.190.
- K. Bear Creek MPD's. The following transition provisions shall apply to the Master Plan Development applications in the Bear Creek Community Plan (BCCP).
- 1. An applicant may either continue to utilize the procedural provisions of the BCCP or may utilize the procedural provisions of K.C.C. 21A.39.
- 2. If an applicant utilizes the procedural provisions of K.C.C. 21A.39, the Pre-Development Applications previously submitted for the Blakely Ridge MPD and the Northridge MPD are deemed the equivalent of and accepted as complete applications for "UPD Permits" under Chapter 21A.39 of the 1993 zoning code.
- 3. The substantive provisions of the BCCP Area Zoning MPD P-Suffix conditions and conditions precedent to rezoning set forth in Section 1C of the BCCP Area Zoning (page 140) shall remain in effect for purposes of considering the UPD applications, under either the BCCP or K.C.C. 21A.39.
- 4. The applicants may elect either one base zone pursuant to K.C.C. 21A.39, or multiple zones pursuant to the Bear Creek Community Plan, applying the equivalent zone and potential zone designations of the 1993 zoning code. ((The zoning and potential zoning adopted in the BCCP shall remain in effect until rezones applying the 1993 zoning code designations are approved.))

R

4

Overlays" and "UPD boundary delineations" for purposes of applying K.C.C. 21A.38.020, .070(B)(1), (2) and K.C.C. 21A.39.020.

SECTION 6. Ordinance 10870, Section 634(part), and K.C.C. 21A.01.110 are hereby repealed. SECTION 7. Ordinance 10870, Section 17, and K.C.C. 21A.02.070 are hereby amended to read as follows: Interpretation: Standard industrial classification.

Creek Area zoning shall be considered "UPD Special District

5. The Novelty Hill Master Plan sites and urban designation

adopted and delineated in the Bear Creek Community Plan and Bear

A. All references to the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) are to the titles and descriptions found in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 edition, prepared by United States Office of Management and Budget which is hereby adopted by reference. The (SIC) is used, with modifications to suit the purposes of this title, to list and define land uses authorized to be located in the various zones consistent with the comprehensive plan land use map.

- B. The SIC categorizes each land use under a general two-digit major group number, or under a more specific three- or four-digit industry group or industry number. A use shown on a land use table with a two-digit number includes all uses listed in the SIC for that major group. A use shown with a three-digit or four-digit number includes only the uses listed in the SIC for that industry group or industry.
- C. An asterisk (*) in the SIC number column of a land use table means that the SIC definition for the specific land use identified has been modified by this title. The definition may include one or more SIC subclassification numbers, or may define the use without reference to the SIC.
- D. The Director shall determine whether a proposed land use not specifically listed in a land use table or specifically included within a SIC classification is allowed in a zone. The director's determination shall be based on whether or not permitting the proposed use in a particular zone is consistent with the purposes of this title and the zone's purpose as set forth in K.C.C. 21A.04, by considering the following factors:
- 1. The physical characteristics of the use and its supporting structures, including but not limited to scale, traffic and other impacts, and hours of operation;
- 2. Whether or not the use complements or is compatible with other uses permitted in the zone; and
- 3. The SIC classification, if any, assigned to the business or other entity that will carry on the primary activities of the proposed use.

SECTION 8. Ordinance 10870, Section 14, and K.C.C. 21A.02.040 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Conformity with this title required.

- A. No use or structure shall be established, substituted, expanded, constructed, altered, moved, maintained, or otherwise changed except in conformance with this title.
- B. Creation of or changes to lot lines shall conform with the use provisions, dimensional and other standards, and procedures of this title and Title 19, Subdivisions.
- C. All land uses and development authorized by this title shall comply with all other regulations and or requirements of this title as well as any other applicable local, state or federal law. Where a difference exists between this title and other county regulations, the more restrictive requirements shall apply.
- D. Where more than one part of this title applies to the same aspect of a proposed use or development, the more restrictive requirement shall apply.
- E. Temporary uses or activities, conducted during an emergency event, or training exercises conducted at emergency sites, designated pursuant to an emergency management plan, shall not be subject to the provisions of this title.

SECTION 9. Ordinance 10870, Section 22, and K.C.C. 21A.04.010 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Zones and map designations established. In order to accomplish the purposes of this title the following zoning designations and zoning map symbols are established:

ZONING DESIGNATIONS

MAP SYMBOL

Agricultural	A (10((or)), 35 <u>or 60</u> acre minimum lot size)
Forest	F
Mineral	M
Rural Area	RA (2.5-acre, 5-acre((or)), , 10-acre <u>or 20-acre</u> minimum lot size)
Urban Reserve	UR
Residential	R (base density in dwellings per acre)
Neighborhood Business	NB
Community Business	В
Regional Business	RB
Office	0
Industrial	I
Regional Use	Case file number following zone's map symbol
Property-specific development standards	-P(suffix to zone's map symbol)
Special District Overlay	-SO(suffix to zone's map symbol)
Potential Zone	. []
	<pre>(dashed box surrounding zone's map symbol)</pre>
Interim Zone	<pre>* (asterisk adjacent to zone's</pre>
	map symbol)

SECTION 10. Ordinance 10870, Section 27, and K.C.C. 21A.04.060 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Rural area zone.

- A. The purpose of the rural zone (RA) is to provide for an area-wide long-term rural character and to minimize land use conflicts with nearby agricultural, forest or mineral extraction production districts. These purposes are accomplished by:
- 1. Limiting residential densities and permitted uses to those that are compatible with rural character and nearby resource production districts and are able to be adequately supported by rural service levels;
- 2. Allowing small scale farming and forestry activities and tourism and recreation uses which can be supported by rural service levels and which are compatible with rural character; and
- 3. Increasing required setbacks to minimize conflicts with adjacent agriculture, forest or mineral zones.
- B. Use of this zone is appropriate in rural areas designated by the Comprehensive Plan as follows:
- 1. RA-2.5 in rural areas where predominant densities already exceed one dwelling per five acres and the soils can support onsite sewage disposal without damage to water resources;
- 2. RA-5 in rural areas without established subdivision patterns and predominantly environmentally unconstrained lands; ((and))
- 3. RA-10 in rural areas next to designated resource production areas where additional buffering is required, or where area-wide environmental features constrain development. RA-10 is also applied to Rural Farm Districts designated by the King County Comprehensive Plan; and
- 4.RA-20 in Rural Forest Districts designated by the King County Comprehensive Plan.

SECTION 11. Ordinance 10870, Section 28, and K.C.C. 21A.04.070 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Urban reserve zone.

- A. The purposes of the urban reserve zone (UR) ((is)) are to phase growth and demand for urban services, and to reserve large tracts of land for possible future growth in portions of King County designated by the Comprehensive Plan for future urban growth while allowing reasonable interim uses of property; or to reflect designation by the comprehensive plan of a property or area as part of the urban growth area when a detailed plan for urban uses and densities has not been completed; or when the area has been designated as a site for a potential urban planned development, as provided in K.C.C. 21A.38.070. These purposes are accomplished by:
- 1. Allowing for rural, agricultural and other low-intensity uses;

- 2. Allowing for limited residential growth, either contiguous to existing urban public facilities, or at a density supportable by existing rural public service levels; and
- 3. Requiring clustered residential developments where feasible, to prevent establishment of uses and lot patterns which may foreclose future alternatives and impede efficient later development at urban densities.
- B. Use of this zone is appropriate in urban areas or in rural ((activity center))city expansion areas designated by the Comprehensive Plan ((or community plans)), when such areas do not have adequate public facilities and services or are not yet needed to accommodate planned growth, do not yet have detailed land use plans for urban uses and densities, or are designated as sites for a potential urban planned development.

SECTION 12. Ordinance 10870, Section 29, and K.C.C. 21A.04.080 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Residential zone.

- A. The purpose of the urban residential zone (R) is to implement Comprehensive Plan goals and policies for housing quality, diversity and affordability, and to efficiently use residential land, public services and energy. These purposes are accomplished by:
- 1. Providing, in the R-1 through R-8 zones, for a mix of predominantly single detached dwelling units and other development types, with a variety of densities and sizes in locations appropriate for urban densities;
- 2. Providing, in the R-12 through R-48 zones, for a mix of predominantly apartment and townhouse dwelling units and other development types, with a variety of densities and sizes in locations appropriate for urban densities;
- 3. Allowing only those accessory and complementary nonresidential uses that are compatible with residential communities; and
- 4. Establishing density designations to facilitate advanced area-wide planning for public facilities and services, and to protect environmentally sensitive sites from overdevelopment.
- B. Use of this zone is appropriate in urban areas, activity centers, or rural ((activity centers)) towns designated by the Comprehensive Plan or community plans as follows:
- 1. The R-1 zone on or adjacent to lands with area-wide environmental constraints where development is required to cluster away from sensitive areas, or in well-established subdivisions of the same density, which are served at the time of development by public or private facilities and services adequate to support planned densities;
- 2. The R-4 through R-8 zones on urban lands that are predominantly environmentally unconstrained and are served at the

3. The R-12 through R-48 zones in urban areas, urban or community activity centers, urban neighborhood centers, or rural ((activity centers)) towns, that are served at the time of development by adequate public sewers, water supply, roads and other needed public facilities and services.

SECTION 13. Ordinance 10870, Section 30, and K.C.C. 21A.04.090 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Neighborhood business zone.

34.

- A. The purpose of the neighborhood business zone (NB) is to provide convenient daily retail and personal services for a limited service area and to minimize impacts of commercial activities on nearby properties. These purposes are accomplished by:
- 1. Limiting nonresidential uses to those retail or personal services which can serve the everyday needs of a surrounding urban or rural residential area;
- 2. Allowing for mixed use (housing and retail/service) developments; and
- 3. Excluding industrial and community/regional business-scaled uses.
- B. Use of this zone is appropriate in urban neighborhood business centers, rural ((activity))towns, or rural neighborhood centers designated by ((community))the comprehensive plan((s)), on sites which are served at the time of development by adequate public sewers when located in urban areas or adequate on-site sewage disposal when located in rural areas, water supply, roads and other needed public facilities and services.

SECTION 14. Ordinance 10870, Section 31, and K.C.C. 21A.04.100 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Community business zone.

- A. The purpose of the community business zone (CB) is to provide convenience and comparison retail and personal services for local service areas which exceed the daily convenience needs of adjacent neighborhoods but which cannot be served conveniently by larger activity centers, and to provide retail and personal services in locations within activity centers that are not appropriate for extensive outdoor storage or auto related and industrial uses. These purposes are accomplished by:
- 1. Providing for limited small-scale offices as well as a wider range of the retail, professional, governmental and personal services than are found in neighborhood business areas;
- Allowing for mixed use (housing and retail/service)developments; and
- 3. Excluding commercial uses with extensive outdoor storage or auto related and industrial uses.
- B. Use of this zone is appropriate in urban and community centers or rural ((activity centers)) towns that are designated by

24

28

32

41

42

45 46 47

48

the Comprehensive Plan and community plans and that are served at the time of development by adequate public sewers, water supply, roads and other needed public facilities and services.

SECTION 15. Ordinance 10870, Section 32, and K.C.C. 21A.04.110 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Regional business zone.

- A. The purpose of the regional business zone (RB) is to provide for the broadest mix of comparison retail, wholesale, service and recreation/cultural uses with compatible storage and fabrication uses, serving regional market areas and offering significant These purposes are accomplished by: employment opportunities.
- 1. Encouraging compact development that is supportive of transit and pedestrian travel, through higher nonresidential building heights and floor area ratios than those found in community centers;
- 2. Allowing for outdoor sales and storage, regional shopping areas and limited fabrication uses; and
- 3. Concentrating large scale commercial and office uses to facilitate the efficient provision of public facilities and services.
- B. Use of this zone is appropriate in urban ((or rural)) activity centers or rural towns that are designated by the Comprehensive Plan and community plans that are served at the time of development by adequate public sewers, water supply, roads and other needed public facilities and services.

SECTION 16. Ordinance 10870, Section 34, and K.C.C. 21A.04.130 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Industrial zone.

- A. The purpose of the industrial zone (I) is to provide for the location and grouping of industrial enterprises and activities involving manufacturing, assembly, fabrication, processing, bulk handling and storage, research facilities, warehousing and heavy trucking. It is also a purpose of this zone to protect the industrial land base for industrial economic development and employment opportunities. These purposes are accomplished by:
- 1. Allowing for a wide range of industrial and manufacturing uses;
- 2. Establishing appropriate development standards and public review procedures for industrial activities with the greatest potential for adverse impacts; and
- 3. Limiting residential, institutional, commercial, office and other non-industrial uses to those necessary for the convenience of industrial activities.
- B. Use of this zone is appropriate in urban ((er rural)) activity centers or rural towns designated by the Comprehensive Plan and community plans which are served at the time of development by adequate public sewers, water supply, roads and other needed public facilities and services.

48

1

11621

SECTION 17. Ordinance 10870, Section 36, and K.C.C. 21A.04.150 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Map designation - Property-specific development standards. purpose of the property-specific development standards designation (-P suffix to zone's map symbol which shall be shown on an official zoning map, area zoning document or zoning and subdivision examiner's report, or as a notation on the SITUS file for an individual property maintained by the department) is to indicate that conditions beyond the minimum requirements of this title have been applied to development on the property, including but not limited to increased development standards, limits on permitted Regardless of the form in uses or special conditions of approval. which a property-specific development standard is adopted, the Psuffix shall be shown on the official zoning map maintained by the department, which map shall be updated as soon as possible after the effective date of the adopting ordinance adopting a P-suffix standard.

SECTION 18. Ordinance 10870, Section 37, and K.C.C. 21A.04.160 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Map designation - Special district overlay. The purpose of the special district overlay designation (-SO suffix to zone's map symbol which shall be shown on an official zoning map, area zoning document or zoning and subdivision examiner's report, or as a notation on the SITUS file for an individual property maintained by the department) is to carry out Comprehensive Plan and community plan policies that identify special opportunities for achieving public benefits by allowing or requiring alternative uses and development standards that differ from the general provisions of Special district overlays are generally applied to a this title. group of individual properties or entire community planning subareas and are designated primarily through the area zoning process. Regardless of the form in which a special district overlay is adopted, the -SO suffix shall be shown on the official zoning map maintained by the department, which map shall be updated as soon as possible after the effective date of the adopting ordinance adopting an overlay.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 19. There is hereby added to K.C.C. 21A.06 a new section to read as follows:

Accessory use. Accessory use: a use which is subordinate and incidental to that of an established use on the same lot.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 20. There is hereby added to K.C.C. 21A.06 a new section to read as follows:

Channel Relocation and Stream Meander Areas. Channel relocation and stream meander area: those areas subject to risk due to stream bank destabilization, rapid stream incision, stream bank erosion, and shifts in the location of stream channels.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 21. There is hereby added to K.C.C. 21A.06 a new section to read as follows:

Emergency. Emergency: an occurrence during which there is imminent danger to the public health, safety and welfare, or which poses an imminent risk to property, as a result of a natural or man-made catastrophe as so declared by the director of DDES.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 22. There is hereby added to K.C.C. 21A.06 a new section to read as follows:

Historic resource. Historic resource: a district, site, building, structure or object significant in national, state or local history, architecture, archaeology, and culture.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 23. There is hereby added to K.C.C. 21A.06 a new section to read as follows:

Historic resource inventory. Historic resource inventory: An organized compilation of information on historic resources considered to be potentially significant according to the criteria listed in K.C.C. 20.62.040.A. The historic resource inventory is kept on file by the historic preservation officer and is updated from time to time to include newly eligible resources and to reflect changes to resources.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 24. There is hereby added to K.C.C. 21A.06 a new section to read as follows:

Interlocal agreement. Interlocal agreement: for purposes of K.C.C. 21A.28, interlocal agreement means any agreement between the county, the district, and any city setting forth certain terms relating to the collection of impact fees by the county and distribution of those fees to the district. An interlocal agreement shall not be required where the county is the sole jurisdiction within the boundaries of the district that is assessing impact fees.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 25. There is hereby added to K.C.C. 21A.06 a new section to read as follows:

Joint use driveway. Joint use driveway: A jointly owned and/or maintained vehicular access to two residential properties.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 26. There is hereby added to K.C.C. 21A.06 a new section to read as follows:

Mitigation bank. Mitigation bank: a property that has been protected in perpetuity, and approved by appropriate county, state and federal agencies expressly for the purpose of providing compensatory mitigation in advance of authorized impacts through restoration, creation, and/or enhancement of wetlands, and in exceptional circumstances, preservation of adjacent wetlands, wetland buffers, and/or other aquatic resources.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 27. There is hereby added to K.C.C. 21A.06 a new section to read as follows:

Mitigation banking. Mitigation banking: a system for providing compensatory mitigation in advance of authorized wetland impacts of development in King County in which credits are generated through restoration, creation, and/or enhancement of wetlands, and in

exceptional circumstances, preservation of adjacent wetlands, wetland buffers, and/or other aquatic resources.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 28. There is hereby added to K.C.C. 21A.06 a new section to read as follows:

SITUS File. SITUS File: information on an individual parcel of land, including its size, known extent of existing development, known environmental constraints, approval conditions and other site-specific information, contained in the computerized permitting and land parcel data base of the department of development and environmental services or its successor agencies.

SECTION 29. Ordinance 10870, Section 44, and K.C.C. 21A.06.020 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Accessory use, residential. Accessory use, residential:

- A. A use, structure, or activity which is subordinate and incidental to a residence including, but not limited to the following uses:
 - Accessory living quarters and dwellings;
 - Fallout/bomb shelters;
 - 3. Keeping household pets;
 - 4. On-site rental office;
 - 5. Pools, private docks, piers;
 - 6. Antennae for private telecommunication services;
 - 7. Storage of yard maintenance equipment; or
- 8. Storage of private vehicles, e.g. motor vehicles, boats, trailers or planes $((\div))$:
 - 9. Greenhouses.
- B. Some accessory uses within the scope of this section may be defined separately to enable the code to apply different conditions of approval.

SECTION 30. Ordinance 10870, Section 130, and K.C.C. 21A.06.450 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Family. Family: an individual; two or more persons related by blood or marriage; a group of two or more disabled residents protected under the Federal Housing Act Amendments, who are not related by blood or marriage, living together as a single housekeeping unit; a group of eight or fewer residents, who are not related by blood or marriage, living together as a single housekeeping unit; or a group living arrangement where eight or fewer residents receive supportive services such as counseling, foster care, or medical supervision at the dwelling unit by resident or non-resident staff. For purposes of this definition, minors living with parent shall not be counted as part of the maximum number of residents.

SECTION 31. Ordinance 10870, Section 135, and K.C.C. 21A.06.475 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Flood hazard areas. Flood hazard areas: those areas in King County subject to inundation by the base flood <u>and those areas</u> subject to risk from channel relocation or stream meander

including, but not limited to, streams, lakes, wetlands and closed depressions.

L 0

SECTION 32. Ordinance 10870, Section 158, and K.C.C. 21A.06.590 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Heavy equipment and truck repair. Heavy equipment and truck repair: the repair and maintenance of self-powered, self-propelled or towed mechanical devices, equipment and vehicles used for commercial purposes, such as tandem axle trucks, graders, backhoes, tractor trailers, cranes, lifts, but excluding automobiles and pick-up trucks under 10,000 pounds, recreational vehicles, boats and their trailers.

SECTION 33. Ordinance 10870, Section 322, and K.C.C. 21A.06.1410 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Wetland, isolated. Wetland, isolated: a wetland which has a total size less than 2500 square feet excluding buffers or, if within the Urban Area is less than 5000 square feet excluding buffers, which is hydrologically isolated from other wetlands or streams and which does not have permanent open water.

SECTION 34. Ordinance 10870, Section 323, and K.C.C. 21A.06.1415 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Wetlands. Wetlands: those areas in King County which are inundated or saturated by ground or surface water at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and under normal circumstances do support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions. Wetlands generally include swamps, marshes, bogs and similar areas. Where the vegetation has been removed or substantially altered, a wetland shall be determined by the presence or evidence of hydric or organic soil, as well as by other documentation, such as aerial photographs, of the previous existence of wetland vegetation. When the areas of any wetlands are hydrologically connected to each other, they shall be added together to determine which of the following categories of wetlands apply:

- A. Class 1 wetlands, only including wetlands assigned the Unique/Outstanding #1 rating in the 1983 King County Wetlands Inventory or which meet any of the following criteria:
- are wetlands which have present species listed by the federal or state government as endangered or threatened or outstanding actual habitat for those species;
- 2. are wetlands which have 40% to 60% permanent open water in dispersed patches with two or more classes of vegetation;
- 3. are wetlands equal to or greater than ten acres in size and have three or more ((wetland)) classes of vegetation, one of which is open water; or
- 4. are wetlands which have present plant associations of infrequent occurrence;

14

21 22 23

24

25 26 27

- B. Class 2 wetlands, only including wetlands assigned the Significant #2 rating in the 1983 King County Wetlands Inventory or which meet any of the following criteria:
 - are wetlands greater than one acre in size;
- 2. are wetlands equal to or less than one acre in size and have three or more wetland classes;
 - 3. are wetlands which:
- a. are located within an area designated "urban" in the King County Comprehensive Plan;
- b. are equal to or less than one acre but larger than 2,500 square feet; and
 - c. have three or more classes of vegetation;
- ((3))4. are forested wetlands equal to or less than one acre but larger than 2500 square feet; or
- ((4))5. are wetlands which have present heron rookeries or raptor nesting trees; and
- C. Class 3 wetlands, only including wetlands assigned the Lesser Concern #3 rating in the 1983 King County Wetlands Inventory or which meet any of the following criteria:
- 1. are wetlands equal to or less than one acre in size and have two or fewer ((wetland)) classes of vegetation((+)); or
 - 2. are wetlands which:
- a. are located within an area designated "urban" in the King County Comprehensive Plan;
 - b. are equal to or less than 2,500 square feet; and
 - c. have two or more classes of vegetation.
- SECTION 35. Ordinance 10870, Section 331, and K.C.C. 21A.08.040 are hereby amended to read as follows:

.C. 21A.08.040		RE	SOURCE	Ē	RURAL	RES	SIDENTI	AL	COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL					
REATION/CULTURAL		A	F	м	R	UR	U	R	N B	СВ	R B	0	t	
LAND USES		G	0	1	U	RE	R	E	EU	0 0	EU	F	N	
PAUD OSES	z	R	R	N	R	вѕ	В	s	I S	MS	GS	F	D	
	0	ı	E	E	A	AE	A	1	GI	M	1 1		U	
	N	С	s	R	L	NR	N	D	HN	UNE	O N N E	C	S T	
	E	U	Т	A	[]	×		E N	BEOS	INE	AS	-	Ř	
KEY	[니니	1	Ŀ		Ε		T	RS	TS	LS		. ;	
d Use]	Τ.			j	- 1								
nal Use		υ			j (l		ŧ	н	Y			A.	
Jse		R				1		A	0				L	
	1	E	ĺ			l		L	0	1	[
		1 -							D					
SPECIFIC LAND USE	1	A	F	М	RA	UR	R1-8	R12-48	NB	СВ	RB	0	-	
PARK/RECREATION:			ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ		احيب		P1	P1	P	P	P	P	P13	
Park		P1	P1	Pl	P1	P1	P1	PI	P	P	P	P	P	
Trails		Ρ	P	P	P	P			 	+		-	P	
Campgrounds		!	Р		S	C			 	+	c	1	<u> </u>	
Destination Resorts		 _ _ 	S		C4	C4	C4	C4	P5	P	P	Р	Р	
Marina			C 3		C2	C			 	 		†	<u> </u>	
Recreational Vehicle Park		 	s	 _	S	├ ──┤			 	+	1	1		
Ski Area		 	1 3		+			 	+	1	 		1	
AMUSEMENT/ENTERTAINMENT	<u>:</u>				+	 			+	P6	P6	P6		
Theater		 	 		+	 	 		 	\dagger	C6	T		
Theater, Drive-in		+	 		+				1	P6	P6		Р	
Plays/Theatrical production		+	 		+	-			 	P	Р		Р	
Bowling center			 		C4	C4	C4	C4	С	P	Р			
Sports club			 		 C7	P7	P7	P7	1					
Golf facility		+	1	 	C8	P8	P8	P8		P7	P7			
Golf driving range Shooting range		+	СЭ		C9	t		T		<u> </u>	C10		P10	
Amusement arcades		+	+	 	+-	 				Р	P.			
Amusement arcades Amusement park		+	+	1	1	1					C			
Outdoor performance center			((C12)) S		C12 S						s			
CULTURAL:		1								1_	1	#		
Library					P11 ((C))	P11 C	P11 C	P11 C		P	P	Р		
Museum					P11 ((C))		·	P11 C		Р	P	P	P	
Arboretum		P	Р		P	Р	P	Р	P	P	P	P	 	
Conference Center					P11 C <u>12</u>	P11 C	P11 C	P1,1 C	Р			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
										-	1-	+-		
+ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			T			1	1	1	<u> </u>					
1											\neg			

L CROSS REFERENCES:

Land Use Table Instructions, see K.C.C. 21A.08.020 and 21A.02.070

Development Standards, see K.C.C. 21A.12 through 21A.30 General Provisions, see K.C.C. 21A.32 through 21A.38 Application and Review Procedures, see K.C.C. 21A.40 through 21A.44 (*)Definition of this specific Land Use, see K.C.C. 21A.06

Recreation/Cultural land uses.

- B. Development Conditions.
- 1. The following conditions and limitations shall apply, where appropriate:
 - a. No stadiums on sites less than ten acres;
- b. Lighting for structures and fields shall be directed away from residential areas;
- c. Structures or service yards shall maintain a minimum distance of 50 feet from property lines adjoining residential zones; and
- d. Facilities in the F, A, or M zones, or in a designated Rural Farm or Forest District, shall be limited to trails and trailheads, including related accessory uses such as parking and sanitary facilities.
- 2. Recreational vehicle parks are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
- a. The maximum length of stay of any unit shall not exceed 180 days;
- b. The minimum distance between recreational vehicle pads shall be no less than ten feet; and
- c. Sewage shall be disposed in a system approved by the Seattle-King County health department.
- 3. Limited to day moorage. The marina shall not create a need for off-site public services beyond those already available prior to date of application.
- 4. Not permitted in the RA-20 zone, or in the RA-10 zone when located in a designated Rural Farm District. Limited to recreation facilities ((for residents of a specified residential development.)) subject to the following conditions and limitations:
- a. The bulk and scale shall be compatible with residential character of the area; and
- b. Use is limited to residents of a specified residential development or to neighborhood-based after school/latchkey programs.
 - 5. Limited to day moorage.
- 6. Adult use facilities shall be prohibited within 660 feet of any residential zones, any other adult use facility, or school licensed daycare centers, public parks, community centers, public libraries or churches which conduct religious or educational classes for minors.
- 7. Permitted only in the RA-5 and RA-2.5 zones. Structures, driving ranges and lighted areas shall maintain a minimum distance of 50 feet from property lines adjoining residential zones.
 - 8. Only as an accessory to golf courses.
- 9.a. New structures and outdoor ranges shall maintain a minimum distance of 50 feet from property lines adjoining residential zones; provided that existing facilities shall be exempt;

b. Ranges shall be designed to prevent stray or ricocheting projectiles, pellets, or arrows from leaving the property;

- c. Site plans shall include safety features of the range; provisions for reducing sound produced on the firing line; elevations of the range showing target area, backdrops or butts; and approximate locations of buildings on adjoining properties; and
 - d. Subject to the licensing provisions of K.C.C. Title 6.
- 10.a. Only in an enclosed building, and subject to the licensing provisions of K.C.C.6;
- b. Indoor ranges shall be designated and operated so as to provide a healthful environment for user's and operators by:
- (1) installing ventilation systems which provide sufficient clean air in the user's breathing zone, and
- (2) adopting appropriate procedures and policies which monitor and control exposure time to airborne lead for individual users.
- 11. Only as accessory to a park or in a building listed on the National Register as an historic site or designated as a King County landmark subject to the provisions of K.C.C. 21A.32.
- 12. Only as accessory to a nonresidential use established through a discretionary permit process, and provided further that the scale is limited to ensure compatibility with surrounding neighborhoods.
- 13. Limited to publically owned and operated park, subject to the following:
- a. The park shall abut intervening roads notwithstanding, an existing park on one or more sides.
- b. No bleachers or stadiums are permitted if the site is less than ten acres, and no public amusement devices for hire are permitted.
- c. Any lights provided to illuminate any building or recreational area shall be so arranges as to reflect the light away from any premises upon which a dwelling unit is located.
- d. All buildings or structures or service yards on the site shall maintain a distance not less than fifty feet from any property line and from any public street.

SECTION 36. Ordinance 10870, Section 332, and K.C.C. 21A.08.050 are hereby amended to read as follows:

		- RF	SOURC	F 7	RURAL	RES	IDENTIA	L I	COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL					
C. 21A.08.050	} }	1									T		$\neg \neg$	
KEY	Z O N E	AGR - CULT U R	F O R E S T	M I N E R A L	R U R A L	U R E B S A E N R E	U B A N	R E S I D E N T I A	N E I G H B O R H O	C B O M I M I N E S T Y	R B U S I N E S I O N A S	O F F C E	I N D U S T R I A L	
		E						. L	O D					
SPECIFIC LAND USE	٦ .		F	м	RA	UR	A1-8	R12-48	NB	СВ	RB	0	1	
	ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	 	<u> </u>											
RSONAL SERVICES:		 					C 26	C 26	P	Р	Р	P3	P3	
eneral Personal Service													P	
rycleaning plants													P	
dustrial Launderers						C4	C4	C4		P	Р			
ineral Home/Crematory					P25	P25	P25	P25	P25	P25	P25	P25		
einetery, Columbarium or Mausoleu	m	, ,		l	C5	C5	C5	C5		۱ ۱	C5			
		P6			P6	P6	P6	P6	Р	P	P	P7	P7	
ay care 1		1			P8 <u>C</u>	PB <u>C</u>	P8 C	P8 C	P	Р	P	P7	P7	
ay care II		P9			P9	P9			P10	P10	P10		P	
eterinary Clinic		"			C10	C10				P	P	<u> </u>	P	
utomotive repair (1)										P	- P	ļ	P	
utomotive service	<u> </u>								P11	P	P		P	
liscellaneous repair										P	P .	P	 	
hurches, synagogue, temple					P12 C15		P12 C		P	P	P	P		
ocial Services (2)					P12 C13	P12 C13	P12 C13	P12 C13	P13	, , ,		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
table		P14 C			P14 C	P14 C	P 14 C							
ennel or Cattery		+		 	<u> </u>	С	1			С	Р		L	
EALTH SERVICES:		 		 			$\overline{}$		1					
Office/Outpatient Clinic		1		\vdash	P12	P12	P12	P12	Р	P	P	Р	P	
·		1			C 13	C 13	C 13	C 13	├	P	P		+	
lursing and personal care facilities							C13	C13	 	P	P		+	
lospital		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		1 013		 	P	P	P	P	
Medical/Dental Lab			<u>L</u>	<u> </u>		 			+	P	P	P	+	
Aiscellaneous Health		L		<u> </u>			 		 	 		 	+	
DUCATION SERVICES:				ļ	1	 	1	P	├ ──	 			+	
lementary School				<u> </u>	P16, 15		P	P	 	 	 	+	+	
Aiddle/Junior High School					P16 C15	P	P	[l	
secondary or High School		1	\vdash		P16 C15	P27	P27	P27		C	С			
Vocational School		+	\vdash	†	P13 C	P13 C	P13 C	P13 C			Р	P17	Р	
			L.	1	616	- B1A	P19	P19	P	P	P	P17	+ -	
Specialized Instruction School			P18	1	P19 C20	P19 C20	C20	C20	J	ł		<u> </u>		
			-	-		P 24 C	P 24 C	P 24 C	C	Р	I P	P	P	
School District Support Facility			1	Į.	C 24	7 24 0	1, 240	P 22	P 23	P 23	P		P	

ROSS REFERENCES:

Land Use Table Instructions, see K.C.C. 21A.08.020 and 21A.02.070
Development Standards, see K.C.C. 21A.12 through 21A.30
General Provisions, see K.C.C. 21A.32 through 21A.38
Application and Review Procedures, see K.C.C. 21A.40 through 21A.44
(*)Definition of this specific Land Use, see K.C.C. 21A.06

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29 30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

42

43

44

45

46

47

48

- b. 836-Residential Care, which is otherwise provided for on
- d. 7212-Garment Pressing and Agents for Laundries and
- 5. Structures shall maintain a minimum distance of 100 feet
- a. Outdoor play areas shall be completely enclosed by a solid wall or fence, with no openings except for gates, and have a
- b. Outdoor play equipment shall maintain a minimum distance of 20 feet from property lines adjoining residential zones.
- 7. Permitted as an accessory use, see commercial/industrial accessory, K.C.C. 21A.08.060A.
- 8. Only as a re-use of a public school facility subject to the provisions of K.C.C. 21A.32, or an accessory use to a school, ((or)) church, or public housing administered by a public agency, provided:
- a. Outdoor play areas shall be completely enclosed by a solid wall or fence, with no openings except for gates and have a minimum height of six feet;
- b. Outdoor play equipment shall maintain a minimum distance of 20 feet from property lines adjoining residential zones;
- c. Direct access to a developed arterial street shall be required in any residential zone; and
- d. Hours of operation may be restricted to assure compatibility with surrounding development.
- 9. As a home occupation only, provided that the square footage limitations in K.C.C. 21A.30 for home occupations applies only to the office space for the clinic, and provided further that:
- a. Boarding or overnight stay of animals is allowed only on sites of 5 acres or more;
 - b. No burning of refuse or dead animals is allowed;
- c. The portion of the building or structure in which animals are kept or treated shall be soundproofed. All run areas, excluding confinement areas for livestock, shall be surrounded by

an eight-foot solid wall and surfaced with concrete or other impervious material; and

- d. The provisions of 21A.30 relative to animal keeping are met.
 - 10.a. No burning of refuse or dead animals is allowed;
- b. The portion of the building or structure in which animals are kept or treated shall be soundproofed. All run areas, excluding confinement areas for livestock, shall be surrounded by an eight-foot solid wall and surface with concrete or other impervious material; and
- c. The provisions of 21A.30 relative to animal keeping are met.
- 11. Only as an accessory to a gasoline service station, see retail and wholesale permitted use table.
- 12. Only as a re-use of a public school facility subject to the provisions of K.C.C. 21A.32.
- 13. Only as a re-use of a surplus non-residential facility subject to K.C.C. 21A.32.
- 14. Covered riding arenas are subject to the provisions of 21A.30.030 and shall not exceed 20,000 square feet provided that; stabling areas, whether attached or detached, shall not be counted in this calculation.
- 15. Limited to projects which do not require or result in an expansion of the sewer ((local service area (LSA))) outside the Urban Growth Area, unless a finding is made that no cost effective alternative technologies are feasible, in which case a tightline to a sewer sized only to meet the needs of the school may be used. In addition, churches are not permitted in the RA-10 and RA-20 zones.
- 16a. For middle/junior high schools and secondary or high schools, only as a re-use of a public school facility subject to the provisions of K.C.C. 21A.32. An expansion of such school facility shall be subject to approval of a conditional use permit and the expansion shall not require or result in an extension of the sewer ((local service area (LSA)))outside the Urban Growth Area, unless a finding is made that no cost effective alternative technologies are feasible, in which case a tightline to a sewer sized only to meet the needs of the school may be used.
- b. Renovation, expansion, modernization, or reconstruction of a school, or the addition of relocatable facilities, is permitted but shall not require or result in an expansion of the sewer ((local service area (LSA))) outside the Urban Growth Area, unless a finding is made that no cost effective alternative technologies are feasible, in which case a tightline to a sewer sized only to meet the needs of the school may be used.
 - 17. All instruction must be within an enclosed structure.
 - 18. Limited to resource management education programs.
 - 19. Only as an accessory to residential use, provided:
 - a. Students are limited to twelve per one hour session,

17

24

33

29

37

41

maintain a minimum distance of 25 feet from property lines adjoining residential zones; and

and

b. On lots over 2.5 acres:

20. Subject to the following:

(1) Retail sales of items related to the instructional courses is permitted, provided total floor area for retail sales is limited to 2,000 square feet;

of 25 feet from property lines adjoining residential zones.

b. All instruction must be within an enclosed structure,

c. Structures used for the school shall maintain a distance

a. Structures used for the school and accessory uses shall

- (2) Sales of food prepared in the instructional courses is permitted, provided total floor area for food sales is limited to 1,000 square feet and is located in the same structure as the school.
- (3) Other incidental student-supporting uses are allowed, provided such uses are found to be both compatible with and incidental to the principal use.
- 21. Limited to source-separated yard or organic waste processing facilities.
- 22. Limited to drop box facilities accessory to a public or community use such as a school, fire station or community center.
- 23. With the exception of drop box facilities for the collection and temporary storage of recyclable materials, all processing and storage of material shall be within enclosed Yard waste processing is not permitted.
 - 24. Only when adjacent to an existing or proposed school.
- 25. Limited to columbariums accessory to a church provided that required landscaping and parking are not reduced.
- 26. Not permitted in R-1 and limited to a maximum of 5,000 square feet per establishment and subject to the additional requirements in K.C.C. 21A.12 .230.
- 27a. New high schools shall be permitted in urban residential and urban reserve zones subject to the review process set forth in Section 21A.42.140.
- b. Renovation, expansion, modernization, or reconstruction of a school, or the addition of relocatable facilities, is permitted.
- SECTION 37. Ordinance 10870, Section 333, and K.C.C. 21A.08.060 are hereby amended to read as follows:

•		RESOURCE RURAL RESIDENTIAL COMMERCIAL/INDU										USTRIAL	
.C.C. 21A.08.060	ļ - }												
. GOVERNMENT/ USINESS SERVICE LAND USES		A G	F	M	R	U R R E	U R	R E	N B E U	C B O U	R B E U	O F	- 2
LAND COES	z	, R I	R	N E	R	B S A E	B	S I	IS GI	M S M I	GS	F	U
	N E	CU	S	R A	L	N R V	N	D E	H N B E	NE	O N N E	E	S T
KEY		L T		L		£		N T	O S R S	I S T S	A S L S		R
Use al Use		U						1	н	Y			A
60		R						A	0				L
		Ε						L	0				
SPECIFIC LAND USE		A	F	м	RA	UR	R1-8	R12-48	NB	C8	RB	0	i <u>(30)</u>
GOVERNMENT SERVICES:													5.46
Public agency or utility office					P3 C5	P3 C	P3 C	P3 C	P4	ا ا	Р	Ρ	P 16
Public agency or utility yard					P 27	P 27	P27	P27			P		
Public agency archives											Р	P	Р
Court		\Box								P4	P	P	
Police Facility										Р	Р	Р	P
Fire Facility					C 6	C 6	C 6	C 6	Р	Р	Ρ	Р	Р
Utility Facility		P7C	С	P 7	P 7 C28	P29 C28	P29 C28	P29 C28	Р	Р	Р	P	P
(Minor Communication Facility	(18)))	((C))	((P))		((C))	((C))	((C))	(4)	((C))	((P))	((P))	((2)) P8	((P)) P8
Private Stormwater Manageme	nt Facility	P8	P8	PB	P8	P8	PB	P8	P8	P8	P8	10	
BUSINESS SERVICES:		Ι΄									P 9	P	P
Construction and Trade										P 25	P	P 10	-
Individual Transportation and T	axi									P 11	P 12	P 13	P
Trucking and Courier Service									├	F 11	F 12	7 13	P
Warehousing, (1) and Wholesale Trade								C 14		P	P	P	, ,
Self-service Storage					0.45	C 15	<u> </u>	U 14			<u> </u>	· · · · · ·	P
Farm Product Warehousing, Re and Storage	frigeration	P 15 C			C 15	C 15	<u> </u>						P
Log Storage		P15	Р		P26		├		ļ		 	ļ	P
Transportation Service			_		Ļ	<u> </u>	ļ		 		P	P	P
Freight and Cargo Service			 —	<u> </u>			<u> </u>		₩-	P	P	P	
Passenger Transportation Servi	ice	<u> </u>	ļ		ļ		ļ				P	P	P
Communication Offices			ļ		ļ				├─	P -	P	 	- -
Telegraph and other Communic General Business Service	cations	-			 		-		P	P	P	P	P16
Professional Office		 	 						P	Р	Р	Р	P 16
Outdoor Advertising Service			\vdash	<u> </u>		1				1	Р	P17	Р
Miscellaneous Equipment Rent	el .	+	\dagger	-	·		1			P17	Р	P17	Ρ
Automotive Rental and Leasing		 	_	 	$\overline{}$	† <u>-</u>				P	Р		Р
Automotive Parking		1	 		P19	P19	P19	P19	P 20	P 20	P 21	P 20	Р
Professional Sport Teams/Pron	noters	 	T		1	T					P	Р	
Research, Development and To		+	1								P2	P2	P2
Heavy Equipment and Truck R			\vdash		$\overline{}$								Р
Commercial/Industrial Accesso			\top	Р	P 22				P22	P22	Р	P	Р
Helistop		1	1			C 23	C 23	C 23	C 23	C 23	C 24	C 23	C 24
		1	1										l

CROSS REFERENCES:

Land Use Table Instructions, see K.C.C. 21A.08.020 and 21A.02.070
Development Standards, see 21A.12 through 21A.30
General Provisions, see K.C.C. 21A.32 through 21A.38
Application and Review Procedures, see K.C.C. 21A.40 through 21A.44
(*) Definition of this specific Land Use, see K.C.C. 21A.06

11621 .

Government/Business Service land uses.

- B. Development Conditions.
 - 1. Except self-service storage.
- 2. Except SIC Industry No. 8732-Commercial Economic, Sociological, and Educational Research, see general business service/office.
- 3.a. Only as a re-use of a public school facility or a surplus non-residential facility subject to the provisions of K.C.C. 21A.32; or
- b. Only when accessory to a fire facility and the office is no greater than 1500 square feet of floor area.
- 4. Only as a re-use of a surplus non-residential facility subject to K.C.C. 21A.32.
- 5. New utility office locations only if there is no commercial/industrial zoning in the utility district, and not in the RA-10 or RA-20 zones unless it is demonstrated that no feasible alternative location is possible.
- 6.a. All buildings and structures shall maintain a minimum distance of 20 feet from property lines adjoining residential zones;
- b. Any buildings from which fire-fighting equipment emerges onto a street shall maintain a distance of 35 feet from such street; ((and))
 - c. No outdoor storage-; and
- d. Excluded from the RA-10 and RA-20 zones unless it is demonstrated that no feasible alternative location is possible.
- 7. Limited to utility transmission, distribution, and service lines and associated switching stations, transmission line booster stations, electrical substations, water tanks, natural gas gate stations and limiting stations.
- 8. Except in commercial/industrial zones or when participating in an approved shared facility drainage plan, such facilities shall be located on the same lot that they are designed to serve except in subdivisions that set aside a separate tract for such facilities. In commercial/industrial zones or shared facilities, such facilities which are not located on the lot they are designed to serve shall be located on a lot with the same or more intensive zoning designation.
 - 9. No outdoor storage of materials.
 - 10. Limited to office uses.
- 11. Limited to self-service household moving truck or trailer rental accessory to a gasoline service station.
- 12. Limited to self-service household moving truck or trailer rental accessory to a gasoline service station and SIC Industry No. 4215-Courier Services, except by air.
- 13. Limited to SIC Industry No. 4215-Courier Services, except by air.

- 14. Accessory to an apartment development of at least 12 units provided:
- a. The gross floor area in self service storage shall not exceed the total gross floor area of the apartment dwellings on the site;
- b. All outdoor lights shall be deflected, shaded and focused away from all adjoining property;
- c. The use of the facility shall be limited to dead storage of household goods;
- d. No servicing or repair of motor vehicles, boats, trailers, lawn mowers or similar equipment;
- e. No outdoor storage or storage of flammable liquids, highly combustible or explosive materials or hazardous chemicals;
 - f. No residential occupancy of the storage units;
- g. No business activity other than the rental of storage units; and
- h. A resident director shall be required on the site and shall be responsible for maintaining the operation of the facility in conformance with the conditions of approval.
 - 15. Limited to products produced on-site.
 - 16. Only as an accessory use to another permitted use.
 - 17. No outdoor storage.
- ((18. Minor communication facilities shall be regulated relative to setback, height and review process pursuant to K.C.C. 21A.26.))

 18. Reserved.
- 19. Limited to commuter parking facilities for users of transit, carpools or ride-share programs, provided:
- a. They are located on existing parking lots for churches, schools, or other permitted nonresidential uses which have excess capacity available during commuting hours; and
- b. The site is adjacent to a designated arterial that has been improved to a standard acceptable to the department of public works.
- 20. No tow-in lots for damaged, abandoned or otherwise impounded vehicles.
- 21. No dismantling or salvage of damaged, abandoned or otherwise impounded vehicles.
- 22. Storage limited to accessory storage of commodities sold at retail on the premises or materials used in the fabrication of commodities sold on the premises.
- 23. Limited to emergency medical evacuation sites in conjunction with police, fire or health service facility.
 - 24. Allowed as accessory to an allowed use.
- 25. Limited to private road ambulance services with no outside storage of vehicles.
 - 26. Limited to 2 acres or less.
- 27 a. Utility yards only on sites with utility district offices; or

- b. Public agency yards are limited to material storage for road maintenance facilities.
- 28. Limited to bulk gas storage tanks which pipe to individual residences but excluding liquified natural gas storage tanks.
 - 29. Excluding bulk gas storage tanks.

30. For I-zoned sites located outside the Urban Growth Area designated by the King County Comprehensive Plan, uses shall be subject to the provisions of the rural industrial district overlay set forth in K.C.C. Chapter 21A.38.

SECTION 38. Ordinance 10870, Section 335, and K.C.C. 21A.08.080 are hereby amended to read as follows:

.C. 21A.08.080		R	ESOURC	CE .	RURAL	RE	SIDENT	IAL	CON	MERC	AL/IND	JSTR	IAL
MANUFACTURING LAND USES K E Y d Use nai Use Jse	Z O N E	AGRICULT U RE	F O R E S T	M I N E R A L	RURAL	URBAR > E	U R B A N	RESIDENT I AL	BUSINESS HBORHOOD	COM MUNESS	REG I ONAL	0 F F - C E	I ND USTRI A L
SPECIFIC LAND USE	1	A	F	M	RA	UR	R1-8	R12-48	NB	СВ	RB	0	1(11)
Food and Kindred Products		P1	P1		((P1))	P1			$\overline{}$		С		P2 C
Winery/Brewery		P1			((C))	P3					С		Р
Textile Mill Products										<u> </u>		<u> </u>	CP
Apparel and other Textile Produc	ts								<u> </u>		С	<u> </u>	P
Wood Products, except furniture		P4	P4 C5		((P4))	P4					C6	.	P
Furniture and Fixtures									<u> </u>	ļ	С	_	C
Paper and Allied Products										 -		070	
Printing and Publishing									P7	P7	P7C	P7C	
Chemicals and Allied Products									<u> </u>	↓		↓	-
Petroleum Refining and related					T			1	1	ļ		1	
industries		İ							↓ ——	┼		╁	c
Rubber and Misc. Plastics Produ	cts		1		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	ļ	├ ──	 	c	┼	P
Leather and Leather Goods						ļ	 	ļ	├	P8	P9	+-	P
Stone, Clay, Glass and Concrete Products					<u> </u>	<u> </u>				\		_	· c
Primary Metal Industries								<u> </u>	 		—	╀—	P
Fabricated Metal Products					L	L	ļ		 	+	 	\vdash	P
Industrial and Commercial Mach						_	↓	ļ		 	+-	+	- c
Heavy Machinery and Equipmen	t					1		 	 	+	 c -	+	C
Computer and Office Equipment						ļ	<u> </u>	_	 			₩-	P
Electronic and other Electric Equ	ipment						-		-	+	+	╅	1
Railroad Equipment									+	+	+	╁	 č
Guided Missile and Space Vehic	ie Parts	3	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	$oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{eta}}}$	↓	↓ —	 	+	+	-	+-	 c
Miscellaneous Transportation Ve				<u> </u>		 			+	+	+-	c	P
Measuring and Controlling Instru	ıments					 				+-	 c	+-	P
Miscellaneous Light Manufactur	ng			 	-			+	+	+	+	+-	1
Motor Vehicle and Bicycle			1			1.	1	1	1	i	1	1	_
Manufacturing		↓	+	ļ		 	+	+	+	+-	+-	+-	P10 C
			1	i	1	í	1	1	_L			4—	
Aircraft, Ship and Boat Building			- -	+		+					l C		P
Aircraft, Ship and Boat Building Tire Retreading Movie Production/Distribution										+	C	+	P

L CROSS REFERENCES:

Land Use Table Instructions, see K.C.C. 21A.08.020 and 21A.02.070 Development Standards, see K.C.C. 21A.12 through 21A.30 General Provisions, see K.C.C. 21A.32 through 21A.38 Application and Review Procedures, see K.C.C. 21A.40 through 21A.44 (*)Definition of this specific Land Use, see K.C.C. 21A.06

Manufacturing land uses.

- B. Development Conditions.
- 1. Limited to agricultural products produced on-site, provided structures and areas used for processing shall maintain a minimum distance of 75 feet from property lines adjoining residential zones.
 - 2. Except slaughterhouses.
 - 3. Only as a home industry, subject to K.C.C. 21A.30.
- 4. Limited to rough milling and planing of products grown onsite with portable equipment.
 - 5. Limited to SIC Industry Group No. 242-Sawmills.
- 6. Limited to uses found in SIC Industry No. 2434-Wood Kitchen Cabinets and No. 2431-Millwork (excluding planing mills).
- 7. Limited to photocopying and printing services offered to the general public.
- 8. Only within enclosed buildings, and as an accessory use to retail sales.
 - 9. Only within enclosed buildings.
- 10. Limited to boat building of craft not exceeding 48 feet in length.
- designated by the King County Comprehensive Plan, uses shown as a conditional use in the table in Section 21A.08.080(A) shall be prohibited, and all other uses shall be subject to the provisions of the rural industrial district overlay set forth in K.C.C. 21A.38.

SECTION 39. Ordinance 10870, Section 336, and K.C.C. 21A.08.090 are hereby amended to read as follows:

.C.C. 21A.08.090		RÉ	SOUF	RCE	RURAL	RE	SIDENT	IAL	СОМ	MERCIA	L/INDU	STRI	AL
A. RESOURCE													
LAND USES	z	A G R	F O R	M I N	R U R	U R R E B S	U R B	R E S	N B E U	C B O U M S	R B E U G S	0 + +	- Z D
•	0	ı	E	E	A	A E	A	ı	GI	МІ	1.1	ı	U
	N E	C	S	R A	L	N R V	. N	D E	H N B E	U N N E	O N N E	C E	S
KEY		L		L		E		N	O S R S	I S T S	AS		R
ted Use		T						T	R S	' 3			'
ional Use		U						- 1	Н	Y		i	Α
i Use		R						A	0	İ		1	L
·		E						L	0				
•									D				
SPECIFIC LAND USE	اا	A	F	М	RA	UR	R1-8	R12-48	NB	СВ	RB	0	
AGRICULTURE:												L	
Growing and Harvesting Crops		ρ	Р		Р	Р	Р			ļ	<u> </u>		۳
Raising Livestock and Small Ani	mais	Р	ъ		P	P	P6						Р
FORESTRY:													\vdash
Growing and Harvesting Forest	Product	P	Р	P7	Р	Р	P	<u> </u>					Р
Forest Research			P		Р	P						P2	P
Fish and Wildlife Management:													
Hatchery/Fish Preserve (1)		Ρ	Ρ		Р	Р	С		<u> </u>				مام
Aquaculture (1)		ρ	P		P	P	С		ļ	-			۰.
Wildlife Shelters		Р	Р		Р	P							
MINERAL:													
Mineral Extraction and Processis	ng		P10 C11	1									
Asphalt/Concrete Mixtures and	Block			P8 C9									Р
RESOURCE ACCESSORY USES:													
Resource Accessory Uses		P3	P4	P5	P3	P3							Р4
			1	L			<u> </u>			<u>.</u>			<u> </u>
			 				<u> </u>	ļ		L		⊢	
		L	<u></u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	L	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Ь	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	

L CROSS REFERENCES:

Land Use Table Instructions, see K.C.C. 21A.08.020 and 21A.02.070 Development Standards, see K.C.C. 21A.12 through 21A.30 General Provisions, see K.C.C. 21A.32 through 21A.38 Application and Review Procedures, see K.C.C. 21A.40 through 21A.44 (*)Definition of this specific Land Use, see K.C.C. 21A.06

Resource land uses.

- B. Development Conditions.
- 1. May be further subject to the provisions of K.C.C. Title 25, Shoreline Management Program.
- 2. Only Forest Research conducted within an enclosed building.
- 3. Housing for agricultural workers and their families employed on the premises only as an accessory to a permanent residence, provided:
 - a. Sites are limited to those with ten acres or more;
- b. Accessory housing is limited to one unit on less than 20 acres, or two on 20 acres or more; and
- c. Accessory housing shall not be rented to the public at large.
 - 4. Excluding housing for agricultural workers.
- 5. Limited to maintenance and/or storage facilities in conjunction with mineral extraction or processing operation.
 - 6. Large livestock allowed only in the R-1 zone.
- 7. Only in conjunction with a mineral extraction site plan approved pursuant to 21A.22.
 - 8. Only as accessory to a primary mineral extraction use.
- 9. Only as a continuation of an existing mineral processing use and subject to the periodic review requirements in Section 21A.22.050.
- 10. Subject to the periodic review requirements in Section 21A.22.050, and a minimum distance of 1/4 mile between the site boundary and any zone other than F.
- 11. If within 1/4 mile of a zone other than F, and the site is subject to the periodic review requirements of Section 21A.22.050.
- SECTION 40. Ordinance 10870, Section 337, and K.C.C. 21A.08.100 are hereby amended to read as follows:

.C. 21A.08.100		RESOUR	E	RURAL	R	ESIDEN	TIAL	COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL					
K E Y Use al Use se	Z O N E U L T U R E	F O R E S T	M I N E R A L	R U R A L	U R R E B S A E N R V E	U R B A N	RESIDENT I AL	N B U S I N E S S S H O O D	COMSINES MUNIS TY	R BU G S I O N E A S L	O F F I C E	INDUSTRI A L	
SPECIFIC LAND USE	A	F	M	RA	UR	R1-8	R12-48	NB	СВ	RB	0	I <u>(15)</u>	
ail	- 	s		S	S	S	S	S	s	S	s	S	
(Werk)) Jail Farm/Camp	s	S	 	S	S	 			<u> </u>	Ť	Ť	 	
Vork Release Facility		+	 	S	S	s	S	s	S	s	S		
				 								_	
Public Agency Animal Control Facili	ity	S		S	S	 		 		s		P	
Public Agency Training Facility		S		S3					S3	S3	S3	C4	
lydroelectric Generation Facility		C14 S	<u> </u>	C14 S	C14 S	C14 S				 			
Ion-hydroelectric Generation Facili	ty C12	S C12	C12 S	C12 S	C12 S	C12 S	C12 S	C12 S	C12 S	C12 S	C12 S	P12 S	
Major Communication Facility	C6c	5 P		C6c S	C6c S	C6c S	C6c S	C6c S	P	P	P	P	
arth Station	P6b	P		C6a S	C6a S	C6a S	C6a S	P6b C	Р	P	P	P	
il and Gas Extraction	S	c	Р	S	S	S	. S	S	s	S	S	C	
nergy Resource Recovery Facility		S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	
oil Recycling Facility		S	S	S								C	
andfill		S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	
ransfer Station			S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S		P	
Vastewater Treatment Facility				S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	u	
Aunicipal Water Production	S	P13 S	S	S	s	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	
Airport/Heliport	S7	S7		S	S	S	S	S	s	S	S	S	
ransit Bus Base				S	S	S	S	S	s	S	s	P	
ransit Park and Ride Lot		↓		S	S	S	S	P	P (۹	Р	P	
				C5 S	C5 S	C5 S	C5 S	S	S	S	S	P	
lecetrack eirground		 		S	S	S8	\$8	S8	S8	\$8 -	S8	s) c	
oo/Wildlife Exhibit (2)				S9	s	S	S		ω w	S		Ş	
tadium/Arena		+ 3 -		39	3	3	3		3	\$		S	
college/University (1)	P10	P10		P10 C11 S	P10 C11 S	P10 C11 S	P10 C11 S	P10 C11 S	Р	P	P	P	

ROSS REFERENCES:

Permitted Use Chart Instructions, see K.C.C. 21A.08.020 and 21A.02.070 Development Standards, see K.C.C. 21A.12 through 21A.30 General Provisions, see KC 21A.32 through 21A.38 Application and Review Procedures, see K.C.C. 21A.40 through 21A.44 (*) Definition of this specific Land Use, see K.C.C. 21A.06

Regional land uses.

- B. Development Conditions.
- 1. Except technical institutions. See vocational schools on General Services land use table, K.C.C. 21A.08.050.
- 2. Except arboretum. See K.C.C. 21A.08.040, Recreation/Cultural land use table.
 - 3. Except weapons armories and outdoor shooting ranges.
 - 4. Except outdoor shooting range.
 - 5. Only in conjunction with an existing or proposed school.
 - 6.a. Limited to no more than three satellite dish antenna.
 - b. Limited to one satellite dish antenna.
 - c. Limited to tower consolidations.
- 7. Limited to landing field for aircraft involved in forestry or agricultural practices or for emergency landing sites.
 - 8. Except racing of motorized vehicles.
 - 9. Limited to wildlife exhibit.
- 10. Only as a re-use of a public school facility subject to the provisions of K.C.C. 21A.32.
- 11. Only as a re-use of surplus non-residential facility subject to the provisions of K.C.C. 21A.32.
 - 12. Limited to cogeneration facilities for on-site use only.
 - 13. Excluding impoundment of water using a dam.
- 14. Limited to facilities that comply with the following provisions:
 - a. Any new diversion structure shall not:
- (1) exceed a height of eight feet as measured from the streambed, or
- (2) impound more than three surface acres of water at the normal maximum surface level.
 - b. There shall be no active storage.
- c. The maximum water surface area at any existing dam or diversion shall not be increased.
- d. An exceedance flow of no greater than 50 percent in mainstream reach shall be maintained.
 - e. Any transmission line shall be limited to a:
 - (1) right-of-way of five mile or less; and
 - (2) capacity of 230 KV or less.
- f. Any new, permanent access road shall be limited to five miles or less.
- g. The facility shall only be located above any portion of the stream used by anadromous fish.
- 15. For I-zoned sites located outside the Urban Growth Area designated by the King County Comprehensive Plan, uses shown as a conditional or special use in Section 21A.08.100(A), except for waste water treatment facilities, shall be prohibited. All other uses, including waste water treatment facilities, shall be subject to the provisions of the rural industrial district overlay set forth in K.C.C. Chapter 21A.38.

SECTION 41. Ordinance 10870, Section 340, and K.C.C. 21A.12.030 are hereby amended to read as follows:

30 A. Densities and dimensions - residential zones														
Z O N E S	RESIDENTIAL													
	RURAL UR RES													
	RA-2.5	RA-5	RA-10	RA-20	UR	R-1 <u>(17)</u>	R-4	R-6	R-8	R-12	R-18	R-24	R-48	
Acre	0.4 du/ac	0.2 du/ac	0.1 du/ac	0.05 du/ac	0.2 du/ac	1 du/ac	4 du/ac (6)	6 du/ac	8 du/ac	12 du/ac	18 du/ac	24 du/ac	48 du/ac	
sity: Acra					·		6 du/ec	9 du/ac	12 du/ec	18 du/ac	27 du/ec	36 du/ec	72 du/ac	
	SEE	K.C.	C.21		A.12.	085	85%	85%	85%	80%	75%	70%	65%	
	135 ft	135 ft	135 ft	<u>135 ft</u>	35 ft (7)	35 ft (7)	30 ft	30 ft	30 ft	30 ft	30 ft	30 ft	30 ft	
et	30 ft	30 ft	30 ft	<u>30 ft</u>	30 ft (7)	30 ft (7)	10 ft (8)	10 ft (8)	10 ft (8)	10 ft (8)	10 ft (8)	10 FT (8)	10 FT (8)	
rior 6)	35 ft (9)	35 ft (9)	35 ft (9)	35 ft (9)	10 ft (7)	10 ft (7)	5 ft	5 ft	5 ft	5 ft (10)	5 ft (10)	5 ft (10)	5 ft (10)	
<u> </u>	40 ft	40 ft	40 ft	40 ft	35 ft	35 ft	35 ft	35 ft	35 ft	60 ft	60 ft	60 ft	60 ft 80 ft (14)	
lding	4% (11) (12)	2% (11) (12)	1 % (1 1) (1 2)	0.5% (11) (12)	10 % (11) (12)	15% (11) (12)	35%	50%	55%	60%	60%	70%	70%	
	15% (13)	10% (13)	((15%) <u>5%</u> (13)	2.5% (13)	20% (13)	20%	45%	70%	75%	85%	85%	85%	90%	

- B. Development Conditions.
- 1. The maximum density may be achieved only through the application of residential density incentives or transfers of density credits pursuant to Chapters 21A.34 or 21A.36. Maximum density may only be exceeded pursuant to Section 21A.34.040 F. 1. f.
 - 2. Also see Section 21A.12.060.
- 3. These standards may be modified under the provisions for zero-lot-line and townhouse developments.
- 4. Height limits may be increased when portions of the structure which exceed the base height limit provide one additional foot of street and interior setback for each foot above the base height limit, provided that the maximum height may not exceed 75 feet.
- 5. Applies to each individual lot. Building coverage and impervious surface area standards for:
- a. regional uses shall be established at the time of permit review; or
- b. nonresidential uses in residential zones shall comply with K.C.C. 21A.12.120 and .220.
- c. individual lots in the R-4 through R-8 zones which are less than 6500 square feet in area shall be subject to the applicable provisions of the R-8 zone.
- 6. Mobile home parks shall be allowed a base density of six dwelling units per acre.
- 7. The standards of the R-4 zone shall apply if a lot is less than 15,000 square feet in area.
- 8. At least 20 linear feet of driveway shall be provided between any garage, carport, or other fenced parking area and the street property line. The linear distance shall be measured along the centerline of the driveway from the access point to such garage, carport or fenced area to the street property line.
- $9.\underline{a.}$ Residences shall have a setback of at least 100 feet from any property line adjoining A, M or F zones or existing extractive operations.
- b. For lots between 1 acre and 2.5 acres in size, the setback requirements of the R-1 zone shall apply. For lots under 1 acre, the setback requirements of the R-4 zone shall apply.
- 10.a. For developments consisting of three or more single-detached dwellings located on a single parcel, the setback shall be 10 feet along any property line abutting R-1 through R-8, RA and UR zones.
- \underline{b} . For townhouse and apartment development, the setback shall be 20 feet along any property line abutting R-1 through R-8, RA and UR zones.
- 11. On any lot over 1 acre in area, an additional 5 percent may be used for buildings related to agricultural or forestry practices.

- 12. ((The maximum building coverage shall be 10 percent where the lot is between 1.0 and 1.25 acres in area.)) The maximum building coverage ((shall be 15 percent where the lot is less than 1 acre in area.)) on lots smaller than 15,000 square feet, shall comply with the standards of the nearest comparable R-4 through R-8 zone. In the RA zone, the maximum building coverage allowed shall be at least 2,500 square feet.
- 13. The maximum impervious surface area allowed shall be at least 10,000 square feet when the lot is greater than 1 acre, and be twenty percent when the lot is ((between 1.0 and 1.25 acres, and thirty-five percent when the lot is)) less than 1 acre ((in area)). Lots smaller than .5 acre in area shall comply with standards of the nearest comparable R-4 through R-8 zone.
- 14. The base height for projects using residential density incentives and transfer of density credits pursuant to this title is 80 feet. In all other cases, the base height is 60 feet.
- 15. Density applies only to dwelling units and not to sleeping units.
- 16. Vehicle access points from garages, carports or fenced parking areas shall be set back from the property line upon which a joint use driveway is located to provide a straight line length of at least 26 feet from the access point to the opposite side of the joint use driveway.
- 17. All subdivisions and short subdivisions in the R-1 zone shall be required to be clustered away from sensitive areas to the extent possible and a permanent open space tract that includes at least 50 percent of the site shall be created.
- SECTION 42. Ordinance 10870, Section 341, and K.C.C. 21A.12.040 are hereby amended to read as follows:

04	. 0	A. Den	sities and	d dimens	ions - res	source a	nd commercial	/industrial zo		62	1		
O N	z	·	·- · · · · ·	RESOURCE			COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL						
	0 N E	^	GRICULTUR	E	FOREST	MINERA L	NEIGHBORHOOD BUSINESS	COMMUNITY BUSINESS	REGIONAL BUSINESS	OFFICE	INDUSTRIAL		
	•	A-10	A-36	A-60	F	M	NB	СВ	RS	0			
1 : 2	\cre	0.1 du/ac	.0286 du/ec	.0167 du/ac	.0125 du/ac		8 du/ac (2)	18 du/ac (2)	36 du/ec (2)	36 du/ec (2)			
0 PA	olty:						12 dw/ec (3)	24 du/ac (3)	48 du/ac (3)	48 du/ec (3)			
t Area		10 acres	36 acres	60 acres	80 acres	10 acres							
<u>ot</u> 1 (((1)))	4 to 1	4 to 1	4 to 1				·		·			
red	ı	30 ft	30 ft	30 ft	100 ft (4)	(12)	10 ft (6)	10 ft (6)	10 ft (5)	10 ft	25 ft		
ter	or	10 ft	10 ft	10 ft	100 ft (4)	(12)	20 ft (7)	20 ft (7)	20 ft (7)	20 ft (7)	20 ft (7) 50 ft (8)		
(1	0)	35 ft	35 Ft	<u>35 ft</u>			35 ft 45 ft (6)	35 ft 60 ft (6)	36 ft 66 ft (6)	45 ft 60 ft (6)	45 ft		
uile	ding	5% 15%(11)	5% 15%(11)	<u>5%</u> 15%(11)	5% 16%(11)								
100	r/Lot						1/1 (9)	1.6/1 (9)	2.5/1 (9)	2.5/1 (9)	2.5/1		
 &u	rface:	16% 36%(11)	10% 35%(11)	10% 35%(11)	10% 35%(11)		86%	85%	90%	75%	90%		

27 28

29

26

30 31 32

33 34 35

36 37 38

40 41

39

43 44

42

4.5 46

- B. Development Conditions.
- 1. ((The depth-to-width ratio shall be no greater than the Reserved. ratio-indicated)).
- 2. These densities are allowed only through the application of mixed use development standards.
- 3. These densities may only be achieved through the application of residential density incentives or transfer of density credits in mixed use developments, see K.C.C. 21A.34 and 21A.36.
- 4. Scaling stations may be located 35 feet from property Residences shall have a setback of at least 30 from all property lines.
- . 5. Gas station pump islands shall be placed no closer than 25 feet to street front lines.
 - 6. This base height allowed only for mixed use developments.
 - 7. Required on property lines adjoining residential zones.
- 8. Required on property lines adjoining residential zones for industrial uses established by conditional use permits.
- 9. The floor/lot ratio for mixed use developments shall conform to K.C.C. 21A.14.
- 10. Height limits may be increased when portions of the structure building which exceed the base height limit provide one additional foot of street and interior setback for each foot above the base height limit, provided the maximum height may exceed 75 feet only in mixed use developments.
- 11. Applicable only to lots containing less than one acre of lot area.
- 12. See Section 21A.22.060 for setback requirements in the mineral zone.
- SECTION 43. Ordinance 10870, Section 345, and K.C.C. 21A.12.080 are hereby amended to read as follows:
- Calculations site area used for base density and maximum density floor area calculations.
- A. All site areas may be used in the calculation of base and maximum allowed residential density or project floor area except as outlined under the provisions of subsection B.((and C.))
- B. Submerged lands shall not be credited toward base and maximum density or floor area calculations.
- ((C. Sites containing sensitive areas shall be further subject to the following provisions when calculating base and maximumdensity or floor area:
- 1. Portions of a site in the following hazard areas shall be included in the site area:
 - a. coal mine,
 - b. erosion,
 - c. seismic,
 - d. volcanic, and
- e. flood. 48

2. Portions of a site in the following sensitive areas shall be excluded from the site area:

a. streams, and

b. wetlands.

3. Partial credit pursuant to K.C.C. 21A.12.080C.4. shall be given to areas of the site in:

a. any sensitive area buffers required pursuant to K.C.C. 21A.24,

b. steep slope hazard areas, and

c. landslide hazard areas.

4. The areas outlined in K.C.C. 21A.12.080.C.3 shall be given partial credit as follows:

Percentage of site in steep

slopes or landslide area or any
sensitive area buffers

Amount of density credit

0-10%

100%

For sites containing between 11 and 100% sensitive areas and/or buffers:

1% reduction of density credit for every percentage of area within a sensitive area and buffer over the initial 10% applied to the area within a sensitive area and buffer.

Example: For a site containing 15% of its sensitive areas and buffers, a 5% reduction shall be applied to the base and maximum density for the area within sensitive areas and/or buffers (95% density applied to the area within sensitive areas and/or buffers).))

5. For the purpose of determining maximum densities, where a portion of a site is classified as sensitive for more than one reason, credit pursuant to K.C.C. 21A.12.080.C shall be given based upon the classification which would create the higher maximum permitted residential density.

SECTION 44. Ordinance 10870, Section 359, and K.C.C. 21A.12.220 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Nonresidential land uses in residential zones. Except for utility facilities, uses listed in K.C.C. 21A.08.100, and nonresidential uses regulated by 21A.12.230, all nonresidential uses located in the RA, UR, or R zones shall be subject to the following requirements:

- A. Building coverage shall not exceed:
 - 1. Twenty percent of the site in the RA zone.
- 2. Forty percent of the site in the UR and the R-1 through R- $\,$ 8 zones.
 - 3. Sixty percent of the site in the R-12 through R-48 zones.
 - B. Impervious surface coverage shall not exceed:

1. Forty percent of the site in the RA zone 11621

- 2. Seventy percent of the site in the UR and the R-1 through R-8 zones.
 - 3. Eighty percent of the site in the R-12 through R-48 zones.
- C. Buildings and structures, except fences and wire or mesh backstops, shall not be closer than 30 feet to any property line, except as provided in subsection D.
- D. Single detached dwelling allowed as accessory to a church or school shall conform to the setback requirements of the zone.
- E. Parking areas are permitted within the required setback area from property lines, provided such parking areas are located outside of the required landscape area.
- F. Sites shall abut or be accessible from at least one public street functioning at a level consistent with King County Road Design Standards. New high school sites shall abut or be accessible from a public street functioning as an arterial per the King County Design Standards.
- G. The base height shall conform to the zone in which the use is located.
- H. Building illumination and lighted signs shall be designed so that no direct rays of light are projected into neighboring residences or onto any street right-of-way.

SECTION 45. Ordinance 10870, Section 361, and K.C.C. 21A.14.010 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Purpose. The purpose of this chapter is to improve the quality of ((urban)) development by providing building and site design standards that:

- A. Reduce the visual impact of large residential buildings from adjacent streets and properties;
- B. Enhance the aesthetic character of large residential buildings;
- C. Contain sufficient flexibility of standards to encourage creative and innovative site and building design; ((and))
 - D. Meet the on-site recreation needs of project residents((\div));
- E. Enhance aesthetics and environmental protection through site design; and
- F. Allow for continued or adaptive reuse of historic resources while preserving their historic and architectural integrity.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 46. A new section is added to K.C.C. 21A.14 to read as follows:

Historic Resources - Applicability. King County shall not approve any development proposal or otherwise issue any authorization to alter, demolish, or relocate any historic resource identified in the King County Historic Resource Inventory without first assuring compliance with the requirements of K.C.C. 20.62, Protection and Preservation of Landmark Sites and Districts. The standards contained in K.C.C. 21A.12, Development Standards - Density and Dimensions, and K.C.C. 21A.16, Development Standards -

Landscaping and Water Use shall be expanded, when necessary, to preserve the aesthetic, visual and historic integrity of the historic resource from the impacts of development on adjacent properties.

SECTION 47. Ordinance 10870, Section 364, and K.C.C. 21A.14.040 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Lot segregations - Clustered development. When residential lot clustering is proposed, the following provisions shall be met:

- A. Any open space resulting from lot clustering shall not be altered or disturbed except as specified on recorded documents creating the open space. Such open spaces may be retained under ownership by the subdivider, conveyed to residents of the development, or conveyed to a third party;
 - B. In the RA zone:
- 1. No more than eight lots of less than 2.5 acres shall be allowed in a cluster;
- No more than eight lots of less than 2.5 acres shall be served by a single cul-de-sac street;
- 3. Clusters containing two or more lots of less than 2.5 acres, whether in the same or adjacent developments, shall be separated from similar clusters by at least 120 feet((, and));
- 4. The overall amount, and the individual degree of clustering shall be limited to a level that can be adequately served by rural facilities and services, including, but not limited to on-site sewage disposal systems and rural roadways, and
- C. In the R-1 zone, open space tracts created by clustering required by section 21A.12.030 shall be located and configured to create urban separators and greenbelts as required by the comprehensive plan, community plans, or local or subarea plans or open space functional plans, to connect and increase protective buffers for environmentally sensitive areas as defined in section 21A.06.1065, to connect and protect wildlife habitat corridors designated by the comprehensive plan, and to connect existing or planned public parks or trails. King County may require open space tracts created under this subsection to be dedicated to an appropriate managing public agency or qualifying private entity such as a nature conservancy.

SECTION 48. Ordinance 10870, Section 378, and K.C.C. 21A.14.180 are hereby amended to read as follows:

On-site recreation - Space required.

- A. Residential developments if more than four units in the UR and R zones, and mixed use developments if more than four units, shall provide recreation space for leisure, play and sport activities as follows:
- Residential subdivision and townhouses developed at a density of eight units or less per acre - 390 square feet per unit;
 - 2. Mobile home park 260 square feet per unit; and

- 3. Apartment, townhouses developed at a density of greater than eight units per acre, and mixed use:
 - a. Studio and one bedroom 90 square feet per unit;
 - b. Two bedroom 130 square feet per unit; and
 - c. Three or more bedroom 170 square feet per unit;
 - B. Any recreation space located outdoors shall:
 - 1. Be of a grade and surface suitable for recreation;
 - 2. Be on the site of the proposed development;
- 3. Have no dimensions less than 20 feet (except trail
 segments);
- 4. In single detached or townhouse subdivision development with at least 5000 square feet of required outdoor recreation space, have a street roadway or parking area frontage along 10 to 50 percent of the recreation space perimeter (except trail segments);
- 5. Be centrally located and accessible and convenient to all residents within the development; and
- 6. Be connected by trail or walkway to any existing or planned community park, public open space or trail system, which may be located on adjoining property.
- C. Indoor recreation areas may be credited towards the total recreation space requirement, when the county determines that such areas are located, designed and improved in a manner which provides recreational opportunities functionally equivalent to those recreational opportunities available outdoors. For senior citizen assisted housing, indoor recreation areas need not be functionally equivalent but may include social areas, game and craft rooms, and other multi-purpose entertainment and education areas.
- D. Stormwater runoff tracts may be credited for up to 50% of the on-site recreation space requirement, subject to the following criteria;
- 1. The stormwater runoff tract is dedicated or reserved as a part of a recreation space tract;
- 2. The detention pond shall be constructed to meet the following conditions:
- a. The side slope of the stormwater facilities shall not exceed 33% unless slopes are existing, natural and covered with vegetation;
- b. A bypass system or an emergency overflow pathway shall be designed to handle flow exceeding the facility design and located so that it does not pass through active recreation areas or present a safety hazard;
- c. The stormwater facilities shall be landscaped in a manner to enhance passive recreation opportunities such as trails and aesthetic viewing; and
- d. The stormwater facilities shall be designed so they do not require fencing pursuant to the Surface Water Design Manual.

3. In the case of joint use of the tract for stormwater facilities and recreation space, the King County department of public works shall be responsible for maintenance of the stormwater facilities only and will require an access easement for that purpose.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 49. There is hereby added to K.C.C. 21A.14 a new section to read as follows:

Recreation space - Fees in lieu of. If on-site recreation space is not provided, the applicant shall pay a fee-in-lieu of actual recreation space. King County acceptance of this payment is discretionary, and may be permitted if the proposed on-site recreation space does not meet the criteria of this chapter, or the recreation space provided within a county park in the vicinity will be of greater benefit to the prospective residents of the development. Fees provided in-lieu of on-site recreation space shall be determined annually by the Parks Division on the basis of the typical market value of the required recreation space land area prior to the development. Any recreational space provided by the applicant shall be credited toward the required fees.

SECTION 50. Ordinance 10870, Section 382, and K.C.C. 21A.14.220 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Fences. Fences are permitted as follows:

- A. Fences exceeding a height of six feet are subject to the requirements in the building code for a building permit and shall comply with the applicable street and interior setbacks of the zone in which the property is located;
- B. The height of a fence located on a rockery, retaining wall, or berm shall be measured from the top of the fence to the ground on the low side of the rockery, retaining wall, or berm;
- C. When a protective fence is located on top of a rockery within the required setback area, any portion of the fence above a height of six feet shall be an open-work fence;
 - D. Electric fences shall:
- 1. Be permitted in all zones, provided that when placed within R-4 through R-48 zones, additional fencing or other barriers shall be constructed to prevent inadvertent contact with the electric fence from abutting property;
 - 2. Comply with the following requirements:
- a. An electric fence using an interrupted flow of current at intervals of about one second on and two seconds off shall be limited to 2,000 volts at 17 milliamp;
- b. An electric fence using continuous current shall be limited to 1,500 volts at seven milliamp;
- c. All electric fences in the R-4 through R-48 zones shall be posted with permanent signs a minimum of 36 square inches in area at 50 foot intervals stating that the fence is electrified; and

- d. Electric fences sold as a complete and assembled unit can be installed by an owner if the controlling elements of the installation are certified by an A.N.S.I. approved testing agency; and

 E. Except as specifically required for the necessary security
- related to a nonresidential use, no barbed or razor-wire fence shall be located in any R-4 through R-48 zone.

SECTION 51. Ordinance 10870, Section 384, and K.C.C. 21A.14.240 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Trail Corridors - Design standards. Trail design shall be reviewed by the ((parks))department of development and environmental services for consistency with adopted standards for:

- A. Width of the trail corridor;
 - B. Location of the trail corridor on the site;
 - C. Surfacing improvements; and
 - D. Use(s) permitted within the corridor.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 52. There is hereby added to K.C.C. 21A.14 a new section to read as follows:

Wildlife habitat corridors - Applicability.

Habitat corridors shall be set aside and protected along the designated wildlife habitat network adopted by the King County comprehensive plan as follows:

- A. Wildlife habitat corridors shall apply to the following development activities on parcels which include a portion of a designated wildlife habitat corridor:
- 1. All urban planned developments, subdivisions and short subdivisions;
- 2. All building permits on individual lots created prior to January 1, 1995.
- B. Habitat corridors shall be identified and protected in one of the following ways:
- · 1. Urban planned developments, subdivisions and short subdivisions shall either place the corridor in a contiguous permanent open-space tract with all developable lots sited on the remaining portion of the project site, or shall design the lots so that conservation easements on individual lots can form a contiguous easement covering the corridor.
- 2. Individual lots shall place the corridor in a conservation easement.
- C. All tracts or conservation easements shall be configured to meet the design standards in section 53 of this ordinance.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 53. There is hereby added to K.C.C. 21A.14 a new section to read as follows:

Wildlife habitat corridors - Design standards.

Corridor design shall be reviewed by the department for consistency with the following standards:

A. The wildlife habitat corridor shall be sited on the property in order to meet the following conditions:

tracts or wooded areas on adjacent properties, if present. 12 C. The wildlife corridor tract shall be permanently marked 13 consistent with the methods contained in K.C.C. 21A.24.160. 14 Conservation easements are exempt from the permanent parking 15 requirement. 16 D. A management plan for the wildlife corridor contained within 17 a tract or tracts shall be prepared which specifies the permissible 18 extent of recreation, forestry or other uses compatible with 19 preserving and enhancing the wildlife habitat value of the tract or 20 tracts. The management plan shall be reviewed and approved by the 21 department. The approved management plan for an urban planned 22 development or subdivision shall be contained within and recorded 23 with the covenants, conditions and restrictions (CCRs). If the 24 wildlife corridor is contained in a conservation easement, a 25 management plan is not required, but may be submitted to the 26 department for review and approval, and recorded with the 27 conservation easement. 28 E. Clearing within the wildlife corridor contained in a tract 29 or tracts shall be limited to that allowed by the management plan. 30 No clearing shall be allowed within a wildlife corridor contained 31 within a conservation easement on individual lots, unless the 32 property owner has an approved management plan. 33 F. A homeowners association or other entity capable of long 34 term maintenance and operation shall be established to monitor and 35 assure compliance with the management plan. 36 G. Wildlife corridors set aside in tracts or conservation 37 easements shall meet the provisions in 16.82.150. 38 H. The permanent open space tract containing the wildlife 39 corridor may be credited toward the other applicable requirements 40 such as surface water management and the recreation space 41 requirement of K.C.C. 21A.14.180, provided the proposed uses within 42 the tract are compatible with preserving and enhancing the wildlife 43 habitat value. Restrictions on other uses within the wildlife 44 corridor tract shall be clearly identified in the management plan. 45 I. At the discretion of the director, these standards may be 46 waived or reduced for public facilities such as schools, fire 47 stations, parks, and public road projects. 48

Forms one contiguous tract that enter

on the property in order to meet the following conditions:

crosses the property boundary;

and their buffers; and

property at the points the designated wildlife habitat network

2. Maintains a width, wherever possible, of 300 feet. The

B. When feasible, the wildlife habitat corridor shall be sited

Connect isolated sensitive areas or habitat; and

Connect with wildlife habitat corridors, open space

Be contiguous with and may include sensitive area tracts

network shall not be less than a minimum of 150 feet at any point;

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

SECTION 54. Ordinance 10870, Section 388, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.16.030 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Land use grouping. In order to facilitate the application of this chapter, the land uses of K.C.C. 21A.08 have been grouped in the following manner.

- A. Residential development shall refer to those uses listed in K.C.C. 21A.08.030, except those uses listed under Accessory uses, provided:
 - 1. Attached/group residences shall refer to:
 - a. townhouses, except as provided in Subsection 2a;
- b. apartments, and detached dwelling units developed on common property at a density of 12 or more units per acre;
 - c. senior citizen assisted;
 - d. temporary lodging;
- e. group residences other than Type I community residential facilities;
 - f. mobile home parks; and
 - 2. Single family development shall refer to:
- a. residential subdivisions, including attached and detached dwelling units on individually platted lots; and
 - b. any detached dwelling units located on a lot; and
 - c.((t))Type I community residential facilities.
 - B. Commercial development shall refer to those uses in:
- K.C.C. 21A.08.040 as amusement/entertainment uses, except golf facilities;
- 2. K.C.C. 21A.08 050 except recycling centers, health and educational services, daycare I, churches, synagogues, and temples; and
- 3. K.C.C. 21A.08.070, except forest product sales and agricultural crop sales.
 - C. Industrial development shall refer to those uses listed in:
 - 1. K.C.C. 21A.08.050 as recycling center;
 - 2. K.C.C. 21A.08.060 except government services;
 - 3. K.C.C. 21A.08.080; and
 - 4. K.C.C. 21A.08.090 as mineral extraction and processing.
- D.Institutional development shall refer to those uses listed in:
 - 1. K.C.C. 21A.08.040 as cultural uses, except arboretums;
- 2. K.C.C. 21A.08.050 as churches, synagogues and temples, health services, and education services except specialized instruction schools permitted as an accessory use; and
 - 3. K.C.C. 21A.08.060 as government services.
- E. Utility development shall refer to those listed in K.C.C. 21A.08.060 as utility facilities.
- F. Uses contained in K.C.C. 21A.08 that are not listed in subsections A-E of this section shall not be subject to landscaping and tree retention requirements except as specified in any applicable review of a conditional use or special use permits.

 SECTION 55. Ordinance 10870, Section 389, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.16.040 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Landscaping - screen types and description. The three types of landscaping screens are described and applied as follows:

- A. Type I landscaping screen:
- 1. Type I landscaping is a "full screen" that functions as a visual barrier. This landscaping is typically found adjacent to freeways and between residential and non-residential areas.
 - 2. Type I landscaping shall minimally consist of:
- a. A mix of primarily evergreen trees and shrubs generally interspersed throughout the landscape strip and spaced to form a continuous screen;
 - b. Between 70 and 90 percent evergreen trees;
- c. Trees provided at the rate of one per 10 linear feet of landscape strip and spaced no more than 30 feet apart on center;
- d. Evergreen shrubs provided at the rate of one per linear four feet; of landscape strip and spaced no more than 8 feet apart on center; and
 - e. Ground cover pursuant to K.C.C. 21A.16.090;
 - B. Type II landscaping screen:
- 1. Type II landscaping is a "filtered screen" that functions as a visual separator. This landscaping is typically found between commercial and industrial uses; between differing types of residential development; and to screen industrial uses from the street;
 - 2. Type II landscaping shall minimally consist of:
- a. A mix of evergreen and deciduous trees and shrubs generally interspersed throughout the landscape strip spaced to create a filtered screen;
- b. At least 50 percent deciduous trees and at least 30 percent evergreen trees;
- c. Trees provided at the rate of one per 20 linear feet of landscape strip and spaced no more than 30 feet apart on center;
- d. Shrubs provided at the rate of one per four linear feet of landscape strip and spaced no more than eight feet apart on center; and
 - e. Ground cover pursuant to K.C.C. 21A.16.090;
 - C. Type III landscaping screen:
- 1. Type III landscaping is a "see-through screen" that functions as a partial visual separator to soften the appearance of parking areas and building elevations. This landscaping is typically found along street frontage or between apartment developments;
 - 2. Type III landscaping shall minimally consist of:
- a. A mix of evergreen and deciduous trees generally interspersed throughout the landscape strip and spaced to create a continuous canopy;
 - b. At least 70 percent deciduous trees;

- c. Trees provided at the rate of one per linear 25 feet of landscape strip and spaced no more than 30 feet apart on center;
- d. Shrubs provided at the rate of one per four linear feet of landscape strip and spaced no more than 8 feet apart on center; and
 - e. Ground cover pursuant to K.C.C. 21A.16.090.

SECTION 56. Ordinance 10870, Section 390, and K.C.C. 21A.16.050 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Landscaping - street frontages. The average width of perimeter landscaping along street frontages shall be provided as follows:

- A. Twenty feet of Type II landscaping shall be provided for an institutional use, excluding playgrounds and playfields;
- B. Ten feet of Type II landscaping shall be provided for an industrial development;
- C. Ten feet of Type II landscaping shall be provided for an above ground utility facilities development, excluding distribution and transmission corridors, located outside a public right-of-way;
- D. Ten feet of Type III landscaping shall be provided for a commercial or attached/group residence development; and
 - E. For single family subdivisions:
- 1. Trees shall be planted at the rate of one tree for every 40 feet of frontage along a neighborhood collector street or arterial street.
 - 2. The trees shall be:
- a. Located within the street right-of-way if permitted by the custodial state or local agency;
- b. No more than 20 feet from the street right-of-way line when located within a lot;
- c. Maintained by the adjacent landowner unless part of a county maintenance program; and
- . d. A species approved by the county if located within the street right-of way.
- 3. The trees may be spaced at irregular intervals in order to accommodate sight distance requirements for driveways and intersections.

SECTION 57. Ordinance 10870, Section 394, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.16.090 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Landscaping - additional standards for required landscape areas. In addition to the general standards of K.C.C. 21A.16.085, landscape areas required pursuant to K.C.C. 21A.16.050 through .080 shall conform to the following standards:

A. All plants shall conform to American Association of Nurserymen (AAN) grades and standards as published in the "American Standard for Nursery Stock" manual, provided that existing healthy vegetation used to augment new plantings shall not be required to meet the standards of this manual;

.0 .1

L2 L3

- B. Single-stemmed trees required pursuant to this chapter shall at the time of planting conform to the following standards:
 - 1. In parking area landscaping and in street rights-of-way:
- a. Deciduous trees shall have a minimum caliper of 1.75 inches and a height of 10 feet, and
- b. Coniferous and broadleaf evergreens shall be at least five feet in height;
 - 2. In all other required landscape areas:
- a. Deciduous trees shall have a minimum caliper of 1.5 inches and a height of ten feet, and
- b. Coniferous and broadleaf evergreen trees shall be at least five feet in height.
- C. Multiple-stemmed trees shall be permitted as an option to single-stemmed trees provided that such multiple-stemmed trees are:
 - 1. At least six feet in height, and
 - Not allowed within street rights-of-way;
- D. When the width of any landscape strip is 20 feet or greater, the required trees shall be staggered in two or more rows;
 - E. Shrubs shall be:
- 1. At least an AAN container class #2 size at time of planting in Type II, III and parking area landscaping,
- 2. At least 24 inches in height at the time of planting for Type I landscaping, and
- 3. Maintained at a height not exceeding 42 inches when located in Type III or parking area landscaping;
- F. Ground covers shall be planted and spaced to result in total coverage of the majority of the required landscape area within three years.
- G. All fences shall be placed on the inward side of any required perimeter landscaping along the street frontage.
- H. Required street landscaping may be placed within King County street rights-of-way subject to the County Road Design Standards((with the permission of the King County department of public works)), provided adequate space is maintained along the street line to replant the required landscaping should subsequent street improvements require the removal of landscaping within the rights-of-way;
- I. Required street landscaping may be placed within Washington ((+))State rights-of-way subject to permission of the Washington ((+))State ((+))Department of ((+))Transportation.
- J. New landscape material provided within areas of undisturbed vegetation or within the protected area of significant trees shall give preference to utilizing indigenous plant species.

SECTION 58. Ordinance 10870, Section 395, and K.C.C. 21A.16.100 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Landscaping - alternative options. The following alternative landscape options may be allowed, subject to county approval, only if they accomplish equal or better levels of screening, or when

existing conditions on or adjacent to the site, such as significant topographic differences, vegetation, structures or utilities would render application of this chapter ineffective or result in scenic view obstruction:

- A. The amount of required landscape area may be reduced to ensure that the total area for required landscaping, and/or the area remaining undisturbed for the purpose of wildlife habitat or corridors does not exceed 15 percent of the net developable area of the site. For the purpose of this subsection, the net developable area of the site shall not include areas deemed unbuildable due to their location within sensitive areas and any associated buffers.
- B. The average width of the perimeter landscape strip may be reduced up to 25 percent along any portion where:
- 1. Berms at least three feet in height or architectural barriers at least six feet in height are incorporated into the landscape design; or
- 2. The landscape materials are incorporated elsewhere on-site;
- C. In pedestrian district overlays, street perimeter landscaping may be waived provided a site plan, consistent with the applicable adopted area zoning document, is approved that provides street trees and other pedestrian-related amenities; and
- D. Landscaping standards for uses located in a rural town or rural business centers designated by the comprehensive plan may be waived or modified by the director if deemed necessary to maintain the historic character of the area. Where a local or subarea plan with design guidelines has been adopted, the director shall base the landscaping modifications on the policies and guidelines of such plan.
- $((D\cdot))E$. When an existing structure precludes installation of the total amount of required site perimeter landscaping, such landscaping material shall be incorporated on another portion of the site.
- $((E_{-}))E_{-}$ Single-stemmed deciduous tree species that cannot generally be planted and established in larger sizes may have a caliper of less than 1.5 inches; and
- $((F_{\bullet}))G_{\bullet}$. The number of trees and shrubs to be provided in required perimeter and parking area landscaping may be reduced up to 25 percent when a development uses landscaping materials consisting of species typically associated with the Puget Sound Basin in the following proportions:
 - 1. Seventy-five percent of groundcover and shrubs, and
 - 2. Fifty percent of trees.
- $((G_{-}))\underline{H}$. The department shall, pursuant to K.C.C. 2.98, develop and maintain an advisory listing of trees recommended for new plantings. Such list shall describe their general characteristics and suitability, and provide guidelines for their inclusion within required landscape areas.

SECTION 59. Ordinance 10870, Section 406, and K.C.C. 21A are hereby amended to read as follows:

Authority and application.

A Refore an occupancy permit may be granted for any new

- A. Before an occupancy permit may be granted for any new or enlarged building or for a change of use in any existing building, the use shall be required to meet the provisions of this chapter.
- B. If this chapter does not specify a parking requirement for a land use, the director shall establish the minimum requirement based on a study of anticipated parking demand. Transportation demand management actions taken at the site shall be considered in determining anticipated demand. If the site is located in an activity center or community business center, the minimum requirement shall be set at a level less than the anticipated demand, but at no less than 75 percent of the anticipated demand. In the study the applicant shall provide sufficient information to demonstrate that the parking demand for a specific land use will be satisfied. Parking studies shall be prepared by a professional engineer with expertise in traffic and parking analyses, ((unless)) or an equally qualified individual ((is)) as authorized by the director.
- C. If the required amount of off-street parking has been proposed to be provided off-site, the applicant shall provide written contracts with affected landowners showing that required off-street parking shall be provided in a manner consistent with the provisions of this chapter. The contracts shall be reviewed by the director for compliance with this chapter, and if approved, the contracts shall be recorded with the county records and elections division as a deed restriction on the title to all applicable properties. These deed restrictions may not be revoked or modified without authorization by the director.
- D. Upon request from the proponent of any use subject to the provisions of this chapter located in a rural town, rural neighborhood center, or any commercial zone located in a rural area or natural resource production district designated by the comprehensive plan, the director may waive or modify the requirements of this chapter in order to protect or enhance the historic character of the area, and to reduce the need for pavement or other impervious surfaces. Where a neighborhood or subarea plan with design guidelines that includes the subject property has been adopted, the director shall base allowable waivers or modifications on the policies and guidelines in such plan.

SECTION 60. Ordinance 10870, Section 408, and K.C.C. 21A.18.040 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Shared parking requirements. The amount of off-street parking required by K.C.C. 21A.18.030 may be reduced by an amount determined by the director when shared parking facilities for two or more uses are proposed, provided:

A. The total parking area exceeds 5,000 square feet;

- B. The parking facilities are designed and developed as a single on-site common parking facility, or as a system of on-site and off-site facilities, if all facilities are connected with improved pedestrian facilities and no building or use involved is more than eight hundred feet from the most remote shared facility;
- C. The amount of the reduction shall not exceed ten percent for each use, unless:
- 1. The normal hours of operation for each use are separated by at least one hour; or
- 2. A parking demand study is prepared by a professional traffic engineer and submitted by the applicant documenting that the hours of actual parking demand for the proposed uses will not conflict and ((that)) those uses will be served by adequate parking if shared parking reductions are authorized;
- 3. The director will determine the amount of reduction ((but)) subject to paragraph D of this section.
- D. The total number of parking spaces in the common parking facility is not less than the minimum required spaces for any single use;
- E. A covenant or other contract for shared parking between the cooperating property owners is approved by the director. This covenant or contract must be recorded with King County records and elections division as a deed restriction on both properties and cannot be modified or revoked without the consent of the director; and
- F. If any requirements for shared parking are violated, the affected property owners must provide a remedy satisfactory to the director or provide the full amount of required off-street parking for each use, in accordance with the requirements of this chapter, unless a satisfactory alternative remedy is approved by the director.

SECTION 61. Ordinance 10870, Section 410, and K.C.C. 21A.18.060 are hereby amended to read as follows:

((Handicapped parking requirements)) Parking for the disabled. Offstreet parking and access for physically handicapped persons shall be provided in accordance with Section 7503 of the regulations adopted pursuant to RCW 19.27, State Building Code, and RCW 70.92, Public Buildings-Provisions for Aged and ((Handicapped)) Disabled.

SECTION 62. Ordinance 10870, Section 412, and K.C.C. 21A.18.080 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Stacking spaces for drive-through facilities.

A. A stacking space shall be an area measuring eight feet by 20 feet with direct forward access to a service window of a drive-through facility. A stacking space shall be located to prevent any vehicles from extending onto the public right-of-way, or interfering with any pedestrian circulation, traffic maneuvering, or other parking space areas. Stacking spaces for drive-through or drive-in uses may not be counted as required parking spaces.

8

16 17 18

19 20 21

22

23 24 25

27 28 29

26

31 32 33

34

35

30

36 37 38

39 40 41

42

43

44 45

46 47

- B. Uses providing drive-up or drive-through services shall provide vehicle stacking spaces as follows:
- For each drive-((up window)) through lane of a bank/financial institution, business service, or other drivethrough use not listed, a minimum of five stacking spaces shall be provided; and
- 2. For each ((service window of a))drive-through lane of a restaurant, a minimum of seven stacking spaces shall be provided.

SECTION 63. Ordinance 10870, Section 413, and K.C.C. 21A.18.090 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Transit and rideshare provisions.

- A. All land uses listed in K.C.C. 21A.08.060 A (Government/Business Services), and in K.C.C. 21A.08.080 A (Manufacturing), hospitals, high schools, vocational schools, universities and specialized instruction schools shall be required to reserve one parking space of every 25 required spaces for rideshare parking as follows:
- 1. The parking spaces shall be located closer to the primary employee entrance than any other employee parking except ((handicapped)) disabled;
- 2. Reserved areas shall have markings and signs indicating that the space is reserved; and
- '3. Parking in reserved areas shall be limited to vanpools and carpools established through ride share programs by public agencies and to vehicles meeting minimum rideshare qualifications set by the employer;
- B. The director may reduce the number of required off-street parking spaces when one or more scheduled transit routes provide service within 660 feet of the site. The amount of reduction shall be based on the number of scheduled transit runs between 7:00 -9:00AM and 4:00 - 6:00PM each business day up to a maximum reduction as follows:
- 1. Four percent for each run serving land uses in K.C.C. 21A.08.060 A (Government/Business Services) and K.C.C. 21A.08.080 A (Manufacturing) up to a maximum of forty percent; and
- 2. Two percent for each run serving land uses in K.C.C. 21A.08.040 A (Recreation/Culture), 21A.08.050 A (General Services) and 21A.08.060 A (Retail/Wholesale) up to a maximum of twenty percent; and
- C. All uses which are located on an existing transit route and are required under the computation for required off-street parking spaces in K.C.C. 21A.18.030 A. to provide more than 200 parking spaces may be required to provide transit shelters, bus turnout lanes or other transit improvements as a condition of permit approval. Uses which reduce required parking under subsection B of this section shall provide transit shelters if transit routes adjoin the site.

SECTION 64. Ordinance 10870, Section 414, and K.C.C. 21A.18.100 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Pedestrian and bicycle circulation and access.

- A. All uses, in designated activity, community business and neighborhood business centers, except single detached residential building permits, shall provide pedestrian and bicycle access within and onto the site. Pedestrian access points shall be provided at all pedestrian arrival points to the development including the property edges, adjacent lots, abutting street intersections, crosswalks, and at transit stops. Pedestrian access shall be located as follows:
- 1. Access points at property edges and to adjacent lots shall be coordinated with existing and potential development of the adjacent parcels, to provide circulation patterns between developments;
- 2. Residential developments shall provide <u>non-motorized</u> links between cul-de-sacs or groups of buildings to allow pedestrian access from within the development and from adjacent developments to activity centers, parks, common tracts, open spaces, schools or other public facilities, transit stops and public streets.
- B. Pedestrian walkways shall form an on-site circulation system that minimizes the conflict between pedestrians and traffic at all points of pedestrian access to on-site parking and building entrances. Pedestrian walkways shall be provided when the pedestrian access point or any parking space is more than 75 feet from the building entrance or principal on-site destination and as follows:
- 1. All developments which contain more than one building shall provide walkways between the principal entrances of the buildings;
- 2. All non-residential buildings set back more than 100 feet from the public right-of-way shall provide for direct pedestrian access from the building to buildings on adjacent lots; and
- 3. Pedestrian walkways across parking areas shall be located as follows:
- a. Walkways running parallel to the parking rows shall be provided for every four rows. Rows without walkways shall be landscaped or contain barriers or other means to encourage pedestrians to use the walkways; and
- b. Walkways running perpendicular to the parking rows shall be no further than twenty parking spaces. Landscaping, barriers or other means shall be provided between the parking rows to encourage pedestrians to use the walkways;
- C. Pedestrian access and walkways shall meet the following minimum design standards:
- 1. Access and walkways shall be well lit and physically separated from driveways and parking spaces by landscaping, berms,

13 14 15

12

17 18 19

16

21 22 23

24

20

33

34

35 36 37

42

43

44 45 46

47 48 barriers, grade separation or other means to protect pedestrians from vehicular traffic;

- 2. Access and walkways shall be a minimum of 60 inches of unobstructed width and meet the surfacing standards of the King County Road Standards for walkways or sidewalks;
- 3. Access shall be usable by mobility impaired persons and shall be designed and constructed to be easily located by the sight impaired pedestrian by either grade change, texture or other equivalent means;
- 4. A crosswalk shall be required when a walkway crosses a driveway or a paved area accessible to vehicles;
- ((5. Wherever-walkways are provided, raised crosswalks or speed bumps shall be located at all points where a walkway crosses the lane of vehicle travel; and))
- D. Blocks in excess of ((900)) 660 feet shall be provided with a crosswalk at the approximate midpoint of the block.

SECTION 65. Ordinance 10870, Section 415, and K.C.C. 21A.18.110 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Off-street parking plan design standards.

- A. Off-street parking areas shall not be located more than 500 feet from the building they are required to serve for all uses except those specified below; where the off-street parking areas do not abut the buildings they serve, the required maximum distance shall be measured from the nearest building entrance that the parking area serves:
- 1. For all single detached dwellings the parking spaces shall be located on the same lot they are required to serve;
- 2. For all other residential dwellings at least a portion of parking areas shall be located within 100 feet from the building(s) they are required to serve; and
- 3. For all non-residential uses permitted in residential zones, the parking spaces shall be located on the same lot they are required to serve and at least a portion of parking areas shall be located within 150 feet from the nearest building entrance they are required to serve.
- 4. In designated activity, community business, and neighborhood business centers, parking lots should be located to the rear or sides of buildings, when feasible.
- B. The minimum parking space and aisle dimensions for the most common parking angles are shown on chart below. For parking angles other than those shown on the chart, the minimum parking space and aisle dimensions shall be determined by the director. Regardless of the parking angle, one-way aisles shall be at least 10 feet wide, and two-way aisles shall be at least 20 feet wide. plans for angle parking shall use space widths no less than eight feet six inches for a standard parking space design and eight feet for a compact car parking space design.

MINIMUM PARKING STALL AND AISLE DIMENSIONS.

	В	С	D	E	F
PARKING	STALL	CURB	STALL	AISLE WIDTH	UNIT DEPTH
ANGLE	WIDTH	LENGTH	DEPTH	1-WAY 2-WAY	1-WAY 2-WAY
0	8.0*	20.0*	8.0	12.0 20.0	** **
	Min 8.5	22.5	8.5	12.0 20.0	29.0 37.0
	Desired 9.0	22.5	9.0	12.0 20.0	30.0 38.0
30	8.0*	16.0*	15.0	10.0 20.0	** **
	Min 8.5	17.0	16.5	10.0 20.0	42.0 53.0
	Desired 9.0	18.0	17.0	10.0 20.0	44.0 54.0
45	8.0* Min 8.5 Desired 9.0	11.5* 12.0 12.5	17.0*	12.0 20.0 12.0 20.0 12.0 20.0	** ** 50.0 58.0 51.0 59.0
60	8.0*	9.6*	18.0	18.0 20.0	** **
	Min 8.5	10.0	20.0	18.0 20.0	58.0 60.0
	Desired 9.0	10.5	21.0	18.0 20.0	60.0 62.0
90	8.0*	8.0*	16.0*	23.0 23.0	** **
	Min 8.5	8.5	20.0	23.0 23.0	63.0 63.0
	Desired 9.0	9.0	20.0	23.0 23.0	63.0 63.0

- * for compact stalls only
- ** variable with compact and standard combinations
- C. Any parking spaces abutting a landscaped area on the driver or passenger side of the vehicle shall provide an additional 18 inches above the minimum space width requirement to provide a place to step other than in the landscaped area. The additional width shall be separated from the adjacent parking space by a parking space division stripe. The parking space depth may be reduced when vehicles overhang a walkway under the following conditions:
 - 1. Wheelstops or curbs are installed; and
- 2. The remaining walkway provides a minimum of 60 inches of unimpeded passageway for pedestrians.
- D. The amount of space depth reduction is limited to a maximum of 18 inches.
- E. Driveways providing ingress and egress between off-street parking areas and abutting streets shall be designed, located and constructed in accordance with the provisions of K.C.C. 14.42, Road Standards. Driveways for single detached dwellings, no more than 20 feet in width, may cross required setbacks or landscaped areas in order to provide access between the off-street parking areas and the street, provided no more than 15 percent of the required landscaping or setback area is ((displaced))eliminated by the driveway. Driveways for all other developments may cross required setbacks or landscaped areas in order to provide access between the off-street parking areas and the street, provided no more than 10

L 3

- F. ((Required p)) Parking spaces required per this title shall be located outside of any required setbacks, provided driveways located in setbacks may be used for parking. However, if the driveway is a joint use driveway, no vehicle parked on the driveway shall obstruct any joint users' access to the driveway or parking spaces.
- G. Lighting shall be provided for safety of traffic and pedestrian circulation on the site((, as required by K.C.C.16.04, the Uniform Building Code)). It shall be designed to minimize direct illumination of abutting properties and adjacent streets. The director shall have the authority to waive the requirement to provide lighting.
- H. Tandem or end-to-end parking is allowed in residential developments. Apartment/townhouse developments may have tandem parking areas for each dwelling unit but shall not combine parking for separate dwelling units in tandem parking areas.
- I. All vehicle parking and storage for single detached dwellings must be in a garage, carport or on an approved impervious surface. Any impervious surface used for vehicle parking or storage must have direct and unobstructed driveway access.
- J. The total number of vehicles parked or stored outside of a building on a single family lot in the R-4 through R-8 zones, excluding recreational vehicles and trailers, shall not exceed six vehicles on lots 12,500 square feet or less and eight vehicles on lots greater than 12,500 square feet.
- K. Vanpool/carpool parking areas shall meet the following minimum design standards:
- 1. A minimum vertical clearance of 7 feet 3 inches shall be provided to accommodate van vehicles if designated vanpool/carpool parking spaces are located in a parking structure; and
- 2. A minimum turning radius of 26 feet 4 inches with a minimum turning diameter (curb to curb) of 52 feet 5 inches shall be provided from parking aisles to adjacent carpool/vanpool parking spaces.
- L. Direct access from the street right-of-way to off-street parking areas shall be subject to the requirements of K.C.C. 21A.28.120.
- M. No dead-end alley may provide access to more than eight required off-street parking spaces.
- N. Any parking stalls located in enclosed buildings must be totally within the enclosed building.

SECTION 66. Ordinance 10870, Section 432, and K.C.C. 21A.20.120 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Signs or displays of limited duration. The following temporary signs or displays are permitted and except as required by

the Uniform Building Code, or as otherwise permitted in this chapter, do not require building permits:

- A. Grand opening displays:
- 1. Signs, posters, pennants, strings of lights, blinking lights, balloons and searchlights are permitted for a period of up to one month to announce the opening of a new enterprise or the opening of an enterprise under new management; and
- 2. All grand opening displays shall be removed upon the expiration of 30 consecutive days;
 - B. Construction signs:
- 1. Construction signs identifying architects, engineers, planners, contractors or other individuals or firms involved with the construction of a building and announcing the character of the building or the purpose for which the building is intended may be displayed;
- One nonilluminated, double-faced sign is permitted for each public street upon which the project fronts;
- 3. No sign shall exceed 32 square feet in surface area or ten feet in height, or be located closer than 30 feet from the property line of the adjoining property; and
- 4. Construction signs must be removed by the date of first occupancy of the premises or one year after placement of the sign, whichever occurs first;
 - C. Political Signs:
- 1. Signs, posters or bills promoting or publicizing candidates for public office or issues that are to be voted upon in a general or special election may be displayed on private property with the consent of the property owner. Any such sign, poster or bill shall be removed within ten days following the election; and
- No sign, poster, bill or other advertising device shall be located on public property or within public easements or street right-of-way;
- D. Real estate signs. All temporary real estate signs may be single or double-faced signs.:
- 1. Signs advertising an individual residential unit for sale or rent shall be limited to one sign per street frontage. The sign may not exceed eight square feet in area, and shall not exceed six feet in height. The sign shall be removed within five days after closing of the sale, lease or rental of the property.
- 2. Portable off-premise residential directional signs announcing directions to an open house at a specified residence which is offered for sale or rent shall not exceed six square feet in area for each sign, and shall not exceed 42 inches in height. Such signs shall be permitted only when the agent or seller is in attendance at the property for sale or rent and may be located on the right-of-way outside of vehicular and bicycle lanes.
- 3. On-site commercial or industrial property for sale or rent signs shall be limited to one sign per street frontage, and shall

not exceed 32 square feet in area. The sign shall not exceed 12 feet in height. The sign shall be removed within 30 days after closing of the sale, lease or rental of the property. A building permit is required and shall be issued for a one year period. The permit is renewable for one year increments up to a maximum of three years.

- 4. On-site residential development for sale or rent signs shall be limited to one sign per development. The sign shall not exceed 32 square feet in area, and shall not exceed 12 feet in height. A building permit is required and shall be issued for a one year period. The permit is renewable annually for up to a maximum of three years.
- 5. Off-site directional signs for residential developments shall be limited to six signs. Each sign shall not exceed 16 square feet in area, and shall include only the name of and directions to the residential development. The sign(s) shall be placed a maximum of two road miles from the nearest residential development entrance. No two signs for one residential development shall be located closer than 500 feet from one another on the same street. A single building permit is required for all signs and shall be issued for a one year period. The permit number and the permit expiration date must be clearly displayed on the face of each sign. The permit is renewable for one year increments up to a maximum of three years, provided that extensions will only be granted if the sign permit applicant has complied with the applicable regulations.
- 6. Residential on-premise informational signs shall be limited to one sign per feature, including but not limited to signs for information centers, model homes, parking areas or announcing features such as parks, playgrounds, or trails. Each sign shall not exceed 16 square feet in area, and shall not exceed six feet in height.
 - E. Community event signs:
- Community event signs shall be limited to announcing or promoting a non-profit sponsored community fair, festival or event;
- 2. Community event signs may be displayed no more than the time period specified in the temporary use permit issued pursuant to K.C.C. 21A.44; and
- 3. Community event signs shall be removed by the event sponsor within two weeks following the end of the community fair, festival or event.

SECTION 67. Ordinance 10870, Section 444, and K.C.C. 21A.22.060 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Site design standards. Except as provided for nonconforming extractive operations in K.C.C. 21A.22.040, all extractive and processing operations shall at minimum comply with the following standards:

- A. The minimum site area of an extractive operation shall be 10 acres.
- B. Extractive operations on sites larger than 20 acres shall occur in phases to minimize environmental impacts. The size of each phase shall be determined during the review process;
 - C. Fences shall be:
- 1. Provided in a manner which discourages access to safety hazards which may arise on areas of the site where:
- a. active extracting, processing, stockpiling and loading of materials is occurring;
- b. any unstable slope or any slope exceeding a grade of 40 percent is present; or
- c. any settling pond or other stormwater facility is present;
- 2. At least six feet in height above the grade measured at a point five feet from the outside of the fence;
- 3. Installed with lockable gates at all openings or entrances;
- 4. No more than four inches from the ground to fence bottom;
 - 5. Maintained in good repair;
- D. Warning and trespass signs advising of the extractive operation shall be placed on the perimeter of the site adjacent to RA, UR or R zones at intervals no greater than 200 feet along any unfenced portion of the site where the items noted in subsection C.1.a-c are present;
 - E. Structural setbacks from property lines shall be as follows:
- 1. Buildings or structures used in the processing of materials shall be no closer than:
- a. One hundred feet from any UR or R zoned properties except that the setback may be reduced to 50 feet when the grade where such building or structures are proposed is 50 feet or greater below the grade of said UR or R zoned property, or
- b. Twenty feet from any other zoned property, except when adjacent to another extractive site, or ((from any public street.))
 - c. Twenty feet from any public street.
- 2. Offices, scale facilities, equipment storage buildings and stockpiles shall not be closer than 20 feet from any property line except when adjacent to another extractive site;
- F. No clearing, grading or excavation, excluding that necessary for roadway or storm drainage facility construction, shall be permitted within 20 feet of any property line except along any

portion of the perimeter adjacent to another extractive operation provided that such activities may be pursuant to an approved reclamation plan;

- G. Landscaping as required pursuant to K.C.C. 21A.16 shall be provided along any portion of the site perimeter where disturbances such as site clearing and grading, or mineral extraction or processing is performed, except where adjacent to another extractive operation; and
 - H. Lighting shall:

1

2

4

5

6

7

8

9

0

.1

. 3

4

. 5

. 6

.7

. 8

.9

21

22

23

24

25

26 27

28 29

30

31

32

33 34

35

36

37

38 39

40

41

42

43

44

45 46

47 48

- 1. Be limited to that required for security, lighting of structures and equipment, and vehicle operations; and
 - 2. Not direct glare onto surrounding properties.

SECTION 68. Ordinance 10870, Section 445, and K.C.C. 21A.22.070 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Operating standards. All operating standards shall be as specified in K.C.C. 16.82 except:

- A. Noise levels produced by an extractive operation shall not exceed levels specified by the King County Noise Ordinance((-)) or as required as SEPA mitigation through permit review, whichever is more stringent.
 - B. Blasting shall be conducted:
- 1. Consistent with the methods specified in the Office of Surface Mining, 1987 Blasting Guidance Manual;
 - 2. During daylight hours; and
 - 3. According to a time schedule that:
- a. features regular or predictable times, except in the case of an emergency; and
- b. is provided to residents within one-half mile of the site;
- C. Dust and smoke produced by extractive operations shall not substantially increase the existing levels of suspended particulates at the perimeter of the site and shall be controlled by watering of the site and equipment or other methods specified by the county;
- D. The applicant shall provide for measures to prevent transport of rocks, dirt and mud from trucks onto public roadways;
- E. Traffic control measures such as flagmen or warning signs as determined by the county shall be provided by the applicant during all hours of operation; and
- F. The applicant shall be responsible for cleaning of debris or repairing of damage to roadways caused by the operation.

SECTION 69. Ordinance 10870, Section 448, and K.C.C. 21A.24.010 are each hereby amended as follows:

Purpose. The purpose of this chapter is to implement the goals and policies of the Washington State Environmental Policy Act, RCW 43.21C, and the King County Comprehensive Plan which call for protection of the natural environment and the public health and safety by:

- A. Establishing development standards to protect defined sensitive areas;
- B. Protecting members of the public and public resources and facilities from injury, loss of life, property damage or financial loss due to flooding, erosion, <u>avalanche</u>, landslides, seismic and volcanic events, soil subsidence or steep slope failures;
- C. Protecting unique, fragile and valuable elements of the environment including, but not limited to, wildlife and its habitat:
- D. Requiring mitigation of unavoidable impacts on environmentally sensitive areas by regulating alterations in or near sensitive areas;
- E. Preventing cumulative adverse environmental impacts on water availability, water quality, ground water, wetlands and streams;
- F. Measuring the quantity and quality of wetland and stream resources and preventing overall net loss of wetland and stream functions;
- G. Protecting the public trust as to navigable waters and aquatic resources;
- H. Meeting the requirements of the National Flood Insurance Program and maintaining King County as an eligible community for federal flood insurance benefits;
- I. Alerting members of the public including, but not limited to, appraisers, owners, potential buyers or lessees to the development limitations of sensitive areas; and
- J. Providing county officials with sufficient information to protect sensitive areas.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 70. There is hereby added to K.C.C. 21A.24 a new section to read as follows: Modification or Waiver of Sensitive Area Requirements— Urban Lots. The purpose of this section is to provide an alternative to the variance, and exception processes for minor development. The director shall have the discretion to modify or waive some or all of the requirements of this chapter, including mitigation requirements, pertaining to class 3 wetlands, Class 3 streams, steep slope hazard areas, and their associated buffers or building setback areas in accordance with the provisions of this section.

- A. An applicant may request a modification or waiver of sensitive area requirements pursuant to this section provided the lot or lots are located in an Urban Area designated in the King County comprehensive plan; and
- B. The applicant for the modification or waiver of sensitive area requirements shall submit any sensitive area special studies following a pre-application review meeting as required under K.C.C. 21A.24.110 as well as such other documents, studies, as requested by the director.
- C. The director may grant a modification or waiver of sensitive area requirements provided:

- 1. The proposal is the minimum necessary to accommodate the building footprint and access. In no case, however, shall the building footprint exceed 5000 square feet, including access,
- 2. Access is located so as to have the least impact on the sensitive area and its buffer,
- 3. The proposal preserves the functions and values of wetlands and streams to the maximum extent possible,
- 4. Adverse impacts resulting from alterations of steep slopes are minimized,
- 5. The proposal includes on-site mitigation to the maximum extent possible,
- 6. The proposal will not significantly affect drainage capabilities, flood potential, and steep slopes and landslide hazards on neighboring properties; and
- 7. The proposal first develops non-sensitive area land, then the sensitive area buffer before the sensitive area itself is developed.

The director may require on-site or off-site mitigation measures to compensate for the loss of the functions and values of the sensitive areas and may impose mitigating conditions to the modification or waiver in order to meet the standards of this subsection C.

- D. Where a modification or waiver of sensitive area requirements under this section is proposed, the director shall give written mailed notice of the proposed modification or waiver to all owners of property located within three hundred feet of any boundary of the subject property and shall allow fifteen calendar days for comment before making a decision. The decision of the director regarding the modification or waiver shall be mailed to the applicant and to any other person who requests a copy. The decision shall state the reasons for denial or any required mitigation or other conditions imposed. The decision of the director regarding the modification or waiver may be appealed per K.C.C. 21A.24.030.
- E. This section shall not apply to the following steep slope hazard areas:
- 1. Steep slope hazard areas that are unmitigatable landslide hazard areas; and
- 2. Steep slope hazard areas of slope greater than 70% where either the lot or slope are abutting and above a class 1 or 2 wetland stream, and associated buffer, or an open stormwater conveyance system.

SECTION 71. Ordinance 10870, Section 452, and K.C.C. 21A.24.050 are hereby amended as follows:

Complete exemptions. The following are exempt from the provisions of this chapter and any administrative rules promulgated thereunder:

- A. Alterations in response to emergencies which threaten the public health, safety and welfare or which pose an imminent risk of damage to private property as long as any alteration undertaken pursuant to this subsection is reported to the department immediately. The director shall confirm that an emergency exists and determine what, if any, mitigation shall be required to protect the health, safety, welfare and environment and to repair any resource damage;
- B. Agricultural activities in <u>continuous</u> existence ((before)) since at least November 27, 1990, as follows:
 - 1. mowing of hay, grass or grain crops;
- 2. tilling, discing, planting, seeding, harvesting and related activities for pasture, food crops, grass seed or sod if such activities do not take place on steep slopes;
- 3. normal and routine maintenance of existing irrigation and drainage ditches not used by salmonids; ((and))
- 4. normal and routine maintenance of farm ponds, fish ponds, manure lagoons and livestock watering ponds; and
- 5. For the purpose of this section, continuous existence means those cyclical operations normally associated with agricultural activities including tilling, discing, planting, seeding, harvesting, soil preparation, crop rotation, providing fields which have not been used for grazing by livestock or have been fallow for more than five continuous growing seasons shall not be considered to be in continuous existence;
- C. Public water, electric and natural gas distribution, public sewer collection, cable communications, telephone utility and related activities undertaken pursuant to county-approved best management practices, as follows:
- normal and routine maintenance or repair of existing utility structures or rights-of-way;
- . 2. relocation of electric facilities, lines, equipment or appurtenances, not including substations, with an associated voltage of 55,000 volts or less, only when required by a local governmental agency which approves the new location of the facilities;
- 3. replacement, operation, repair, modification or installation or construction in existing, developed utility corridors, an improved county road right-of-way or county authorized private roadway of all electric facilities, lines, equipment or appurtenances, not including substations((, with an associated voltage of 55,000 volts or less));
- 4. relocation of public sewer local collection, public water local distribution, natural gas, cable communication or telephone facilities, lines, pipes, mains, equipment or appurtenances, only when required by a local governmental agency which approves the new location of the facilities; ((and))

- 5. replacement, operation, repair, modification, installation or construction of public sewer local collection, public water local distribution, natural gas, cable communication or telephone facilities, lines, pipes, mains, equipment or appurtenances when such facilities are located within an improved public right-of-way or county authorized private roadway;
- D. Maintenance, operation, repair, modification or replacement of publicly improved roadways as long as any such alteration does not involve the expansion of roadways or related improvements into previously unimproved rights-of-way or portions of rights-of-way;
- E. Maintenance, operation or repair of publicly improved recreation areas as long as any such alteration does not involve the expansion of improvements into previously unimproved recreation areas;
- F. Public agency development proposals only to the extent of any construction contract awarded before November 27, 1990, provided that any law or regulation in effect at the time of such award shall apply to the proposal($(\frac{1}{r})$);
- G. All clearing and grading activities which are exempt from the requirement for a clearing and grading permit as specified in K.C.C. 16.82.050, unless these activities require other permits or authorizations as specified in K.C.C. $21A.24.020((\div))$; and
- H. Enhancement or restoration of degraded wetlands may be allowed to maintain or improve wetland functions provided that all wetland functions are evaluated in a wetland management plan.

 Restoration or enhancement must result in a net improvement to the functions of wetland systems.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 72. There is added to K.C.C. 21A.24 a new section to read as follows:

Wetlands: Mitigation Banking.

King county may consider and approve replacement or enhancement of unavoidable adverse impacts to wetlands caused by the development activities of public agencies or utility facilities through an approved wetland mitigation bank. Compensatory mitigation in advance of authorized impacts must be provided through an approved mitigation bank. Criteria governing the creation and use of a mitigation bank shall be established in administrative rules.

SECTION 73. Ordinance 10870, Section 454, and K.C.C. 21A.24.070 are hereby amended as follows:

Exceptions.

- A. If the application of this chapter would prohibit a development proposal by a public agency or public utility, the agency or utility may apply for an exception pursuant to this subsection:
- 1. the public agency or utility shall apply to the department and shall make available to the department other related project documents such as permit applications to other agencies, special

- studies and SEPA documents. ((The department shall prepare a recommendation to the zoning and subdivision examiner,))
- 2. the ((examiner)) department shall review the application ((and conduct a public hearing pursuant to the provisions of K.C.C. 20.24.070. The examiner shall make a recommendation to the council))based on the following criteria:
- a. there is no other practical alternative to the proposed development with less impact on the sensitive area; and
- b. the proposal minimizes the impact on sensitive areas.

 The mitigation standards may be modified pursuant to the exception to account for health and safety, operational and maintenance considerations relevant to the development proposal under consideration;
- 3. The department shall process exceptions, provide public notice, and provide opportunity for the public to request a public hearing, and provide an appeal process consistent with the provisions of K.C.C. 21A.42.040 through K.C.C. 21A.42.090.
- $((3))\underline{4}$. this exception shall not allow the use of the following sensitive areas for regional retention/detention facilities except where there is a clear showing that the facility will protect public health and safety or repair damaged natural resources:
 - a. class 1 streams or buffers;
- b. class 1 wetlands or buffers with plant associations of infrequent occurrence; or
- c. class 1 or 2 wetlands or buffers which provide critical or outstanding habitat for herons, raptors or state or federal designated endangered or threatened species unless clearly demonstrated by the applicant that there will be no impact on such habitat.
- B. If the application of this chapter would deny all reasonable use of the property, the applicant may apply for an exception pursuant to this subsection:
- 1. the applicant shall apply to the department, and the department shall prepare a recommendation to the zoning and subdivision examiner. The applicant may apply for a reasonable use exception without first having applied for a variance if the requested exception includes relief from standards for which a variance cannot be granted pursuant to the provisions of K.C.C. 21A.44;
- 2. the examiner shall review the application in consultation with the prosecuting attorney and shall conduct a public hearing pursuant to the provisions of K.C.C. 20.24.080. The examiner shall make a final decision based on the following criteria:
- a. the application of this chapter would deny all reasonable use of the property;
- b. there is no other reasonable use with less impact on the sensitive area;

- c. the proposed development does not pose an unreasonable threat to the public health, safety or welfare on or off the development proposal site and is consistent with the general purposes of this chapter and the public interest; and
- d. any alterations permitted to the sensitive area shall be the minimum necessary to allow for reasonable use of the property; and
- 3. any authorized alteration of a sensitive area under this subsection shall be subject to conditions established by the examiner including, but not limited to, mitigation under an approved mitigation plan.

SECTION 74. Ordinance 10870, Section 455 and K.C.C. 21A.24.080 are each hereby amended as follows:

Sensitive area maps and inventories.

A. The distribution of many environmentally sensitive areas in western King County is displayed on maps in the Sensitive Areas Map Folio. Many of the wetlands are inventoried and rated and that information is published in the King County Wetlands Inventory Notebooks. Many flood hazard areas are mapped by the Federal Insurance Administration in a scientific and engineering report entitled "The Flood Insurance Study for King county." If there is a conflict among the maps, inventory and site-specific features, the department of development and environmental services shall verify the actual presence or absence of the features defined in this title as sensitive areas ((shall govern)). The determination may be challenged by the property owner through an inspection and report conducted/prepared by a professional wetlands or stream ecologist, geologist, or geotechnical engineer as appropriate, at the owner's expense and appeal to the Hearing Examiner.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 75. There is hereby added to K.C.C. 21A.24 a new section to read as follows:

Channel Relocation and Stream Meander Areas. No structure shall be allowed which would be at risk due to channel relocation or stream meander until the promulgation of a public rule.

SECTION 76. Ordinance 10870, Section 471, and K.C.C. 21A.24.240 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Flood fringe: development standards and permitted alterations.

Development proposals on sites within the flood fringe area shall

meet the following requirements:

A. Development proposals shall not reduce the effective base flood storage volume of the floodplain. Grading or other activity which would reduce the effective storage volume shall be mitigated by creating compensatory storage on the site or off the site if legal arrangements can be made to assure that the effective compensatory storage volume will be preserved over time. Grading for construction of livestock manure storage facilities to control non-point source water pollution designed to the standards of and

 approved by the King County Conservation District is exempt from this compensatory storage requirement.

B. No structure shall be allowed which would be at risk due to stream bank destabilization including, but not limited to, that associated with channel relocation or meandering.

- ((G.)) B. All elevated construction shall be designed and certified by a professional structural engineer licensed by the State of Washington and shall be approved by King County prior to construction.
- $((D_{\overline{\bullet}}))$ C. Subdivisions, short subdivisions and binding site plans shall meet the following requirements:
- 1. new building lots shall contain 5,000 square feet or more of buildable land outside the zero-rise floodway, and building setback areas shall be shown on the face of the plat to restrict permanent structures to this buildable area;
- 2. all utilities and facilities such as sewer, gas, electrical and water systems shall be located and constructed consistent with subsections ((E., F. and I.))D., E. and H;
- 3. base flood data and flood hazard notes shall be shown on the face of the recorded subdivision, short subdivision or binding site plan including, but not limited to, the base flood elevation, required flood protection elevations and the boundaries of the floodplain and the zero-rise floodway, if determined; and
- 4. the following notice shall also be shown on the face of the recorded subdivision, short subdivision or binding site plan for all affected lots:

"NOTICE"

"Lots and structures located within flood hazard areas may be inaccessible by emergency vehicles during flood events. Residents and property owners should take appropriate advance precautions."

- ((5.)) <u>D.</u> New residential structures and substantial improvements of existing residential structures shall meet the following requirements:
- 1. the lowest floor shall be elevated to the flood protection elevation;
- 2. portions of a structure which are below the lowest floor area shall not be fully enclosed. The areas and rooms below the lowest floor shall be designed to automatically equalize hydrostatic and hydrodynamic flood forces on exterior walls by allowing for the entry and exit of floodwaters. Designs for satisfying this requirement shall meet or exceed the following requirements:
- a. a minimum of two openings on opposite walls having a total open area of not less than one square inch for every square foot of enclosed area subject to flooding shall be provided;

- b. the bottom of all openings shall be no higher than one foot above grade; and
- c. openings may be equipped with screens, louvers or other coverings or devices if they permit the unrestricted entry and exit of floodwaters;
- 3. materials and methods which are resistant to and minimize flood damage shall be used; and
- 4. all electrical, heating, ventilation, plumbing, air conditioning equipment and other utility and service facilities shall be flood-proofed to or elevated above the flood protection elevation.
- $((F_{-}))E$. New nonresidential structures and substantial improvements of existing nonresidential structures shall meet the following requirements:
- 1. the elevation requirement for residential structures contained in subsection $((E_{-}))D_{-}1$. shall be met; or
- 2. the structure shall be flood-proofed to the flood protection elevation and shall meet the following requirements:
- a. the applicant shall provide certification by a professional civil or structural engineer licensed by the State of Washington that the flood-proofing methods are adequate to withstand the flood-depths, pressures, velocities, impacts, uplift forces and other factors associated with the base flood. After construction, the engineer shall certify that the permitted work conforms with the approved plans and specifications; and
- b. approved building permits for flood-proofed nonresidential structures shall contain a statement notifying applicants that flood insurance premiums shall be based upon rates for structures which are one foot below the flood-proofed level;
- 3. materials and methods which are resistant to and minimize flood damage shall be used; and
- . 4. all electrical, heating, ventilation, plumbing, air conditioning equipment and other utility and service facilities shall be flood-proofed to or elevated above the flood protection elevation.
- $((G_{-}))$ <u>F.</u> All new construction shall be anchored to prevent flotation, collapse or lateral movement of the structure.
- ((H+)) <u>G.</u> Mobile homes and mobile home parks shall meet the following requirements:
- 1. mobile homes shall meet all requirements for flood hazard protection for residential structures, shall be anchored and shall be installed using methods and practices which minimize flood damage; and
- 2. no permit or approval for the following shall be granted unless all mobile homes within the mobile home park meet the requirements for flood hazard protection for residential structures:
 - a. a new mobile home park;

- c. any repair or reconstruction of streets, utilities or pads in an existing mobile home park which equals or exceeds 50 percent of the value of such streets, utilities or pads.
 - ((I-)) H. Utilities shall meet the following requirements.
- 1. new and replacement utilities including, but not limited to, sewage treatment facilities shall be flood-proofed to or elevated above the flood protection elevation;
- 2. new on-site sewage disposal systems shall be, to the extent possible, located outside the limits of the base flood elevation. The installation of new on-site sewage disposal systems in the flood fringe may be allowed if no feasible alternative site is available;
- 3. sewage and agricultural waste storage facilities shall be flood-proofed to the flood protection elevation;
- 4. above-ground utility transmission lines, other than electric transmission lines, shall only be allowed for the transport of non-hazardous substances; and
- 5. buried utility transmission lines transporting hazardous substances shall be buried at a minimum depth of four feet below the maximum depth of scour for the base flood, as predicted by a professional civil engineer licensed by the State of Washington, and shall achieve sufficient negative buoyancy so that any potential for flotation or upward migration is eliminated.
- $((J_{-}))I_{-}$ Critical facilities may be allowed within the flood fringe of the floodplain, but only when no feasible alternative site is available. Critical facilities shall be evaluated through the conditional or special use permit process. Critical facilities constructed within the flood fringe shall have the lowest floor elevated to three or more feet above the base flood elevation. Flood-proofing and sealing measures shall be taken to ensure that hazardous substances will not be displaced by or released into floodwaters. Access routes elevated to or above the base flood elevation shall be provided to all critical facilities from the nearest maintained public street or roadway.
- $((K_{\cdot\cdot}))_{\underline{J}_{\cdot\cdot}}$ Prior to approving any permit for alterations in the flood fringe, King County shall determine that all permits required by state or federal law have been obtained.

SECTION 77. Ordinance 10870, Section 478 and K.C.C. 21A.24.310 are each hereby amended as follows:

Steep slope hazard areas: Development standards and permitted alterations. A development proposal on a site containing a steep slope hazard area shall meet the following requirements:

A. A minimum buffer of 50 feet shall be established from the top, toe and along all sides of any slope 40% or steeper. buffer shall be extended as required to mitigate a landslide or erosion hazard or as otherwise necessary to protect the public health, safety and welfare. The buffer may be reduced to a minimum

6 7

2

3

4

5

8 9 10

11

12 13

14

15 16

17

18

19 20

21 22

23 24

25 26

27 28

29

30 31

32 33

34

35 36

37 38

39 40

41 42

44 45

43

46 47

 of ten feet if, based on a special study, King County determines that the reduction will adequately protect the proposed development and the sensitive area. For single family residential building permits only, King County may waive the special study requirement and authorize buffer reductions, pursuant to section 70 of this ordinance or if King County determines that the reduction will adequately protect the proposed development and the sensitive area;

- B. Unless otherwise provided herein or as part of an approved alteration, removal of any vegetation from a steep slope hazard area or buffer shall be prohibited, except for limited removal of vegetation necessary for surveying purposes and for the removal of hazard trees determined to be unsafe according to tree selection rules promulgated pursuant to this chapter. Notice to King County shall be provided prior to any vegetation removal permitted by this subsection;
- C. Vegetation on steep slopes within steep slope hazard areas or their buffers which has been damaged by human activity or infested by noxious weeds may be replaced with vegetation native to King County pursuant to a vegetation management plan approved by King County. The use of hazardous substances, pesticides and fertilizers in steep slope hazard areas and their buffers may be prohibited by King County;
- D. Alterations to steep slope hazard areas and buffers may be allowed only as follows:
- 1. approved surface water conveyances, as specified in the Surface Water Design Manual, may be allowed on steep slopes if they are installed in a manner to minimize disturbance to the slope and vegetation;
- 2. public and private trails may be allowed on steep slopes as approved by the county. Under no circumstances shall trails be constructed of concrete, asphalt or other impervious surfaces which will contribute to surface water run-off, unless such construction is necessary for soil stabilization or soil erosion prevention or unless the trail system is specifically designed and intended to be accessible to handicapped persons. Additional requirements for trail construction may be set forth in administrative rules;
- 3. utility corridors may be allowed on steep slopes if a special study shows that such alteration will not subject the area to the risk of landslide or erosion;
- 4. limited trimming and pruning of vegetation may be allowed on steep slopes pursuant to an approved vegetation management plan for the creation and maintenance of views if the soils are not disturbed and the activity is subject to administrative rules;
- approved mining and quarrying activities may be allowed;
- 6. stabilization of sites where erosion or landsliding threaten public or private structures, utilities, roads, driveways or trails, or where erosion and landsliding threatens any lake,

stream, wetland or shoreline. Stabilization work shall be performed in a manner which causes the least possible disturbance to the slope and its vegetative cover; and

7. Reconstruction, remodeling, or replacement of existing structures.

Reconstruction, remodeling, or replacement of an existing structure upon another portion of an existing impervious surface which was established pursuant to King County laws and regulations may be allowed provided:

- a. if within the buffer, the structure is located no closer to the steep slope than the existing structure,
- b. the existing impervious surface within the buffer or steep slope is not expanded as a result of the reconstruction or replacement.
- E. The following are exempt from the provisions of this section:
- 1. slopes which are 40% or steeper with a vertical elevation change of up to 20 feet if no adverse impact will result from the exemption based on King County's review of and concurrence with a soils report prepared by a geologist or geotechnical engineer; and
- 2. The approved regrading of any slope which was created through previous legal grading activities. Any slope which remains 40% or steeper following site development shall be subject to all requirements for steep slopes.

SECTION 78. Ordinance 10870, Section 480, and K.C.C. 21A.24.330 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Wetlands: permitted alterations. Alterations to wetlands and buffers may be allowed ((only)) pursuant to section 70 of this ordinance or as follows:

- A. Alterations may be permitted if King County determines, based upon its review of special studies completed by qualified professionals, that:
- 1. the wetland does not serve any of the valuable functions of wetlands identified in K.C.C. 21A.06.((730))1415 including, but not limited to, biologic and hydrologic functions; or
- 2. the proposed development will protect or enhance the wildlife habitat, natural drainage or other valuable functions of the wetland and will be consistent with the purposes of this chapter;
- B. To establish the conditions in subsection A., detailed studies may be required as part of the special study on habitat value, hydrology, erosion and deposition and/or water quality. Such detailed studies shall include specific recommendations for mitigation which may be required as a condition of any development proposal approval. The recommendations may include, but are not limited to, construction techniques or design, drainage or density specifications;

17

33

29

41

42

37

- C. If a wetland is in a flood hazard area, the applicant shall notify affected communities and native tribes of proposed alterations prior to any alteration and submit evidence of such notification to the Federal Insurance Administration;
- D. There shall be no introduction of any plant or wildlife which is not indigenous to King County into any wetland or buffer unless authorized by a state or federal permit or approval;
 - E. Utilities may be allowed in wetland buffers if:
- 1. King County determines that no practical alternative location is available; and
- 2. the utility corridor meets any additional requirements set forth in administrative rules including, but not limited to, requirements for installation, replacement of vegetation and maintenance;
- F. Sewer utility corridors may be allowed in wetland buffers only if:
- 1. the applicant demonstrates that sewer lines are necessary for gravity flow;
- 2. the corridor is not located in a wetland or buffer used by species listed as endangered or threatened by the state or federal government or containing critical or outstanding actual habitat for those species or heron rookeries or raptor nesting trees;
- 3. the corridor alignment including, but not limited to, any allowed maintenance roads follows a path beyond a distance equal to 75% of the buffer width from the wetland edge;
- 4. corridor construction and maintenance protects the wetland and buffer and is aligned to avoid cutting trees greater than 12 inches in diameter at breast height, when possible, and pesticides, herbicides and other hazardous substances are not used;
- 5. an additional, contiguous and undisturbed buffer, equal in width to the proposed corridor including any allowed maintenance roads, is provided to protect the wetland;
- 6. the corridor is revegetated with appropriate vegetation native to King County at pre-construction densities or greater immediately upon completion of construction or as soon thereafter as possible, and the sewer utility ensures that such vegetation survives;
- 7. any additional corridor access for maintenance is provided, to the extent possible, at specific points rather than by a parallel road; and
- 8. the width of any necessary parallel road providing access for maintenance is as small as possible, but not greater than 15 feet, the road is maintained without the use of herbicides, pesticides or other hazardous substances and the location of the road is contiguous to the utility corridor on the side away from the wetland;
- G. Joint use of an approved sewer utility corridor by other utilities may be allowed.

- H. The following surface water management activities and facilities may be allowed in wetland buffers only as follows:
- 1. surface water discharge to a wetland from a detention facility, pre-settlement pond or other surface water management activity or facility may be allowed if the discharge does not increase the rate of flow, change the plant composition in a forested wetland or decrease the water quality of the wetland;
- 2. a class 1 or 2 wetland or buffer may be used for a regional retention/detention facility if:
- a. a public agency and utility exception is granted pursuant to K.C.C. 21A.24.070;
- b. all requirements of the Surface Water Design Manual are met;
- c. the use will not alter the rating or the factors used in rating the wetland;
- d. the proposal is in compliance with the latest adopted findings of the Puget Sound Wetlands Research Project; and
 - e. there are no significant adverse impacts to the wetland;
- 3. ((a)) <u>isolated</u> class 3 wetlands ((or)) <u>and</u> buffers which ((has as its major function the storage of water)) are grazed wet meadows may be used as a ((regional)) retention/detention facility if a pre-settlement pond is required and all requirements of the Surface Water Design Manual are met; and
- 4. use of a wetland buffer for a surface water management activity or facility, other than a retention/detention facility, such as an energy dissipater and associated pipes, may be allowed only if the applicant demonstrates, to the satisfaction of King County, that:
 - a. no practicable alternative exists; and
- b. the functions of the buffer or the wetland are not adversely affected;
- ((I. Wetlands shall not be used for retention/detention
 facilities other than for regional facilities as provided in this
 section.))
- ((3))<u>I</u>. Public and private trails may be allowed in wetland buffers only upon adoption of administrative rules consistent with the following:
- 1. the trail surface shall not be made of impervious materials, except that public multi-purpose trails such as the Burke-Gilman Trail may be made of impervious materials if they meet all other requirements including water quality; and
- 2. buffers shall be expanded, where possible, equal to the width of the trail corridor including disturbed areas;
- ((K))J. A dock, pier, moorage, float or launch facility may be allowed, subject to the provisions of K.C.C. Title 25, if:
- the existing and zoned density around the wetland is three dwelling units per acre or more;

- 2. at least 75% of the lots around the wetland have been built upon and no significant buffer or wetland vegetation remains on these lots; and
- 3. open water is a significant component of the wetland; $((\pm))\underline{K}. \text{ Alterations to isolated wetlands may be allowed only as follows:}$
- 1. on sites of less than 20 acres in size, one isolated wetland may be altered by relocating its functions into a new wetland on the site pursuant to an approved mitigation plan;
- 2. on sites 20 acres or greater in size, up to three isolated wetlands may be altered by combining their functions into one or more replacement wetlands on the site pursuant to an approved mitigation plan; and
- 3. whenever an isolated wetland is altered pursuant to this subsection, the replacement wetland shall include enhancement for wildlife habitat;
- ((M))L. One additional agricultural building or associated residence may be allowed within the wetland buffer on a grazed wet meadow if all hydrologic storage is replaced on the site;
- $((N))\underline{M}$. Subject to a clearing and grading permit issued pursuant to K.C.C. 16.82, the cutting of up to one cord of firewood may be permitted in buffers of five acres or larger in any year if the overall function of the buffer is not adversely affected. Removal of brush may also be permitted for the purpose of enhancing tree growth if the area of removal is limited to the diameter of the tree canopy at the time of planting; and
 - $((\Theta))N$. Wetland road crossings may be allowed if:
- 1. King County determines that no alternative access is practical;
- 2. all crossings minimize impact to the wetland and provide mitigation for unavoidable impacts through restoration, enhancement or replacement of disturbed areas;
 - 3. crossings do not change the overall wetland hydrology;
- 4. crossings do not diminish the flood storage capacity of the wetland; and
- 5. all crossings are constructed during summer low water periods.
- ((P))O. Reconstruction, remodeling, or replacement of existing structures. Reconstruction, remodeling, or replacement of an existing structure upon another portion of an existing impervious surface which was established pursuant to King County laws and regulations may be allowed provided:
- if within the buffer, the structure is located no closer to the wetland than the existing structure,
- 2. the existing impervious surface within the buffer or wetland is not expanded as a result of the reconstruction or replacement.

24

33

41

47

- out under the direction of a qualified biologist; and Q. A minor wetland restoration project for fish habitat enhancement may be allowed if:
 - 1. the restoration is sponsored by a public agency with a mandate to do such work; 2. the restoration is not associated with mitigation of a

P. Wetland enhancement not associated with any other

development proposal may be allowed if accomplished according to a

prepared by a civil engineer and a qualified biologist and carried

plan for its design, implementation, maintenance and monitoring

- specific development proposal;
- 3. the restoration is limited to revegetation of wetlands and their buffers and other specific fish and wildlife habitat improvements;
- 4. the restoration only involves the use of hand labor and light equipment, or the use of helicopters and cranes which deliver supplies to the project site provided that they have no contact with sensitive areas or their buffers; and
- 5. the restoration is performed under the direction of a qualified biologist.
- SECTION 79. Ordinance 10870, Section 481 and K.C.C. 21A.24.340 are each hereby amended as follows:

Wetlands: Mitigation requirements.

- A. Restoration shall be required when a wetland or its buffer is altered in violation of law or without any specific permission or approval by King County. The following minimum requirements shall be met for the restoration of a wetland:
- 1. the original wetland configuration shall be replicated including its depth, width, length and gradient at the original
- 2. the original soil type and configuration shall be replicated;
- 3. the wetland edge and buffer configuration shall be restored to its original condition;
- 4. the wetland, edge and buffer shall be replanted with vegetation native to King County which replicates the original vegetation in species, sizes and densities; and
- 5. the original wetland functions shall be restored including, but not limited to, hydrologic and biologic functions.
- B. The requirements in subsection A. may be modified if the applicant demonstrates that greater wetland functions can otherwise be obtained.
- C. Replacement shall be required when a buffer is altered pursuant to an approved development proposal or a wetland is used for a regional retention/detention facility or other approved use. The requirements for the restoration of wetlands shall be met by replacement wetlands.

- D. Enhancement may be allowed when a wetland or buffer will be altered pursuant to a development proposal, but the wetland's biologic and/or hydrologic functions will be improved. Minimum requirements for enhancement shall be established in administrative rules.
- E. All alterations of wetlands shall be replaced or enhanced on the site or within the same drainage basin using the following formulas: class 1 and 2 wetlands on a 2:1 basis and class 3 wetlands on a 1:1 basis with equivalent or greater biologic functions including, but not limited to, habitat functions and with equivalent hydrologic functions including, but not limited to, storage capacity.
- F. Replacement or enhancement off the site may be allowed if the applicant demonstrates to the satisfaction of King County that the off-site location is in the same drainage sub-basin as the original wetland and that greater biologic and hydrologic functions will be achieved. The formulas in subsection E. shall apply to replacement and enhancement off the site.
- G. Surface water management or flood control alterations including, but not limited to, wetponds shall not constitute replacement or enhancement unless other functions are simultaneously improved.
- H. Mitigation sites should be located to alleviate wildlife habitat fragmentation.

SECTION 80. Ordinance 10870, Section 484 and K.C.C. 21A.24.370 are each hereby amended as follows:

Streams: Permitted alterations. Alterations to streams and buffers may be allowed ((only)) pursuant to Section 70 of this ordinance or as follows:

- A. Alterations may only be permitted if based upon a special study;
- B. The applicant shall notify affected communities and native tribes of proposed alterations prior to any alteration if a steam is in a flood hazard and shall submit evidence of such notification to the Federal Insurance Administration;
- C. There shall be no introduction of any plant or wildlife which is not indigenous to King County into any stream or buffer unless authorized by a state or federal permit or approval;
 - D. Utilities may be allowed in stream buffers if:
 - 1. no practical alternative location is available;
- 2. the utility corridor meets any additional requirements set forth in administrative rules including, but not limited to, requirements for installation, replacement of vegetation and maintenance;
- 3. the requirements for sewer utility corridors in K.C.C. 21A.24.320 shall also apply to streams; and
- 4. joint use of an approved sewer utility corridor by other utilities may be allows;

34

41

- 47
- 45 46

- E. The following surface water management activities and facilitates may be allowed in stream buffers as follows:
- 1. surface water discharge to a stream from a detention facility, pre-settlement pond or other surface water management activity or facility may be allowed if the discharge is in compliance with the Surface Water Design Manual;
- 2. a class 2 stream or buffer may be used for a regional retention/detention facility if:
- a. a public agency and utility exception is granted pursuant to K.C.C. 21A.24.070;
- b. all requirements of the Surface Water Design Manual are met;
- c. the use will not alter the rating or the factors used in rating the stream;
- d. there are no significant adverse impacts to the stream;
- 3. a class 3 stream or buffer may be used as a regional retention/detention facility if the alteration will have no lasting adverse impact on any stream and all requirements of the Surface Water Design Manual are met;
- F. Public and private trails may be allowed in stream buffers only upon adoption of administrative rules consistent with the following:
- 1. the trail surface shall not be made of impervious materials, except that public multi-purpose trails such as the Burke-Gilman Trail may be made of impervious materials if they meet all other requirements including water quality; and
- 2. buffers shall be expanded, where possible, equal to the width of the trail corridor including disturbed areas;
- G. Stream crossings may be allowed and may encroach on the otherwise required stream buffer if:
- . 1. all ((read)) crossings use bridges or other construction techniques which do not disturb the stream bed or bank, except that bottomless culverts or other appropriate methods demonstrated to provide fisheries protection may be used for class 2 or 3 streams if the applicant demonstrates that such methods and their implementation will pose no harm to the stream or inhibit migration of fish;
- 2. all crossing are constructed during the summer low flow and are timed to avoid stream disturbance during periods when use is critical to salmonids;
- 3. crossings do not occur over salmonid spawning areas unless King County determines that no other possible crossing site exists;
- 4. bridge piers or abutments are not placed within the FEMA floodway or the ordinanry high water mark;
- 5. crossings do not diminish the flood-carrying capacity of the stream;

- 6. underground utility crossings are laterally drilled and located at a depth of four feet below the maximum depth of scour for the base flood predicted by a civil engineer licensed by the Station of Washington temporary bore pits to perform such crossings may be permitted within the stream buffer established in Section 21A.24.360. Crossing of Class 3 streams when dry may be made with open cuts; and
- 7. crossings are minimized and serve multiple purposes and properties whenever possible;
 - H. Stream relocations may be allowed only for:
- 1. class 2 streams as part of a public road project for which a public agency and utility exception is granted pursuant to K.C.C. 21A.24.050; and
- 2. class 3 streams for the purpose of enhancing resources in the stream if:
- a. appropriate floodplain protection measures are used;
- b. the relocation occurs on the site, except that the relocate off the site may be allowed if the applicant demonstrates that any on-site relocation is impracticable, the applicant provides all necessary easements and waivers from affected property owners and the off-site location is in the same drainage sub-basin as the original stream;
- I. For any relocation allowed by this section, the applicant shall demonstrate, based on information provided by a civil engineer and a qualified biologist, that:
- the equivalent base flood storage volume and function will be maintained;
 - there will be no adverse impact to local groundwater;
 - 3. there will be no increase in velocity;
 - 4. there will be no interbasin transfer of water;
 - . 5. there will be no increase in sediment load;
 - 6. the relocation conforms to other applicable laws; and
- 7. all work will be carried out under the direct supervision of a qualified biologist;
 - J. A stream channel may be stabilized if:
- 1. movement of the stream channel threatens existing residential or commercial structures, public facilities or improvements, unique natural resources or the only existing access to property; and
- 2. the stabilization is done in compliance with the requirements of K.C.C. 21A.24.230 21A.24.270 and administrative rules promulgated pursuant to this chapter;
- K. Stream enhancement not associated with any development proposal may be allowed if accomplished according to a plan for its design, implementation, maintenance and monitoring prepared by a civil engineer and a qualified biologist and carried out under the

- L. A minor stream restoration project for fish habitat enhancement may be allowed if:
- 1. the restoration is ((accomplished)) sponsored by a public agency with a mandate to do such work;
- 2. the restoration is unassociated with mitigation of a specific development proposal;
 - ((3. the restoration does not cost more than \$25,000;))
- ((4))3. the restoration is limited to placement of rock wiers, log controls, spawning gravel and other specific salmonid habitat improvements;
- $((5))\frac{4}{2}$. the restoration only involves the use of hand labor and light equipment; or the use of helicopters and cranes which deliver supplies to the project site provided that they have no contact with sensitive areas or their buffers; and
- ((6))5. the restoration is performed under the ((direct)supervision)) direction of a qualified biologist;
- M. Roadside and agricultural drainage ditches which carry streams with salmonids may be maintained through the use of best management practices developed in consultation with relevant These practices shall be county, state and federal agencies. adopted as administrative rules; and
- N. Subject to a clearing and grading permit issued pursuant to K.C.C. 16.82, the cutting of up to one cord of firewood may be permitted in buffers of five acres or larger in any year if the overall function of the buffer is not adversely affected. of brush may also be permitted for the purpose of enhanced tree growth if the area of removal is limited to the diameter of the tree canopy at the time of planting.
- O. Reconstruction, remodeling, or replacement of existing structures.

Reconstruction, remodeling, or replacement of an existing structure upon another portion of an existing impervious surface which was established pursuant to King County laws and regulations may be allowed provided:

- a. if within the buffer, the structure is located no closer to the steep slope than the existing structure,
- b. the existing impervious surface within the buffer or steep slope is not expanded as a result of the reconstruction or replacement.

SECTION 81. Ordinance 10870, Section 493, and K.C.C. 21A.26.040 are hereby amended to read as follows:

7 8

2

3

4

5

6

9 10

11 12

13 14

15

16 17

18

19 20

21

22 23

24 25

26

27 28

29 30

31 32

33 34

35 36

37 38

39 40

41 42

21A.26.040 Review process by zone. A. Except for ((cellular radio)) minor communication

ilities as regulated pursuant to subsection B, communication facilities shall be permitted and

iewed pursuant to K.C.C. 21A.08.060 and 21A.08.100.

B. Minor communication facilities ((for the transmission or reception of cellular radio signals))

all be permitted and reviewed as follows:

PE OF TRANSMISSION STRUCTURE	ZONE	REVIEW PROCESS	SETBACKS ³
	R-4	C²	Front: 35 feet Side: 20 feet
les no more than 100 feet tall	to R-48		Rear: 20 feet
	R-1	С	Front: 30 feet ⁶
	UR RA		Side: 10 feet Rear: 10 Feet
	Other Zones	Р	10 feet⁴
les more than 100 feet tall	R-4	C²	One-half
	to R-48		for one ⁶
	R-1	С	Front: 40 feet ⁶
	UR RA		Side: 30 feet Rear: 30 feet
	Other Zones	С	10 feet ⁴
ttice towers	R-4	S²	One
	to R-48		for one ⁵
	R-1	С	One-half
	UR RA		for one ⁶
	Other Zones	С	20 feet ⁴

FOOTNOTES:

- 1. The department may decide whether a pole no more than 100 feet tall will be wood or steel based on a determination of which material would be more appropriate at the proposed location;
- 2. The following special procedures and conditions shall apply to the review and issuance of permits:
- a. The applicant shall demonstrate that the proposed facility complies with all applicable laws and that it requires placement at a particular location to meet the needs of the cellular telephone system;
- b. The applicant shall arrange a public meeting with owners of the property near the proposed facility for the purpose of providing information and receiving comments about the proposed facility;
- c. The applicant shall provide notice of the public meeting announcing time, date, location and purpose of the public meeting;
- d. A department representative shall attend the public meeting;
- 3. The setback requirements apply to the transmission pole or tower and transmission equipment placed on the pole or tower. The county may reduce the setback where the applicant demonstrates that the facility will be adequately screened from public view;
- 4. Transmission structures shall be set back an additional 20 feet from any property line abutting any R, UR or RA zoned properties; and
- 5. "One-half for one" and "one for one" means the transmission structure shall be set back from the property lines one-half foot or one foot, respectively, for every foot of pole or tower height.
- 6. In the RA zone, five additional feet is required in the front setback.

SECTION 82. Ordinance 10870, Section 494 and K.C.C. 21A.26.050 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Setback requirements. Except as outlined for modifications and consolidations pursuant to K.C.C. 21A.26.140 and 21A.26.150 or when setbacks are increased to ensure compliance with NIER exposure limits, communication facilities shall comply with the following setbacks:

- A. Transmission structures, which do not exceed the height limit of the zone in which they are located, shall be set back from the property line as required for other structures by the zone in which such transmission structure is located;
- B. Transmission structures, which exceed the height limit of the zone in which they are located, shall be set back from property lines either a minimum of 50 feet or one foot for every foot in height, whichever results in the greater setback, except:

- 1. Transmission structures located in the A, F, NB, CB, RB, O or I zones shall be set back from the property line as required by the zone in which they are located; and
- 2. Transmission structures for ((the transmission or reception of cellular radio signals))minor communication facilities shall be set back from the property line as provided in K.C.C. 21A.26.040.B.;
- C. When two or more communication facilities share a common boundary, the setback from such boundary shall comply with the requirements of the zone in which the facilities are located, unless easements are provided:
- 1. On the adjoining sites which limit development to communication facilities;
- 2. Of sufficient depth to provide the setbacks required in subsections A and B; and
- 3. Which provide for King County as a third party signatory to the agreement; and
- D. Transmitter buildings shall be subject to the setback requirements of the zone in which they are located.

SECTION 83. Ordinance 10870, Section 512, and K.C.C. 21A.28.020 are hereby amended to read as follows:

General Requirements.

- A. All new development proposals including any use, activity, or structure allowed by K.C.C. 21A.08 that requires King County approval shall be adequately served by the following facilities and services prior to the time of occupancy, ((plat)) recording, or other land use approval, as further specified in this chapter:
 - 1. sewage disposal;
 - water supply;
 - surface water management;
 - 4. roads and access;
 - . 5. fire protection service; and
 - 6. schools.
- B. All new development proposals for building permits, plats, short plats, urban planned developments and lot line adjustments, which will be served by a sewer or water district, shall include a certificate of water availability and/or certificate of sewer availability to demonstrate compliance with this chapter and other provisions of the King County Code, the King County Comprehensive Plan and the Growth Management Act.
- ((B.))C. Regardless of the number of sequential permits required, the provisions of this chapter shall be applied only once to any single development proposal. If changes and modifications result in impacts not considered when the proposal was first approved, the county shall consider the revised proposal as a new development proposal.

SECTION 84. Ordinance 10870, Section 513, and K.C.C. 21A.28.030 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Adequate sewage disposal. All new development shall be served by an adequate public or private sewage disposal system, including both collection and treatment facilities as follows:

- A. A public sewage disposal system is adequate for a development proposal provided that:
- 1. For the issuance of a building permit, preliminary plat or short plat approval or other land use approval, the site of the proposed development is or can be served by an existing disposal system consistent with the Sewerage General Plan, and the disposal system has been approved by the department as being consistent with applicable state and local design and operating guidelines;
- 2. For the issuance of a certificate of occupancy for a building or change of use permit, the approved public sewage disposal system as set forth in subsection A.1 of this section is installed to serve each building or lot;
- 3. For recording a final plat, final short plat or binding site plan the approved public sewage disposal system set forth in subsection A.1 of this section shall be installed to serve each lot respectively; or a bond or similar security shall be deposited with King County for the future installation of an adequate sewage disposal system. The bond may be assigned to a purveyor to assure the construction of such facilities within two years of recording; and
- 4. For a zone reclassification or urban planned development permit, the timing of installation of required sewerage improvements shall be contained in the approving ordinance as specified in K.C.C. 20.24.230; and
- B. A private individual sewage system is adequate, if an onsite sewage disposal system for each individual building or lot is installed to meet the requirements and standards of the department of public health as to lot size, soils, and system design prior to issuance of a certificate of occupancy for a building or change of use permit.

SECTION 85. Ordinance 10870, Section 516, and K.C.C. 21A.28.060 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Adequate roads.

- A. All new development shall be served by adequate roads. Roads are adequate if the development's traffic impacts on surrounding public roads are acceptable under the level-of-service standards ((as stated in K.C.C. 21A.28.070)) and the compliance procedures established in K.C.C. ((21A.28.080 and K.C.C. 21A.28.090))Title 14.
- B. The renewal of permits or the issuance of a new permit for existing uses constitutes a new development proposal only if it will generate additional traffic above that currently generated by the use.
- C. A variance request from the road cross-section or construction standards established by K.C.C. Title 14, Roads and

 Bridges, shall be reviewed as set forth in K.C.C. 14.42.060 and does not require a variance from this Title unless relief is requested from a building height, setback, landscaping or other development standard set forth in K.C.C. 21A.12 through K.C.C. 21A.30.

SECTION 86. Ordinance 10870, Sections 517 through 521, and K.C.C. 21A.28.070 through 21A.28.110 are hereby repealed.

SECTION 87. Ordinance 10870, Section 524, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.28.140 are hereby amended to read as follows:

School Concurrency - Applicability and Relationship with Fees.

- A. The school concurrency standard set out in Section 21A.28.160 shall apply to applications for preliminary plat or ((UPD)) Urban Planned Development (UPD) approval ((which would result in the creation of new residential building lots or)), mobile home parks((or the construction of new dwelling units)), requests for multifamily zoning, and building permits for multifamily housing projects which have not been previously evaluated for compliance with the concurrency standard.
- B. The county's finding of concurrency shall be made at the time of preliminary plat or ((urban planned development)) UPD approval, at the time that a request to actualize potential multifamily zoning is approved, at the time a mobile home park site plan is approved, or prior to building permit issuance for multifamily housing projects which have not been previously established for compliance with the concurrency standard. Once such a finding has been made, the development shall be considered as vested for purposes of the concurrency determination.
- C. Excluded from the application of the concurrency standard are:
- 1. building permits for individual single family dwellings((τ)); ((and))
- . 2. any form of housing exclusively for senior citizens, including nursing homes and retirement centers((+)): ((Also excluded from the application of the concurrency standard are))
- 3. shelters for temporary placement, relocation facilities and transitional housing facilities ((-)):
- $\underline{4}$ ((R))replacement, reconstruction or remodeling of existing dwelling units; ((is not subject to the provisions of K.C.C. $\underline{211.28.140 .180.}$))
- ((D. Also excluded from the application of the concurrency standard set out in this chapter are:))
 - ((1-))5. short subdivisions;
- ((2.)) 6. building permits for residential units in preliminary planned unit developments which were under consideration by King County on January 22, 1991;
- ((3.))7. building permits for residential units in recorded planned unit developments approved pursuant to K.C.C. Title 21 that have not yet expired per K.C.C. 21((A)).56.060;

- ((4.))8. building permits applied for by December 31, 1993, related to rezone applications to actualize potential zoning which were under consideration by King County on January 22, 1991;
- $((5\cdot))$ 9. building permits applied for by December 31, 1993, related to residential development proposals for site plan review to fulfill P-Suffix requirements of multifamily zoning which were under consideration by King County on January 22, 1991; and
- ((6.)) 10. any residential building permit for any development proposal for which a concurrency determination has already been made pursuant to the terms of $((this\ chapter\ or))$ K.C.C. Title 21A.
- $((E_{-}))D_{-}$ All of the development activities which are excluded from the application of the concurrency standard are subject to school impact fees imposed pursuant to Title 27.
- $((F_{-}))E_{-}$ The assessment and payment of impact fees are governed by and shall be subject to the provisions in K.C.C. Title 27 addressing school impact fees.
- ((G-))F. A certification of concurrency for a school district shall not preclude the county from collecting impact fees for the district. Impact fees may be assessed and collected as long as the fees are used to fund capital and system improvements needed to serve the new development, and as long as the use of such fees is consistent with the requirements of Chapter 82.02 RCW and this chapter. Pursuant to Chapter 82.02 RCW, impact fees may also be used to recoup capital and system improvement costs previously incurred by a school district to the extent that new growth and development will be served by the previously constructed improvements or incurred costs.
- SECTION 88. Ordinance 10870, Section 525, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.28.150 are hereby amended to read as follows:
- Findings, recommendations, and decisions regarding school capacities.
- A. In making a threshold determination pursuant to SEPA, the director and/or the zoning and subdivision examiner, in the course of reviewing proposals for residential development including applications for plats or UPD's, mobile home parks, or multi-family zoning, and multifamily building permits, shall consider the school district's capital facilities plan as adopted by the council.
- B. Documentation which the district is required to submit pursuant to section ((21.61.060)) 89 of this ordinance or Title 20. shall be incorporated into the record in every case without requiring the district to offer such plans and data into the record. The school district is also authorized to present testimony and documents demonstrating a lack of concurrency in the district and the inability of the district to accommodate the students to be generated by a specific development.
- C. Based upon a finding that the impacts generated by the plat, the UPD, mobile home park or the multi-family development were generally not anticipated at the time of the last council review

and approval of a school district capital plan and were not included in the district's long-range forecast, the director may require or recommend phasing or provision of the needed facilities and/or sites as appropriate to address the deficiency or deny or condition approval, consistent with the provisions of this chapter, the State Subdivision Act, and the State Environmental Policy Act.

- D. Determinations of the examiner or director regarding concurrency can be appealed only pursuant to the provisions for appeal of the development permit process for which the determination has been made. Where no other administrative appeal process is available, an appeal may be taken to the zoning examiner using the appeal procedures for variances. Any errors in the formula identified as a result of an appeal should be referred to the council for possible modifications.
- E. Where the council has not adopted an impact fee ordinance for a particular school district, the language of this section shall not affect the authority or duties of the examiner or the director pursuant to the State Environmental Policy Act or the State Subdivision Act.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 89. There is added to K.C.C. 21A.28 a new section to read as follows:

Submission of District Capital Facilities Plan and Data.

- A. On an annual basis, each school district shall submit the following materials to the School Technical Review Committee created pursuant to section 90 of this ordinance herein:
- 1. The district's capital facilities plan adopted by the school board which is consistent with the Growth Management Act.
- 2. The district's enrollment projections over the next six (6) years, its current enrollment and the district's enrollment projections and actual enrollment from the previous year.
 - 3. The district's standard of service.
- . 4. An inventory and evaluation of district facilities which address the district's standard of service.
- 5. The district's overall capacity over the next six (6) years, which shall be a function of the district's standard of service as measured by the number of students which can be housed in district facilities.
- B. To the extent that the district's standard of service reveals a deficiency in its current facilities, the district's capital facilities plan must demonstrate a plan for achieving the standard of service, and must identify the sources of funding for building or acquiring the necessary facilities to meet the standard of service.
- C. Facilities to meet future demand shall be designed to meet the adopted standards of service. If sufficient funding is not projected to be available to fully fund a capital plan which meets the standard of service, the district's capital plan should document the reason for the funding gap.

D. If an impact fee ordinance has been adopted on behalf of a school district, the district shall also submit an annual report to the School Technical Review Committee showing the capital improvements which were financed in whole or in part by the impact fees.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 90. There is added to K.C.C. 21A.28 a new section to read as follows:

School Technical Review Committee.

- A. There is hereby created a School Technical Review Committee (STRC) within King County. The Committee shall consist of 4 county staff persons, one each from the department of development and environmental services, the planning and community development division, the office of financial management and the county council.
- B. The Committee shall be charged with reviewing each school district's capital facilities plan, enrollment projections, standard of service, the district's overall capacity for the next six (6) years to ensure consistency with the Growth Management Act, King County Comprehensive Plan, and adopted community plans, and the district's calculation and rationale for proposed impact fees.
- C. Notice of the time and place of the Committee meeting where the district's documents will be considered shall be provided to the district.
- D. At the meeting where the Committee will review or act upon the district's documents, the district shall have the right to attend or to be represented, and shall be permitted to present testimony to the Committee. Meetings shall also be open to the public.
- E. In its review, the Committee shall consider the following factors:
- 1. Whether the district's forecasting system for enrollment projections has been demonstrated to be reliable and reasonable.
- 2. The historic levels of funding and voter support for bond issues in the district;
- 3. The inability of the district to obtain the anticipated state funding or to receive voter approval for district bond issues;
- 4. An emergency or emergencies in the district which required the closing of a school facility or facilities resulting in a sudden and unanticipated decline in districtwide capacity; and
- 5. The standards of service set by school districts in similar types of communities. While community differences will be permitted, the standard established by the district should be reasonably consistent with the standards set by other school districts in communities of similar socioeconomic profile.
- 6. The Committee shall consider the standards identified by the state concerning the ratios of certificated instructional staff to students.

- F. In the event that the district's standard of service reveals a deficiency in its current facilities, the Committee shall review the district's capital facilities plan to determine whether the district has identified all sources of funding necessary to achieve the standard of service.
- G. The district in developing the Financing Plan Component of the Capital Facilities Plan shall plan on a six-year horizon and shall demonstrate its best efforts by taking the following steps:
- 1. Establish a six-year financing plan, and propose the necessary bond issues and levies required by and consistent with that plan and as approved by the school board and consistent with RCW 28A.53.020 and RCW 84.52.052 and .056 as amended; and
- 2. Apply to the state for funding, and comply with the state requirement for eligibility to the best of the district's ability.
- H. The Committee is authorized to request the school district to review and to resubmit its capital facilities plan, or to establish a different standard of service, or to review its capacity for accommodating new students, under the following circumstances:
- 1. The standard of service established by the district is not reasonable in light of the factors set forth in subsection E of this section.
- 2. The Committee finds that the district's standard of service cannot reasonably be achieved in light of the secured financial commitments and the historic levels of support in the district; or
- 3. Any other basis which is consistent with the provisions of this section.
- I. The Committee shall prepare and submit an annual report to the King County council for each school district recommending a certification of concurrency in the district, except as provided in Subsection L of this section using the school concurrency standard as set forth in K.C.C. 21A.28.160. If a school district fails to submit its capital facilities plan for review by the STRC, King County shall assume the district has adequate capacity to accommodate growth for the following six years.
- J. The Committee shall submit copies of its recommendation of concurrency for each school district to the director of DDES, to the zoning and subdivision examiner, and to the district.
- K. The committee shall recommend to the council a comprehensive plan amendment adopting the district's capital facilities plan as part of the comprehensive plan, for any plan which the Committee concludes accurately reflects the district's facilities status.
- L. In the event that after reviewing the district's capital facilities plan and other documents, the Committee is unable to recommend certifying concurrency in a school district, the Committee shall submit a statement to the council, the director and the zoning and subdivision examiner stating that the Committee is

unable to recommend certifying concurrency in a specific school district. The Committee shall recommend to the executive that he propose to the council, amendments to the land use element of the King County Comprehensive Plan or amendments to the development regulations implementing the plan to more closely conform county land use plans and school facilities plans, including but not limited to requiring mandatory phasing of plats, UPDs or multifamily development located within the district's boundary. The necessary draft amendments shall accompany such recommendations.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 91. There is added to K.C.C. 21A.28 a new section to read as follows:

Annual Council Review.

- A. On at least an annual basis, the King County council shall review the reports prepared by the Committee and certify the district's plans. The review may occur in conjunction with any update of the Facilities and Services chapter of the King County Comprehensive Plan proposed by the Committee.
- B. The council shall review and consider any proposal(s) submitted by the Committee for amending the land use policies of the King County Comprehensive Plan, or the development regulations implementing the plan, including but not limited to requiring mandatory phasing of plats, UPDs or multifamily development when the Committee is unable to recommend a certification of concurrency in a specific school district. Any proposed amendments to the comprehensive plan or development regulations shall be subject to the public hearing and other procedural requirements set out in Title 20 or 21A, as applicable.
- C. The council may require the committee to submit proposed amendments or may itself initiate amendments to the land use policies of the King County Comprehensive Plan, or amendments to the development regulations implementing the plan.

SECTION 92. Ordinance 10870, Section 527, and K.C.C. 21A.28.170 are hereby repealed.

SECTION 93. Ordinance 10870, Section 536, and K.C.C. 21A.30.080 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Home occupation. Residents of a dwelling unit may conduct one or more home occupations as accessory activities, provided:

- A. The total area devoted to all home occupation(s) shall not exceed twenty percent of the floor area of the dwelling unit.

 Areas with attached garages and storage buildings shall not be considered part of the dwelling unit for purposes of calculating allowable home occupation area but may be used for storage of goods associated with the home occupation;
- B. In urban residential zones, all the activities of the home occupation(s) shall be conducted indoors, except for those related to growing or storing of plants used by the home occupation(s);
- C. No more than one non-resident shall be employed by the home occupation(s);

14 15

13

17 18

16

19 20 21

222324

252627

28

29 30 31

323334

353637

38 39 40

42

41

45 46 47

48

43 44 45

- D. The following activities shall be prohibited in urban residential zones only::
 - 1. Automobile, truck and heavy equipment repair;
 - 2. Autobody work or painting;
 - 3. Parking and storage of heavy equipment; and
 - 4. Storage of building materials for use on other properties;
- E. In addition to required parking for the dwelling unit, onsite parking shall be provided as follows:
- One stall for a non-resident employed by the home occupation(s); and
 - 2. One stall for patrons when services are rendered on-site;
 - F. Sales shall be limited to:
 - 1. Mail order sales; and
 - Telephone sales with off-site delivery;
- G. Services to patrons shall be arranged by appointment or provided off-site;
- H. The home occupation(s) may use or store a vehicle for pickup of materials used by the home occupation(s) or the distribution of products from the site, provided:
 - 1. No more than one such vehicle shall be allowed;
- 2. Such vehicle shall not park within any required setback areas of the lot or on adjacent streets; and
- 3. Such vehicle shall not exceed a weight capacity of one ton; and
- I. The home occupation(s) shall not use electrical or mechanical equipment that results in:
- A change to the ((fire rating)) occupancy type of the structure(s) used for the home occupation(s);
- 2. Visual or audible interference in radio or television receivers, or electronic equipment located off-premises; or
 - 3. Fluctuations in line voltage off-premises.
- J. Uses not allowed as home occupations may be allowed as a home industry pursuant to K.C.C. 21A.30.

SECTION 94. Ordinance 10870, Section 557, and K.C.C. 21A.32.200 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Re-use of facilities - general standards. The interim or permanent re-use of surplus nonresidential facilities in residential zoned areas shall require that no more than 50 percent of the original floor area ((may))be demolished for either permanent or interim re-use of facilities.

SECTION 95. Ordinance 10870, Section 544, and K.C.C. 21A.32.070 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Nonconformance - repair or reconstruction of nonconforming structure. Any structure nonconforming as to ((height))density or dimension ((setback)) standards may be repaired or reconstructed provided that:

A. The extent of the previously existing nonconformance is not increased; and

B. The building permit application for repair or reconstruction is submitted within 12 months of the occurrence of damage or destruction.

SECTION 96. Ordinance 10870, Section 571, and K.C.C. 21A.36.040 are hereby amended to read as follows:

- A. Receiving sites shall be zoned R-4 through R-48, NB, CB, RB or O, or any combination thereof, and ((must)) may be designated by community, neighborhood or subarea plan policies as appropriate for the transfer of residential density credits before being eligible to participate in a TDC.
- B. Except as provided in this chapter, development of a receiving site shall remain subject to all use, lot coverage, height, setback and other requirements of its zone.
- C. A receiving site may accept density credits, up to the maximum density permitted pursuant to K.C.C. 21A.12, from any sending site or combination of sending sites unless a community, neighborhood or subarea plan adopts specific policies to allow only transfers from within the same community planning area or within a distance outside of the planning area as specified by the community plan.

SECTION 97. Ordinance 10870, Section 576, and K.C.C. 21A.38.030 are hereby amended to read as follows:

- A. Property-specific development standards, denoted by the zoning map symbol -P after the zone's map symbol or a notation in the SITUS File, shall be established on individual properties through either reclassifications or area zoning. Upon the effective date of reclassification of a property to a zone with a -P suffix, the property-specific development standards adopted thereby shall apply to any development proposal on the subject property subject to county review, including, but not limited to, a building permit, grading permit, subdivision, short subdivision, subsequent reclassification to a potential zone, urban planned development, conditional use permit, variance, and special use permit.
- B. Property-specific development standards shall address problems unique to individual properties or specifically defined geographic areas that are not addressed or anticipated by general minimum requirements of this title or other regulations.
- C. Property-specific development standards shall cite the provisions of this title, if any, that are to be augmented, limited, or increased, shall be supported by documentation that addresses the need for such condition(s), and shall include street addresses, tax lot numbers or other clear means of identifying the properties subject to the additional standards. Property-specific development standards are limited to:
 - 1. Limiting the range of permitted land uses;
- 2. Requiring special development standards for property with physical constraints (e.g. environmental hazards, view corridors);

- 3. Requiring specific site design features (e.g. building orientation, lot layout, clustering, trails or access location);
 - 4. Specifying the phasing of the development of a site;
- Requiring public facility site dedications or improvements
 (e.g. roads, utilities, parks, open space, trails, school sites);
 or
- 6. Designating sending and receiving sites for transferring density credits as provided in K.C.C. 21A.36.
- D. Property-specific development standards shall not be used to expand permitted uses or reduce minimum requirements of this title.

SECTION 98. Ordinance 10870, Section 577, and K.C.C. 21A.38.040 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Special district overlay - general provisions. Special district overlays shall be designated on community plan maps and indicated on area zoning maps or a notation in the SITUS File, as follows:

- A. A special district overlay shall be designated in a community plan, plan update or plan amendment as provided in K.C.C. 20.12. Designation of an overlay district shall include policies that prescribe the purposes and location of the overlay;
- B. A special district overlay shall be applied to land through the area zoning adopted in conjunction with the community plan and shall be indicated on the zoning map or a notation in the SITUS File, with the suffix "-SO" following the map symbol of the underlying zone or zones;
- C. The special district overlays set forth in this chapter are the only overlays authorized by the code. New or amended overlays to carry out new or different goals or policies shall be adopted as part of this chapter and be available for use in all appropriate community planning areas;
- D. The special district overlays set forth in this chapter may waive, modify and substitute for the range of permitted uses and development standards established by this title for any use or underlying zone;
- E. Unless they are specifically modified by the provisions of this chapter, the standard requirements of this title and other county ordinances and regulations govern all development and land uses within special district overlays; and
- F. A special district overlay on an individual site may be modified by property-specific development standards as provided in K.C.C. 21A.38.030.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 99. There is hereby added to K.C.C. 21A.38 a new section to read as follows:

Special district overlay - rural industry development.

A. The purpose of the rural industries special district overlay is to establish standards for industrial development in rural areas. Site and building designs, buffering, compatible commercial and industrial uses are required to maintain rural character.

- B. The following development standards shall apply to uses locating in in the rural industry overlay districts:
- 1. All uses occuring outside an enclosed building shall be screened from adjoining rural residential uses;
- All buildings shall be set back 50-foot from perimeter streets and from residential zoned areas;
- 3. The total permitted floor area \ lot area ratio shall not exceed 100 percent for a development consisting of multiple lots and 125 percent on any individual building lot;
- 4. The total permitted impervious lot coverage shall not exceed 70 percent for a development consisting of multiple lots and 80 percent on any individual building lot;
- 5. The landscaping standards set forth in K.C.C. 21A.16 are modified as follows:
- a. 20-foot wide Type II landscaping shall be provided along exterior streets,
- b. 20-foot wide Type I landscaping shall be provided along property lines adjacent to rural residential zoned areas; and
- c. 15-foot wide Type II landscaping shall be provided along lines adjacent to nonresidential zoned areas;
- 6. Outdoor lighting shall be focused downward and configured to minimize intrusion of light into surrounding rural residential areas;
- 7. Refuse collection/recycling areas and loading or delivery areas shall be located at least 100 feet from residential areas and screened with a solid view obscuring barrier;
- 8. Off street parking standards shall be no less than one space for every 1000 square feet of floor area and no greater than one space for every 500 square feet of floor area;
 - 9. Sign are allowed as follows:
- a. Signs shall not exceed an area of 64 square feet per sign;
 - b. Pole signs shall not be permitted; and
 - c. Signs shall not be internally illuminated;
- 10. The director shall approve building design, materials and color. Buildings shall be designed and use accent materials (e.g. wood and brick), non-reflective glass, and muted colors to be compatible with rural character; and
 - 11. Building height shall be liminted to 40 feet.

SECTION 100. Ordinance 10870, Section 579, and K.C.C. 21A.38.060 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Special district overlay - office/research park development.

A. The purpose of the office/research park special district overlay is to establish an area for development to occur in a campus setting with integrated building designs, flexible grouping of commercial and industrial uses, generous landscaping and buffering treatment, and coordinated auto and pedestrian circulation plans. Office/research park districts shall only be

3

30

27

34

37

44

45

41

48

11621

established in areas designated within a community plan and zoned RB, O or I zones. Permitted uses shall include all uses permitted in the RB, O and I zones, as set forth in K.C.C. 21A.08, regardless of the classification used as the underlying zone on a particular parcel of land.

- B. The following development standards shall apply to uses locating in office/research park overlay districts:
- 1. All uses shall be conducted inside an entirely enclosed building;
- 2. An internal circulation plan shall be developed to facilitate pedestrian and vehicular traffic flow between major project phases and individual developments;
- 3. The standards set forth in this section shall be applied to the development as a unified site, not withstanding any division of the development site under a binding site plan or subdivision;
- 4. All buildings shall maintain a 50-foot setback from perimeter streets and from residential zoned areas;
- 5. The total permitted impervious lot coverage shall be 80 percent. The remaining 20 percent shall be devoted to open space. Open space may include all required landscaping, and any unbuildable environmentally sensitive areas and their associated buffers;
- 6. The landscaping standards set forth in K.C.C. 21A.16 are modified as follows:
- a. 20-foot wide Type II landscaping shall be provided along exterior streets, and 20-foot wide Type III landscaping shall be provide along interior streets;
- b. 20-foot wide Type I landscaping shall be provided along property lines adjacent to residential zoned areas;
- c. 15-foot wide Type II landscaping shall be provided along lines adjacent to nonresidential zoned areas; and
- d. Type IV landscaping shall be provided within all surface parking lots as follows:
- (1) Fifteen percent of the parking area, excluding required perimeter landscaping, shall be landscaped in parking lots with more than 30 parking stalls;
- (2) At least one tree for every four parking stalls shall be provided, to be reasonably distributed throughout the parking lot; and
- (3) No parking stall shall be more than 40 feet from some landscaping;
- e. An inventory of existing site vegetation shall be conducted pursuant to the procedures set forth in K.C.C. 21A.16. ((Significant trees identified in the inventory shall be retained as set forth in K.C.C. 21A.16 for commercial and industrial. developments)), and
- f. An overall landscaping plan which conforms to the requirements of this subsection shall be submitted for the entire

47 | ar 48 | UE

district or each major development phase prior to the issuance of any site development, grading, or building permits;

- 7. Lighting within an office/industrial park shall shield the light source from the direct view of surrounding residential areas;
- 8. Refuse collection/recycling areas and loading or delivery areas shall be located at least 100 feet from residential areas and screened with a solid view obscuring barrier;
- 9. Off street parking standards as set forth in Chapter 21A.18 are modified as follows:
- a. one space for every 300 square feet of floor area shall be provided for all uses, except on-site daycare, exercise facilities, eating areas for employees, archive space for tenants, retail/service uses;
- b. parking for on-site daycare, exercise facilities, eating areas for employees, archive space for tenants, and retail/service uses shall be no less than one space for every 1000 square feet of floor area and no greater than one space for every 500 square feet of floor area; and
- c. at least 25 percent of required parking shall be located in a parking structure; and
- 10. Sign standards as set forth in Chapter 21A.20 are modified as follows:
- a. Signs visible from the exterior of the park shall be limited to one monument office/research park identification sign at each entrance. Such signs shall not exceed an area of 64 square feet per sign;
 - b. no pole signs shall be permitted; and
- c. all other signs shall be visible only from within the park.

SECTION 101. Ordinance 10870, Section 583, and K.C.C. 21A.39.020 are hereby amended to read as follows:

UPD permit - application/review process.

- A. King County shall accept an application for an UPD permit only in areas designated urban by the comprehensive plan and contained within the boundaries of UPD Special District Overlays designated by a community plan or comprehensive plan, provided that density transfer from adjacent rural lands is allowed as provided for in Chapter 21A.((34))36.
- B. A UPD permit application, or modifications of an approved UPD permit which requires council review, shall be reviewed pursuant to the hearing examiner process outlined in K.C.C. 21A.42, provided that:
- the review of the UPD permit application shall not be completed until applicable sewer and/or water comprehensive utility plans or plan amendments are identified;
- 2. A UPD permit may be processed concurrently with any application for a subsequent development approval implementing the UPD permit.

20

15

25

26

31 32

41

- 45 46 47

- C. (If requested by the applicant, a)) \underline{A} processing memorandum of understanding (MOU) shall be adopted containing any of the following elements:
- 1. Schedule for processing including timelines for EIS, drainage master plan, UPD permit hearings, plats or other permits or approvals;
 - 2. Budget for permit processing and review;
- 3. Establishment of a core UPD review team with one representative from each county department having a principal UPD The department responsible for coordinating permit review role. review of the UPD shall enter into memorandums of understanding with other county departments specifying special tasks and timetables consistent with the schedule for performance by each department and/or independent consulting;
- 4. Retention of a third-party facilitator at the applicant's cost to assist the county's review;
- 5. Establishment of baseline monitoring requirements and design parameters which are to apply under existing law during the UPD application and review process;
- 6. Final scope for EIS, which shall be adjusted for adopted county substantive environmental or mitigation requirements which will apply to the UPD permit such as the sensitive area ordinance, the SWM Manual, road and school adequacy standards, impact fee or mitigation programs or other adopted standards.
- D. The processing MOU shall be completed initially within 90 days after the request by a UPD permit applicant, unless the county and applicant agree to a different time. If the county and applicant have not reached agreement within 90 days, then either may request final resolution of the processing MOU by a committee consisting of the directors of the departments of public works, development and environmental services, and parks planning and resources;
- The County shall prepare an E. UPD Application Form. application form consistent with the information required under K.C.C. 21A.39.030, which shall take into account that detailed information which may not be available at the time of the application will be developed through the environmental impact statement and review process.

SECTION 102. Ordinance 10870, Section 586, and K.C.C. 21A.39.050 are hereby amended to read as follows:

UPD standards - land uses.

A. Except as required by subsections B and C, a UPD may contain any non-residential use set out in the K.C.C. 21A.08 (Land Use Tables) when approved as part of the UPD permit. Any nonresidential use shall be subject to any applicable UPD conditions contained in the development agreement that limits the scope or intensity of such use.

- B. The primary land use shall be residential and shall be provided as follows:
- 1. the base density of the UPD shall be that of the zone set for the site were it to not develop with a UPD, applied to the entire site including portions proposed for nonresidential uses.
- 2. the minimum density of the UPD shall be not less than the minimum residential density of the underlying zoning calculated for the portion of the site to be used for residential purposes, pursuant to the methodology outlined in K.C.C. 21A.12, and
- 3. the maximum density of the UPD shall be determined by the council in the UPD permit, subject to any maximum density set out in the community plan or comprehensive plan which designated ((in)) the UPD special district overlay.
 - C. UPDs shall at a minimum:
- 1. provide retail/commercial areas at a rate of one acre per 2500 projected UPD residents, or
- 2. demonstrate that existing or potential commercial development within one quarter mile of UPD boundaries will meet the convenience shopping needs of UPD residents.

SECTION 103. Ordinance 10870, Section 598, and K.C.C. 21A.40.035 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Vesting.

- A. ((Only a c)) Completed applications for ((a)) conditional use permits and special use permits shall be considered under zoning and other land use control ordinances in effect as of the date of submittal.
- B. Supplemental information required after acceptance and vesting of a complete application shall not affect the validity of the vesting for such application.
- C. Vesting of an application does not vest any subsequently required permits, nor does it affect the requirements for vesting of subsequent permits or approvals.
- D. This section vests only conditional use permits. Vesting for other development permits shall be governed by other applicable titles.

SECTION 104. Ordinance 10870, Section 604, and K.C.C. 21A.40.090 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Notice - Posted notice. Posted notice for a proposed action shall consist of one or more notice boards as follows.

- A. A single notice board shall be posted for a project and this notice board may also be used for the posting of the SEPA threshold determination, if same is required, and shall be placed by the applicant:
- 1. At the midpoint of the site street frontage or as otherwise directed by the department for maximum visibility;
- 2. Five feet inside the street property line except when the board is structurally attached to an existing building, provided

that no notice board shall be placed more than five feet from the street property without approval of the department;

- 3. So that the top of the notice board is between seven to nine feet above grade; and
 - 4. Where it is completely visible to pedestrians.
 - B. Additional notice boards may be required when:
 - 1. The site does not abut a public road;
 - 2. A large site abuts more than one public road; or
- 3. The department determines that additional notice boards are necessary to provide adequate public notice.
 - C. Notice boards shall be:
- maintained in good condition by the applicant during the notice period;
- 2. in place at least 30 days prior to the date of hearing, or at least 15 days prior to the end of any required comment period; and
 - 3. removed within 15 days after the end of the notice period.
- D. Removal of the notice board prior to the end of the notice period may be cause for discontinuance of the department review until the notice board is replaced and remains in place for the specified time period.
- E. An affidavit of posting shall be submitted to the department by the applicant prior to the hearing or final comment date.
- F. Notice boards shall be constructed and installed in accordance with specifications promulgated by the department pursuant to K.C.C. 2.98, Rules of County Agencies.

SECTION 105. Ordinance 10870, Section 612, and K.C.C. 21A.42.040 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Director/adjustor review - Actions subject to review. The following actions shall be subject to the director/adjustor review procedures set forth in this chapter:

- A. Applications for variances, exceptions under 21A.24 and conditional uses; and
 - B. Periodic review of extractive operations.

SECTION 106. Ordinance 10870, Section 618, and K.C.C.

21A.42.100 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Examiner review - Zone reclassifications, urban plan developments, and special use permits. Applications for zone reclassifications, special use permits and urban plan developments shall be reviewed by the department subject to the procedures and criteria set forth in K.C.C. 20.24 for action subject to approval by the council and notice shall be provided pursuant to K.C.C. 21A.40.080 through .130.

SECTION 107. Ordinance 10870, Section 624, and K.C.C.

21A.44.030 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Variance. A variance shall be granted by the county, only if the applicant demonstrates all of the following:

- A. The strict enforcement of the provisions of this title creates an unnecessary hardship to the property owner;
- B. The variance is necessary because of the unique size, shape, topography, or location of the subject property;
- C. The subject property is deprived, by provisions of this title, of rights and privileges enjoyed by other properties in the vicinity and under an identical zone;
- D. The need for the variance is not the result of deliberate actions of the applicant or property owner;
 - E. The variance does not create health and safety hazards;
- F. The variance does not relieve an applicant from any of the procedural provisions of this title;
- G. The variance does not relieve an applicant from any standard or provision that specifically states that no variance from such standard or provision is permitted;
- H. The variance does not relieve an applicant from conditions established during prior permit review or from provisions enacted pursuant to K.C.C. 21A.38, Property-Specific Development Standards;
- I. The variance does not allow establishment of a use that is not otherwise permitted in the zone in which the proposal is located;
- J. The variance does not allow the creation of lots or densities that exceed the base residential density for the zone by more than 10 percent;
- K. The variance is the minimum necessary to grant relief to the applicant;
- L. The variance from setback or height requirements does not infringe upon or interfere with easements (($\frac{1}{2}$) or responsibilities; and
- M. The variance does not relieve an applicant from any provisions of K.C.C. 21A.24 Sensitive Areas, except for the required buffer widths set forth in K.C.C. 21A.24.((270))280, 21A.24.((300))310, 21A.24.((310))320, or 21A.24.((350))360.

SECTION 108. Ordinance 10870, Section 625, and K.C.C. 21A.44.040 are hereby amended to read as follows:

Conditional use permit. A conditional use permit shall be granted by the County, only if the applicant demonstrates that:

- A. The conditional use is designed in a manner which is compatible with the character and appearance ((with the)) of an existing, or proposed development in the vicinity of the subject property;
- B. The location, size and height of buildings, structures, walls and fences, and screening vegetation for the conditional use shall not hinder neighborhood circulation or discourage the permitted development or use of neighboring properties;
- C. The conditional use is designed in a manner that is compatible with the physical characteristics of the subject property;

14

32

33

28

37

41

42

- 46
- 47 48

- D. Requested modifications to standards are limited to those which will mitigate impacts in a manner equal to or greater than the standards of this title;
- E. The conditional use is not in conflict with the health and safety of the community;
- F. The conditional use is such that pedestrian and vehicular traffic associated with the use will not be hazardous or conflict with existing and anticipated traffic in the neighborhood; and
- G. The conditional use will be supported by adequate public facilities or services and will not adversely affect public services to the surrounding area or conditions can be established to mitigate adverse impacts on such facilities.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 109. A new Chapter is added to K.C.C. Title 21A. The sections contained in this chapter are sections 110 through 118 of this ordinance to read as follows:

Authority. The provisions of this chapter for the assessment and collection of impact fees are adopted pursuant to Chapter 82.02 RCW.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 110. Purpose. The purpose of this chapter is to implement the capital facilities element of the Comprehensive Plan and the Growth Management Act by:

- school facilities A. Ensuring that adequate public improvements are available to serve new development;
- Establishing standards whereby new development pays proportionate share of the cost for public school facilities needed to serve such new development;
- Ensuring that school impact fees are imposed through established procedures and criteria so that specific developments do not pay arbitrary fees or duplicative fees for the same impact; and -
- D. Providing needed funding for growth-related school improvements to meet the future growth needs of King County.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 111. Impact fee program elements.

- A. Impact fees will be assessed on every new dwelling unit in the district for which a fee schedule has been established.
- B. Impact fees will be imposed on a district-by-district basis, on behalf of any school district which provides to the county, a capital facilities plan, the district's standards of service for the various grade spans, estimates of the cost of providing needed facilities and other capital improvements, and the data from the district called for by the formula in section 112 of this The actual fee schedule for the district will be ordinance. adopted by ordinance based on this information and the fee calculation set out for section 112 of this ordinance. Any impact fee imposed shall be reasonably related to the impact caused by the development and shall not exceed a proportionate share of the cost system improvements that are reasonably related The impact fee formula shall account in the fee development.

calculation for future revenues the district will receive from the development. The ordinance adopting the fee schedule shall specify under what circumstances the fee may be adjusted in the interests of fairness.

C. The impact fee shall be based on a capital facilities plan developed by the district and approved by the school board, and adopted by reference by the county as part of the capital facilities element of the comprehensive plan for the purpose of establishing the fee program.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 112. Fee calculations.

- A. The fee for each district shall be calculated based on the formula set out in Attachment A.
- B. Separate fees shall be calculated for single family and separate types of dwelling units, and multifamily generation rates must be determined by the district for each type For purposes of this chapter mobile homes shall of dwelling unit. be treated as single family dwellings, and duplexes and single as multifamily treated family attached dwellings shall be dwellings.
- C. The fee shall be calculated on a district-by-district basis using the appropriate factors and data to be supplied by the district, as indicated in Attachment A. The fee calculations shall be made on a district-wide basis to assure maximum utilization of all school facilities in the district used currently or within the last two years for instructional purposes.
- D. The formula in Attachment A provides a credit for the anticipated tax contributions that would be made by the development based on historical levels of voter support for bond issue in the school district.
- E. The formula also provides for a credit for school facilities or sites actually provided by a developer which the school district finds to be acceptable.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 113. Fee collection. Fees shall be collected by the department of development and environmental services and maintained in a separate account for each school district, pursuant to section 116 of this ordinance. Fees shall be paid to the district pursuant to administrative rules of an interlocal agreement between the county and the district.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 114. Assessment of impact fees.

A. In school districts where impact fees have been adopted by county ordinance and except as provided in section 117 of this ordinance, the county shall collect impact fees, based on the schedules set forth in each ordinance establishing the fee to be collected for the district, from any applicant seeking development approval from the county where such development activity requires final plat, PUD or UPD approval or the issuance of a residential building permit or a mobile home permit and the fee for the lot or unit has not been previously paid. No approval shall be granted

- B. For a plat, PUD or UPD applied for on or after the effective date of the ordinance adopting the fee for the district in question receiving final approval, fifty percent (50%) of the impact fees due on the plat, PUD or UPD shall be assessed and collected from the applicant at the time of final approval, using the impact fee schedules in effect when the plat, PUD or UPD was approved. The balance of the assessed fee shall be allocated to the dwelling units in the project, and shall be collected when the building permits are issued. Residential developments proposed for short plats shall be governed by subsection D of this section.
- C. If on the effective date of an ordinance adopting an impact fee for a district, a plat, PUD or UPD has already received preliminary approval, such plat, PUD or UPD shall not be required to pay fifty percent (50%) of the impact fees at the time of final approval, but the impact fees shall be assessed and collected from the lot owner at the time the building permits are issued, using the impact fee schedules in effect at the time of building permit application. If on the effective date of a district's ordinance, an applicant has applied for preliminary plat, PUD or UPD approval, but has not yet received such approval, the applicant shall follow the procedures set forth in subsection B of this section.
- D. For existing lots or lots not covered by subsection B of this section, application for single family and multifamily residential building permits, mobile home permits, and site plan approval for mobile home parks, the total amount of the impact fees shall be assessed and collected from the applicant when the building permit is issued, using the impact fee schedules in effect at the time of permit application.
- E. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, any application for preliminary plat, PUD or UPD approval submitted before January 22, 1991, shall not be required to pay school impact fees at the time of final plat, PUD or UPD approval. However, where the county has adopted a fee ordinance for the district, the full impact fee in effect when the building permits were applied for shall be paid by such developments at the time the building permits are issued if the applications for the building permits are submitted after January 22, 1991.
- F. Any application for preliminary plat, PUD or UPD approval or multifamily zoning which has been approved subject to conditions requiring the payment of impact fees established pursuant to this chapter, shall be required to pay the fee in accordance with the condition of approval.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 115. Effective Date. As of September 10, 1993, no fee shall be assessed or collected on any pending building

permit which had been applied for prior to the effective date of the impact fee.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 116. Adjustments, exceptions, and appeals.

- A. The following are excluded from the application of the impact fees:
- 1. any form of housing exclusively for the senior citizen, including nursing homes and retirement centers, so long as these uses are maintained;
- 2. reconstruction, remodeling, or replacement of existing dwelling units which does not result in additional new dwelling units. In the case of replacement of a dwelling, a complete application for a building permit must be submitted within three years after it has been removed or destroyed;
- 3. shelters for temporary placement, relocation facilities and transitional housing facilities;
- 4. any development activity that is exempt from the payment of an impact fee pursuant to RCW 82.02.100, due to mitigation of the same system improvement under the State Environmental Policy Act;
- 5. any development activity for which school impacts have been mitigated pursuant to a condition of plat, PUD or UPD approval to pay fees, dedicate land or construct or improve school facilities, unless the condition of the plat, PUD or UPD approval provides otherwise; provided that the condition of the plat, PUD or UPD approval predates the effective date of a school district's fee implementing ordinance;
- 6. any development activity for which school impacts have been mitigated pursuant to a voluntary agreement entered into with a school district to pay fees, dedicate land or construct or improve school facilities, unless the terms of the voluntary agreement provide otherwise; provided that the agreement predates the effective date of a school district's fee implementing ordinance;
- 7. housing units which fully qualify as housing for persons age 55 and over meeting the requirements of the Federal Housing Amendments Act of 1988, 42 U.S.C. 3607(b)(2)(c) and (b)(3), as subsequently amended, and which have recorded covenants or other legal arrangements precluding school-aged children as residents in those units.
- B. Arrangement may be made for later payment with the approval of the school district only if the district determines that it will be unable to use or will not need the payment until a later time, provided that sufficient security, as defined by the district, is provided to assure payment. Security shall be made to and held by the school district, which will be responsible for tracking and documenting the security interest.

13

19

24

29

34

- C. The fee amount established in the schedule shall be reduced by the amount of any payment previously made for the lot or development activity in question, either as a condition of approval or pursuant to a voluntary agreement with a school district entered into after the effective date of a school district's fee implementing ordinance.
- After the effective date of a school district's fee implementing ordinance, whenever a development is granted approval subject to a condition that the developer actually provide school sites, school facilities, or improvements to school facilities acceptable to the district, or whenever the developer has agreed, pursuant to the terms of a voluntary agreement with the school district, to provide land, provide school facilities, or make to existing facilities, the developer shall be improvements entitled to a credit for the value of the land or actual cost of construction against the fee that would be chargeable under the The land value or cost of formula provided by this chapter. construction shall be estimated at the time of approval, but must estimated, If construction costs are documented. documentation shall be confirmed after the construction is completed to assure that an accurate credit amount is provided. the land value or construction costs are less than the calculated fee amount, the difference remaining shall be chargeable as a school impact fee.
- E. Impact fees may be adjusted by the county, at the county's discretion, if one of the following circumstances exist, provided that the discount set forth in the fee formula fails to adjust for the error in the calculation or fails to ameliorate for the unfairness of the fee:
- 1. The developer demonstrates that an impact fee assessment was incorrectly calculated; or
- . 2. Unusual circumstances identified by the developer demonstrate that if the standard impact fee amount was applied to the development, it would be unfair or unjust.
- F. A developer may provide studies and data to demonstrate that any particular factor used by the district may not be appropriately applied to the development proposal, but the district's data shall be presumed valid unless clearly demonstrated to be otherwise by the proponent.
- G. Any appeal of the decision of the director or the zoning and subdivision examiner with regard to imposition of an impact for or fee amounts shall follow the appeal process for the underlying permit and not be subject to a separate appeal process. Where no other administrative appeal process is available, an appeal may be taken to the zoning examiner using the appeal procedures for variances. Any errors in the formula identified as a result of an appeal should be referred to the council for possible modification.

9

26

32

29

42

46 47 48 H. Impact fees may be paid under protest in order to obtain a building permit or other approval of development activity, when an appeal is filed.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 117. Exemption or reduction for low or moderate income housing.

- A. Low or moderate income housing projects being developed by public housing agencies or private non-profit housing shall be exempt from the payment of school impact fees. The amount of the school impact fees not collected from low or moderate income household development shall be paid from public funds other than The impact fees for these units shall be impact fee accounts. considered paid for by the district through its other funding sources, without the district actually transferring funds from its other funding sources into the impact fee account. The planning review development division shall proposed community developments of low or moderate income housing by such public or non-profit developers pursuant to criteria and procedures adopted department administrative rule, and shall advise the development and environmental services as to whether the project qualifies for the exemption.
- Private developers who dedicate residential units occupancy by low or moderate income households may apply to the division for reductions in school impact fees pursuant to criteria established for public housing agencies and private nonprofit housing developers pursuant to Subsection A, and subject to the provisions of Subsection A. The division shall review proposed developments of low or moderate income housing by such private and procedures developers pursuant to criteria administrative rule, and shall advise the department of development and environmental services as to whether the project qualifies for the exemption. If the division recommends the exemption, department of development and environmental services shall reduce the calculated school impact fee for the development by an amount that is proportionate to the number of units in the development that satisfy the adopted criteria.
- Individual low or moderate income home purchasers c. Comprehensive the King County Housing defined pursuant to Affordability Strategy (CHAS)) who are purchasing homes at prices within their eligibility limits based on standard lending criteria and meet other means tests established by rule by the division are exempted from payment of the impact fee, provided that at such time as the property in question is transferred to another owner who does not qualify for the exemption, at which time the fee shall be due and payable.
- D. The division is hereby instructed and authorized to adopt, pursuant to K.C.C. Chapter 2.98, administrative rules to implement this section. Such rules shall provide for the administration of this program and shall:

23

17

34

35

36

29

41

- 42 43 44 45
- 46

47

48

- 1. Encourage the construction of housing for low or moderate income households by public housing agencies or private non-profit publicly participating in developers subsidized housing programs;
- 2. Encourage the construction in private developments housing units for low or moderate income households that are in units required by another housing program addition to development condition;
- 3. Ensure that housing that qualifies as low or moderate cost meets appropriate standards regarding household income, rent levels or sale prices, location, number of units and development size; and
- 4. Ensure that developers who obtain an exemption from or reduction of school impact fees will in fact build the proposed low or moderate cost housing and make it available to low or moderate income households for a minimum of fifteen (15) years.
- 5. Ensure that individual low or moderate income purchasers meet appropriate eligibility standards based on income and other financial means tests.
- E. As a condition of receiving an exemption under paragraph B or C, the owner must execute and record a county-drafted lien, covenant, and/or other contractual provision against the property for a period of ten (10) years for individual owners, and fifteen (15) years for private developers, guaranteeing that the proposed development will continue to be used for low or moderate income In the event that the pattern of development or the use of the development is no longer for low or moderate income housing, then the owner shall pay the impact fee amount from which the owner or any prior owner was exempt. The lien, covenant, or other contractual provision shall run with the land and apply to subsequent owners.

Impact fee accounts and refunds. NEW SECTION. SECTION 118.

- A. Impact fee receipts shall be earmarked specifically and retained in a special interest-bearing account established by the county solely for the district's school impact fees. All interest shall be retained in the account and expended for the purpose or purposes identified in Subsection B. Annually, the county, based in part on the report submitted by the district pursuant to section 89 of this ordinance shall prepare a report on each impact fee account showing the source and amount of all moneys collected, earned or received, and capital or system improvements that were financed in whole or in part by impact fees.
- B. Impact fees for the district's system improvements shall be expended by the district for capital improvements including but not limited to school planning, land acquisition, site improvements, construction, engineering, off-site improvements, architectural, permitting, financing, and administrative expenses, relocatable facilities, capital equipment pertaining to educational facilities, and any other expenses which could be capitalized, and

- C. In the event that bonds or similar debt instruments are issued for the advanced provision of capital facilities for which impact fees may be expended and where consistent with the provisions of the bond covenants, impact fees may be used to pay debt service on such bonds or similar debt instruments to the extent that the facilities or improvements provided are consistent with the requirements of this section.
- D. Impact fees shall be expended or encumbered (i.e. committed as part of the funding for a facility for which the publically funded share has been assured, or building permits applied for, or construction contracts let) by the district for a permissible use within six (6) years of receipt by the county, unless there exists an extraordinary and compelling reason for fees to be held longer than six (6) years. Such extraordinary or compelling reasons shall be identified to the county by the district. The county must prepare written findings concurring with the district's reasons, and authorizing the later encumbrance or expenditure of the fees prior to the district so encumbering or expending the funds, or directing a refund of the fees.
- E. The current owner of property on which an impact fee has been paid may receive a refund of such fees if the impact fees have not been expended or encumbered within six (6) years of receipt of the funds by the county. In determining whether impact fees have been encumbered, impact fees shall be considered encumbered on a first in, first out basis. The county shall notify potential claimants by first-class mail deposited with the United States Postal Service addressed to the owner of the property as shown in the county tax records.
- F. An owner's request for a refund must be submitted to the county council in writing within one (1) year of the date the right to claim the refund arises or the date that notice is given, whichever date is later. Any impact fees that are not expended or encumbered within these time limitations, and for which no application for a refund has been made within this one (1) year period, shall be retained and expended consistent with the provisions of this section. Refunds of impact fees shall include any interest earned on the impact fees.
- G. Should the county seek to terminate any or all school impact fee requirements, all unexpended or unencumbered funds, including interest earned, shall be refunded to the current owner of the property for which a school impact fee was paid. Upon the finding that any or all fee requirements are to be terminated, the county shall place notice of such termination and the availability of refunds in a newspaper of general circulation at least two (2) times and shall notify all potential claimants by first-class mail addressed to the owner of the property as shown in the county tax

1.4

40

44

45

46 47 48 records. All funds available for refund shall be retained for a period of one (1) year. At the end of one (1) year, any remaining funds shall be retained by the county, but must be expended for the district, consistent with the provisions of this section. The notice requirement set forth above shall not apply if there are no unexpended or unencumbered balances within the account or accounts being terminated.

- H. A developer may request and shall receive a refund, including interest earned on the impact fees, when:
- 1. The developer does not proceed to finalize the development activity as required by statute or county code or the Uniform Building Code, and
- 2. No impact on the district has resulted. "Impact" shall be include cases where the district has expended or encumbered the impact fees in good faith prior to the application In the event that the district has expended or for a refund. encumbered the fees in good faith, no refund shall be forthcoming. However, if within a period of three (3) years, the same or subsequent owner of the property proceeds with the same the owner shall be substantially similar development activity, The owner must petition the county and eligible for a credit. provide receipts of impact fees paid by the owner for a development of the same or substantially similar nature on the same property or some portion thereof. The county shall determine whether to grant a credit, and such determinations may be appealed by following the procedures set forth in section 116 of this ordinance.
- I. Interest due upon the refund of impact fees required by this Section shall be calculated according to the average rate received by the county or the district on invested funds throughout the period during which the fees were retained.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 119. A new chapter is added to K.C.C. Title 21A. The sections contained in this chapter are sections 120 through 132 of this ordinance.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 120. Purpose. The purpose of this chapter is to establish an optional comprehensive site review process of proposed commercial development resulting in a permit which can combine any or all of the following:

- A. Site development requirements specified prior to building and/or grading permit applications.
- B. Site review and application of rules and regulations generally applied to the whole site without regard to existing or proposed internal lot lines.
- C. Site development coordination and project phasing occurring over a period of years.
- D. Evaluation of commercially and industrially zoned property for the creation or alteration of lots when reviewed concurrently with a binding site plan application.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 121. Applicability.

21

22

23

24252627

33

34

35

36

37

28

38 39 40

41 42 43

- A. An application for commercial site development permit may be submitted for commercial development projects on sites consisting of one (1) or more contiguous lots legally created and zoned to permit the proposed uses.
- B. A commercial site development permit is separate from and does not replace other required permits such as conditional use permits or shoreline substantial development permits. A commercial site development permit may be combined and reviewed concurrently with other permits.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 122. Permit application.

- A. Before submitting a commercial site development application, an applicant shall have a pre-application conference with King County department of development and environmental services staff.
- B. An application for a commercial site development permit may be considered simultaneously with other applications. A commercial site development application which includes a proposal for dividing commercially or industrially zoned property as provided in RCW 58.17.035 must be accompanied by an application for a binding site plan permit.
- C. A commercial site development permit shall be considered under the zoning and other land use control ordinances in effect at the time a fully completed application is filed with the department. An application shall be considered complete once the department determines that the application contains the following materials and information:
- 1. A completed application form provided by the department, signed by all property owners or their agents, with supporting required below contains sufficient and which as to determine compliance with adopted information regulations including, but not limited to RCW 43.21C, SEPA as implemented by WAC 197-11; K.C.C. 9.04, Surface Water Management; K.C.C. 14.42, Road Standards; K.C.C. Title 17, Fire Code; K.C.C. 20.44, County Environmental Procedures; K.C.C. Title 21A, Zoning; administrative rules Shoreline Management; 25, pursuant to K.C.C. 2.98 to implement any such code or ordinance provision; King county board of health rules and regulation; county approved utility comprehensive plans; conformity with applicable Psuffix conditions and private restrictions and covenants which are in effect at the time of application.
- 2. A proposed site plan prepared in a form prescribed by the director. At a minimum, the proposed site plan shall include:
- a. the location and size of all proposed lots and structures including elevations, floor plans as known, and maximum square footage (plans which show building envelopes rather than footprints must include post-construction treatment of unoccupied areas of the building envelopes),
 - b. all proposed uses,

- c. the location of proposed open space including any required landscaped areas,
 - d. the location and identification of critical areas;
- e. the layout of an internal vehicular and pedestrian circulation system, including proposed ingress and egress for vehicles and required fire department access roadways (firelanes),
- f. the number and location of proposed parking spaces on and off the site,
- g. a drainage plan which will accommodate the maximum proposed square footage of impervious surface and the maximum proposed square footage of impervious surface exposed to vehicular use, subject to the requirements of the King County Surface Water Design Manual, adopted by rule under the procedures specified in K.C.C. 2.98.
- h. the location and size of utility trunk lines serving the site,
- i. the location and size of water bodies and drainage features, both natural and manmade.
- j. a grading plan showing proposed clearing and tree retention and the existing and proposed topography, detailed to five-foot contours, unless smaller contour intervals are otherwise required by the King County Code or rules and regulations promulgated thereunder,
- k. a layout of sewers and the proposed water distribution system including fire hydrant locations, and
- 3. A completed environmental checklist, if required by K.C.C. 20.44;
- 4. A downstream drainage analysis or any other requirement specified in the King County Surface Water Design Manual or K.C.C. 9.04;
- 5. All covenant, easements, maintenance agreements or other documents regarding mutual use of parking and access;
- 6. A Certificate of Sewer Availability or site percolation data approved by the Seattle-King County department of public health; or for schools located in rural areas, a letter indicating compliance with the tightline sewer provisions in the zoning code;
 - 7. A current Certificate of Water Availability;
 - 8. A fire district receipt, pursuant to K.C.C. 17.04.010;
- 9. Copies of all easements, deed restrictions or other encumbrances restricting the use of the site;
- 10. A phasing plan and time schedule, if the site is intended to be developed in phases or if all building permits will not be submitted within three years;
- 11. Documentation of the date and method of segregation for the subject property verifying that the lot or lots were not created in violation of the short subdivision or subdivision laws in effect at the time of creation;

- 12. A list of other development permits or permit applications filed for the same site; and
 - 13. The payment of fees.
- D. The department shall screen the commercial site development permit application for completeness and shall notify the applicant of any deficiencies or certify that the application is complete.
- E. The applicant shall submit any additional information or documents which may be required by the director for the purpose of processing the commercial site development permit. Additional information sought after the application has been certified as complete will not affect the completeness of the application but may affect the time required to process the application.
- F. The director may waive specific submittal requirements determined to be unnecessary for review of the application.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 123. Notice of application.

- A. After a complete commercial site development permit application is submitted to the department, the department shall send written notice of the application by first class mail to the following:
- 1. Owners of property located with 500 feet of the site, provided such area shall be expanded as necessary to ensure that notice be mailed to at least twenty (20) different property owners;
 - 2. Any other person requesting notice;
- 3. Any city located within three (3) miles of any boundary of the site;
- 4. Any city with a utility which is intended to serve the site; and
- 5. The ((s))State ((d))Department of ((t))Transportation, if any part of the site adjoins a ((s))State right-of-way.
- 6. Any agency or community group which the department may identify as having an interest in the proposal.
- B. The applicant shall post notice of the commercial site development permit application on the subject property in a conspicuous place likely to be seen by persons passing the property. The department may require more than one (10) notice board when a site does not abut a public road or in any other instance when the department deems additional boards to be necessary. Posting shall occur for at least fifteen days and meet the dimensions and form prescribed in K.C.C. 19.26.070.
- C. The department may also use any other method of notice deemed appropriate for the purpose of informing interested parties of a commercial site development permit, including but not limited to publishing notification of the proposed action in local or community newspapers.
- D. The notice of application shall include, but not be limited to the following:
 - 1. The name and total area of the site;
 - 2. A plot plan;

- 4. The applicant's name;
- 5. A legal description of the site;
- 6. A general location description of the site in nonlegal language; and
- 7. An invitation to submit written comments together with the last date comments will be considered.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 124. Public comments. All public comments shall be in writing and signed, shall reference the proposed commercial site development permit application, and shall include the full name, address and telephone number of the person All comments shall be received within the designated commenting. comment period. The designated comment period shall commence on the day following publication or posting of the application notice and shall terminate at 4:30 p.m. on the fifteenth (15th) day thereafter. If the department determines that application notice shall be published as well as posted, the department shall make every attempt to have the comment periods run concurrently. however, more than one method of notification is used, the termination date shall be calculated from the last notification date. If the fifteenth (15th) day is a non-work day for the county, the designated comment period shall cease at 4:30 p.m. on the next county work day immediately following the fifteenth (15th) day.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 125. Application of development standards. An application for commercial site development permit shall be reviewed pursuant to RCW 43.21C, SEPA as implemented by WAC 197-11; Water Management; K.C.C. 14.42, 9.04, Surface Standards; K.C.C. Chapter 16.82, Grading; K.C.C. Title 17, Fire Code; K.C.C. 20.44, County Environmental Procedures; K.C.C. Title 21, Zoning; Title 25, Shoreline Management; administrative rules adopted pursuant to K.C.C. 2.98 to implement any such code or ordinance provision; King County board of health rules approved utility comprehensive plans; regulations; county conformity with applicable P-suffix conditions.

Lot-based standards, such as internal circulation, landscaping signage and setback requirements, are typically applied to each individual lot within the site. However, the director may approve an application for commercial site development where such standards have been applied to the site as if it consisted of one parcel. Lot-based regulations shall not be waived altogether.

The director may modify lot-based or lot line requirements contained within the building fire and other similar uniform codes adopted by the county, provided the site is being reviewed concurrently with a binding site plan application.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 126. Approval.

.5 .6 .7 .18 .19 .20

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

. 0

. 1

.2

.3

4

23

30 31 32

29

34 35

33

36 37

38 39 40

41 42

43 44

- A. The director may approve, deny, or approve with conditions an application for a commercial site development. The decision shall be based on the following factors:
- 1. Conformity with adopted county and state rules and regulations in effect on the date the complete application was filed, including but not limited to those listed in section 125 of this ordinance.
- 2. Consideration of the recommendations or comments of interested parties and those agencies having pertinent expertise or jurisdiction, consistent with the requirements of this title.
- B. Subsequent permits for the subject site shall be issued only in compliance with the approved commercial site development plan. Additional site development conditions and site review will not be required for subsequent permits provided the approved plan is not altered.
- C. Approval of the proposed commercial site development shall not provide the applicant with a vested right to build without regard to subsequent changes in the building and fire codes listed in K.C.C. 16.04 and 17.04 regulating construction.
- D. The director shall mail a copy of the decision to the applicant and any other person who has presented written comment to the department.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 127. Bonds and securities. Performance bonds or other appropriate securities (including letters of credit and set aside letters) may be required to assure that development occurs according to the approved plan.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 128. Decision final unless appealed.

A. The decision of the director shall be final unless appealed to the zoning and subdivision examiner within ten calendar days from the date of issuance of decision pursuant to K.C.C. 20.24B.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 129. Limitation of permit approval.

- A. A commercial site development permit approved without a phasing plan shall be null and void if the applicant fails to file a complete building permit application(s) for all buildings within three years of the approval date, or by a date specified by the director; and fails to have all valid building permits issued within four years of the commercial site development permit approval date; or
- B. A commercial site development permit approved with a phasing plan shall be null and void if the applicant fails to meet the conditions and time schedules specified in the approved phasing plan.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 130. Modification to an approved permit.

A subsequent building permit application may contain minor modifications to an approved commercial site development plan provided a modification: does not increase the building floor area by more than 10%; does not increase the number of dwelling units; does not increase the total impervious surface area, provided that,

relocatable facilities for schools shall be exempt from this restriction; does not result in an insufficient amount of parking and/or loading; does not locate buildings outside an approved building envelope, provided that, relocatable facilities for schools shall be exempt from this restriction; does not change the number of ingress and egress points to the site; does not significantly increase the traffic impacts of peak hour trips to and from the site; does not significantly increase the quantity of imported or exported materials or increase the area of site disturbance. Modifications which exceed the conditions of approval as stated in this section and require a new review as determined by the director shall only be accomplished by applying for a new commercial site development permit for the entire site. The new application shall be reviewed according to the laws and rules in effect at the time of application.

12

15

7 8 9

2

3

4

5

6

10 11

13 14.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 131. Administrative rules. The director may promulgate administrative rules and regulations pursuant to K.C.C. 2.98, to implement the provisions and requirements of this chapter.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 132. Amendments to this ordinance as passed by the council on December 19, 1994 are set forth in Attachment B to this ordinance and are incorporated by reference herein. Due to the number and length of the ordinances required by the Growth Management Act to be passed by the end of the year to amend county development regulations and the unavailability of a reliable electronic text version of the proposed ordinance as introduced, it may not be possible to prepare an ordinance that incorporates amendments within each section prior to the charter deadline for transmitting the adopted ordinance to the executive. The clerk is hereby authorized to transmit the ordinance with amendments set forth in a attachment, or, if time allows, to incorporate the amendments within each section.

INTRODUCED AND READ for the first time this ______ day of November, 19 94. PASSED by a vote of 13 to 0 this 19 th day of

December, 1994.

KING COUNTY COUNCIL

KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Kent Puller

ATTEST:

1

2

3

4 5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23

24

25 26

27 28 29

30 31

32

41

42

Clerk of the Counci

APPROVED this 30 day of December, 1994.

King County Executive

ATTACHMENT: A. Formula for determining school impact fees.

B. Amendments adopted by Council on December 19, 1994.